

**John Mavrikakis**

**ENGLISH MULTIBOOK**  
e-learning for language students  
(*grammar, vocabulary, reading*)

**level 3 (B junior)**

**STUDENT'S**



Level 1

Pre-junior

Level 2

Junior A

Level 3

Junior B

Level 4

A class

Level 5

B class

Level 6

C class

Level 7

D class

Level 8

E class

Level 9

FCE/ECCE



Σύστημα Καθοδηγούμενης Τηλεκπαίδευσης  
για την ΕΜΠΕΔΩΣΗ, ΕΞΑΣΚΗΣΗ & ΕΠΑΝΑΛΗΨΗ της ύλης



# John Mavrikakis

## ENGLISH MULTIBOOK

e-learning for language students  
(grammar, vocabulary, reading)

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## unit 301

### What's this?

**Demonstratives this/that. It. Is.**  
**Look at. The indefinite article. A/an**  
**vocabulary – theory - examples**

english	greek
bird	πουλί
boat	βάρκα
box	κουτί
cat	γάτα
chair	καρέκλα
desk	θρανίο
dog	σκύλος
door	πόρτα
egg	αυγό
fish	ψάρι
hat	καπέλο
kite	χαρταετός
lemon	λεμόνι
octopus	χταπόδι
pencil	μολύβι
radio	ραδιόφωνο
table	τραπέζι
tree	δένδρο
umbrella	ομπρέλλα

greek	english
αυγό	
βάρκα	
γάτα	
δένδρο	
θρανίο	
καπέλο	
καρέκλα	
κουτί	
λεμόνι	
μολύβι	
ομπρέλλα	
πόρτα	
πουλί	
ραδιόφωνο	
σκύλος	
τραπέζι	
χαρταετός	
χταπόδι	
ψάρι	

#### **THIS**

Η λέξη **this** (αυτός-αυτή-αυτό) χρησιμοποιείται όταν δείχνουμε πράγματα ή πρόσωπα που βρίσκονται σχετικά κοντά μας.

**This** is a box.

Αυτό είναι ένα κουτί.

#### **THAT**

Η λέξη **that** (εκείνος-εκείνη-εκείνο) χρησιμοποιείται όταν δείχνουμε πράγματα ή πρόσωπα που βρίσκονται σχετικά μακριά μας.

**That** is a hat.

Εκείνο είναι ένα καπέλλο.

## IT

Η λέξη **it** (αυτός-αυτή-αυτό) είναι προσωπική αντωνυμία ενικού αριθμού ουδέτερου γένους.

Δεν την χρησιμοποιούμε για να δείχνουμε αλλά για να αναφερθούμε αόριστα σε κάτι.

Δεν χρειάζεται να την μεταφράζουμε αλλά δεν μπορούμε να την παραλείψουμε.

It is a pencil.

Είναι μολύβι.

## A

Η λέξη **a** (ένας-μία-ένα) είναι άρθρο (αόριστο) και μπαίνει μπροστά από ουσιαστικά ενικού αριθμού.

Δεν χρειάζεται να τη μεταφράζουμε.

This is a boat.

Αυτό είναι βάρκα.

That is a cat.

Εκείνο είναι γάτα.

It is a chair.

Είναι καρέκλα.

## IS

Η λέξη **is** (είναι) είναι το τρίτο ενικό πρόσωπο του ρήματος **to be** (είμαι).

This is a bird.

Αυτό είναι ένα πουλί.

That is a tree.

Εκείνο είναι ένα δέντρο.

It is a table.

Είναι ένα τραπέζι.

## AN

Όταν το πρώτο γράμμα της λέξης που ακολουθεί μετά το αόριστο άρθρο **a** έχει ήχο φωνήεντος, τότε αντί του **a** χρησιμοποιείται το **an**.

That is an egg.

Εκείνο είναι αυγό.

That's an octopus.

Εκείνο είναι χταπόδι.

It's an umbrella.

Είναι ομπρέλλα.

## WHAT

Η λέξη **what** (τι) χρησιμοποιείται όταν θέλουμε να ρωτήσουμε τι είναι κάτι ή κάποιος.

Τότε οι φράσεις **this is, that is, it is** αντιστρέφονται και γίνονται **is this, is that, is it**.

What is this?

Τι είναι αυτό;

What is that?

Τι είναι εκείνο;

What is it?

Τι είναι;

## LOOK AT, AND

Η λέξη **look** (κοίτα) είναι προστακτική φωνή του ρήματος **to look** (κοιτάζω) και ακολουθείται από την πρόθεση **at** (σε-προς).

Η λέξη **and** είναι ο σύνδεσμος και.

Look at this.

Κοίτα αυτό.

Look at that.

Κοίτα εκείνο.

Look at it.

Κοίτα το.

A dog and a fish.

Ενας σκύλος και ένα ψάρι.

## IS = 'S

Για τις φράσεις **a) what is, b) that is, και c) it is** υπάρχουν και οι σύντομοι τύποι που χρησιμοποιούνται περισσότερο στον προφορικό λόγο και είναι αντίστοιχα **a) what's, b) that's και c) it's**.

What's this?

Τι είναι αυτό;

What's that?

Τι είναι εκείνο;

What's it?

Τι είναι;

That's a radio.

Εκείνο είναι ένα ραδιόφωνο.

It's a lemon.

Είναι λεμόνι.

## unit 301

### What's this?

### Demonstratives this/that. It. Is. Look at. The indefinite article. A/an e-learning exercises

#### 301a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is this?



- It                     What  
 That                 Look

2. What \_\_\_\_\_ that?



- a                     it  
 an                   is

3. It is \_\_\_\_\_ cat.



- a                     what  
 an                   at

4. Look \_\_\_\_\_ this.



- what                 at  
 an                   a

5. \_\_\_\_\_ at that.



- What                 Is  
 Look                 This

6. That is a \_\_\_\_\_.



- what                 cat  
 pencil                box

7. \_\_\_\_\_ a pencil.



- This                 Is  
 It's                  It

8. \_\_\_\_\_ this?



- It's                 What's  
 What                That's

9. What's \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- an                   that  
 is                     look

10. \_\_\_\_\_ a table.



- That's               This  
 Is                     That

11. This \_\_\_\_\_ tree.



- is a                 is an  
 a                     it a

#### 301b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1.



- dog                 hat  
 desk                fish

2.



( )fish ( )hat  
( )desk ( )dog

3.



( )hat ( )desk  
( )fish ( )dog

4.



( )dog ( )fish  
( )hat ( )desk

5.



( )ice cream ( )bird  
( )egg ( )door

6.



( )ice cream ( )bird  
( )egg ( )door

7.



( )ice cream ( )egg  
( )bird ( )door

8.



( )ice cream ( )door  
( )bird ( )egg

9.



( )kite ( )lemon  
( )octopus ( )boat

10.



( )boat ( )kite  
( )lemon ( )octopus

11.



( )octopus ( )lemon  
( )kite ( )boat

12.



( )octopus ( )lemon  
( )boat ( )kite

13.



( )umbrella ( )octopus  
( )radio ( )chair

14.



( )umbrella ( )chair  
( )octopus ( )radio

15.



( )umbrella ( )chair  
( )octopus ( )radio

**301c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1.



Choice	Correct Order
t	
c	
a	

2.



Choice	Correct Order
o	
b	
x	

3.



Choice	Correct Order
t	
ee	
r	

4.



Choice	Correct Order
t	
e	
a	
b	
l	

5.



Choice	Correct Order
um	
e	
a	
r	
ll	
b	

6.



Choice	Correct Order
r	
c	
a	
h	
i	

7.



Choice	Correct Order
a	
i	
o	
r	
d	

8.



Choice	Correct Order
p	
oc	
to	
s	
u	

9.



Choice	Correct Order
a	
o	
b	
t	

10.



Choice	Correct Order
e	
k	
i	
t	

11.



Choice	Correct Order
n	
l	
m	
e	
o	

12.



Choice	Correct Order
m	
-	
ea	
cr	
i	
ce	

13.



Choice	Correct Order
g	
eg	

14.



Choice	Correct Order
d	
r	
oo	

15.



Choice	Correct Order
b	
i	
d	
r	

16.



Choice	Correct Order
e	
d	
s	
k	

17.



Choice	Correct Order
o	
d	
g	

18.



Choice	Correct Order
h	
f	
s	
i	

19.



Choice	Correct Order
h	
a	
t	

**301d. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1.

Choice	Correct Order
this	
What	
?	
's	

2.



Choice	Correct Order
's	
a	
.	
cat	
It	

3.

Choice	Correct Order
?	
What	
's	
that	

4.

Choice	Correct Order
What	
this	
?	
is	

5.



Choice	Correct Order
tree	
a	
.	
is	
It	

6.

Choice	Correct Order
What	
?	
that	
is	

7.



Choice	Correct Order
an	
.	
It	
is	
umbrella	

8.



Choice	Correct Order
an	
It	
octopus	
.	
's	

9.

Choice	Correct Order
at	
Look	
.	
this	

10.

Choice	Correct Order
.	
that	
Look	
at	

11.



Choice	Correct Order
.	
is	
This	
a	
box	

12.



Choice	Correct Order
is	
hat	
a	
.	
That	

13.



Choice	Correct Order
radio	
's	
That	
a	
.	

14.

Choice	Correct Order
Look	
.	
it	
at	

15.



Choice	Correct Order
A	
and	
a	
dog	
fish.	

### 301f. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ is this?		that
MARY: It _____ a desk.		What
JOHN: What is _____ ?		It
MARY: _____ is a pencil.		is

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What _____ it?		It
MARY: _____ is a tree.		It's
JOHN: _____ this?		is
MARY: _____ a kite.		What's

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What's _____ ?		an
MARY: It's _____ lemon.		that
JOHN: _____ it?		a
MARY: It's _____ egg.		What's

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at this. What is it?		a
MARY: It's _____ octopus.		at
JOHN: Look _____ that. What is it?		an
MARY: It's _____ door.		Look

### 301g. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
tree		τραπέζι
box		δένδρο
hat		γάτα
pencil		κουτί
table		μολύβι
cat		καπέλο

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
egg		ψάρι
fish		πουλί
desk		αυγό
dog		θρανίο
door		πόρτα
bird		σκύλος

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
kite		χταπόδι
radio		ραδιόφωνο
lemon		βάρκα
octopus		χαρταετός
boat		λεμόνι
chair		καρέκλα

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
this		τι
what		και
and		ομπρέλλα
it's		αυτός-αυτή-αυτό
that		είναι
umbrella		εκείνος-εκείνη-εκείνο

## unit 302

### What are these?

### Demonstratives these/those.

### They. Are. Regular plural -s/-es vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
ball	μπάλλα
balloon	μπαλόνι
balloons	μπαλλόνια
balls	μπάλλες
bee	μέλισσα
bees	μέλισσες
bus	λεωφορείο
buses	λεωφορεία
car	αυτοκίνητο
cars	αυτοκίνητα
chair	καρέκλα
desks	θρανία
eggs	αυγά
flag	σημαία
flags	σημαίες
foxes	αλεπούδες
hen	κόττα
hens	κότες
horse	άλογο
knife	μαχαίρι
knives	μαχαίρια
melons	πεπόνια
parrot	παπαγάλος
penguin	πιγκουίνος
penguins	πιγκουίνοι
planes	αεροπλάνα
road	δρόμος
roads	δρόμοι
spoon	πιρούνι
spoons	πηρούνια
stork	πελαργός
sword	σπαθί
swords	σπαθιά
watermelons	καρπούζια

zebra	ζέβρα
-------	-------

greek	english
αεροπλάνα	
αλεπούδες	
άλογο	
αυγά	
αυτοκίνητα	
αυτοκίνητο	
δρόμοι	
δρόμος	
ζέβρα	
θρανία	
καρέκλα	
καρπούζια	
κότες	
κόττα	
λεωφορείο	
λεωφορεία	
μαχαίρι	
μαχαίρια	
μέλισσα	
μέλισσες	
μπάλλα	
μπάλλες	
μπαλλόνια	
μπαλόνι	
παπαγάλος	
πελαργός	
πεπόνια	
πηρούνια	
πιγκουίνοι	
πιγκουίνος	
πιρούνι	
σημαία	
σημαίες	

σπαθί	
σπαθιά	

**THESE, THOSE, THEY, ARE.**

Ο πληθυντικός της λέξης **this** είναι **these** (αυτοί-αυτές-αυτά), της λέξης **that** είναι **those** (εκείνοι-εκείνες-εκείνα), της αντωνυμίας **it** είναι **they** (αυτοί-αυτές-αυτά), του ρήματος **is** είναι **are** (είναι), αλλά της ερωτηματικής αντωνυμίας **what** είναι πάλι **what**.

Ο σύντομος τύπος της φράσης **they are** είναι **they're**.

Δεν χρειάζεται να μεταφράζουμε τη λέξη **they**.

Το αόριστο άρθρο **a (an)** δεν έχει πληθυντικό.

What <b>are</b> these?	Τι είναι αυτά;
What <b>are</b> those?	Τι είναι εκείνα;
These <b>are</b> hens.	Αυτές είναι κόττες.
Those <b>are</b> penguins.	Εκείνοι είναι πιγκουίνοι.
They <b>are</b> flags.	Είναι σημαίες.

Ο πληθυντικός ενός ουσιαστικού που μπορεί να μετρηθεί σχηματίζεται με την κατάληξη **“-s”**. Όταν το ουσιαστικό τελειώνει με ήχο **(s)** στον ενικό, τότε στον πληθυντικό χρησιμοποιούμε την κατάληξη **“-es”**.

This is a book.	Αυτό είναι βιβλίο.
These are books.	Αυτά είναι βιβλία.
That is a bus.	Εκείνο είναι λεωφορείο.
Those are buses.	Εκείνα είναι λεωφορεία.
Look at that fox.	Κοίτα εκείνη την αλεπού.
Look at those foxes.	Κοίτα εκείνες τις αλεπούδες.

# unit 302

## What are these? Demonstratives these/those. They. Are. Regular plural -s/-es e-learning exercises

### 302a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. What \_\_\_\_\_ these?



- is                       they
- are                      's

2. What are \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- this                     that
- it                         those

3. \_\_\_\_\_ are penguins.



- That                     These
- What                    It

4. Those are \_\_\_\_\_ .



- buses                  bus
- a bus                  they

5. They are \_\_\_\_\_ .



- buses                  flag
- penguins             flags

6. \_\_\_\_\_ spoons.



- They                     These
- They're               Are

7. \_\_\_\_\_ are they?



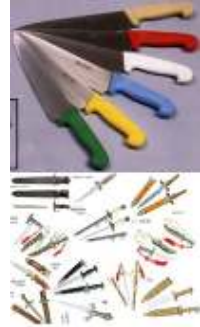
- Is                         It
- What                    Those

8. These are balloons  
\_\_\_\_\_ these are balls.



- are                      and
- what                   an

9. These are knives and  
\_\_\_\_\_ are swords.



- it                         those
- is                         what

10. Those are bees and  
those are \_\_\_\_\_ .



- balls                    swords
- planes                 a plane

11. This is \_\_\_\_\_ and those are hens.



- a egg       hen
- egg         an egg

12. \_\_\_\_\_ a road and those are cars.



- This         That's
- Is             That

13. These are melons and those \_\_\_\_\_ watermelons.



- are          what
- is            an

14. This \_\_\_\_\_ zebra and those are foxes.



- are          is a
- is            is an

15. This is a \_\_\_\_\_ and those are storks.



- penguin     zebra
- parrot      parrots

302b. KANTE ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1.



- car          cars

2.



- road         roads

3.



- egg          eggs

4.



- hen          hens

5.



- plane        planes

6.



- knife         knives

7.



- sword        swords

8.



( )balloon ( )balloons

9.



( )ball ( )balls

10.



( )spoon ( )spoons

11.



( )flag ( )flags

12.



( )bus ( )buses

13.



( )penguin ( )penguins

14.



( )bee ( )bees

15.



( )watermelon ( )watermelons

### 302c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΠΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
This is a		egg.
These are		car.
That's an		cars.

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
Those are		hen.
That's an		hens.
That is a		airplane.

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
They are		aeroplane.
It is a		bees.
That's an		bee.

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
That is a		apple.
That's an		bees.
Look at those		knife.

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
That's an		penguin.
That is a		elephants.
Look at those		elephant.

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
This		sword.
That's a		planes.
Look at those		is a road.

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
Look at		are balloons.
That's a		that ball.
Those		spoon.

8.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
Look at		are flags.
These		a bus.
It's		those penguins.

### 302d. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ are penguins.		is
MARY: Those _____ buses.		These
JOHN: This _____ an egg and these are hens.		That's
MARY: _____ a road and those are cars.		are

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ are these?		those
JOHN: These are balloons _____ these are balls.		What
MARY: What _____ those?		and
JOHN: Those are bees and _____ are planes.		are

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ at these flags. What are they?		They're
JOHN: _____ are flags.		Look
MARY: Look _____ those desks. What are those?		They
JOHN: _____ desks.		at

### 302e. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
penguins		σημαίες
spoons		άλογο
buses		πιγκουίνοι
horse		λεωφορεία
flags		κουτάλια

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
bees		μπάλλες
balloons		σπαθιά
swords		μαχαίρια
balls		μέλισσες
knives		μπαλλόνια

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
road		πεπόνια
melons		κότες
planes		αυτοκίνητα
hens		αεροπλάνα
cars		δρόμος

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
zebra		αλεπούδες
foxes		καρπούζια
stork		παπαγάλος
watermelons		πελαργός
parrot		ζέβρα

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
hen		αυτοκίνητο
bee		αυγά
eggs		δρόμοι
roads		κόττα
car		μέλισσα

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
balloon		μαχαίρι
sword		κουτάλι
knife		σπαθί
spoon		μπάλλα
ball		μπαλόνι

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
bus		θρανία
chair		σημαία
flag		πιγκουίνος
desks		λεωφορείο
penguin		καρέκλα

## unit 303

Questions. Yes, it is / /No, it isn't.  
vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
apple	μήλο
arm	μπράτσο
bed	κρεβάτι
bicycle	ποδήλατο
cake	κέικ
ear	αυτί
elephant	ελέφαντας
eye	μάτι
farm	αγρόκτημα
five	πέντε
fork	πηρούνι
four	τέσσερα
frog	βάτραχος
helicopter	ελικόπτερο
nine	εννιά
number	αριθμός
one	ένα
orange	πορτοκάλι
school	σχολείο
seven	επτά
six	έξη
two	δύο

greek	english
αγρόκτημα	
αριθμός	
αυτί	
βάτραχος	
δύο	
ελέφαντας	
ελικόπτερο	
ένα	
εννιά	
έξη	
επτά	
κέικ	
κρεβάτι	
μάτι	
μήλο	
μπράτσο	
πέντε	
πηρούνι	
ποδήλατο	
πορτοκάλι	
σχολείο	
τέσσερα	

### IS THIS? IS THAT? IS IT?

Για να κάνουμε ερώτηση με τις φράσεις **This is, That is, It is** που να έχει απάντηση ναι ή όχι, αντιστρέφουμε τις φράσεις και γίνονται **Is this...?, Is that...?, Is it...?**

Is that an elephant?	Είναι εκείνος ελέφαντας;
Is this a helicopter?	Είναι αυτό ελικόπτερο;
Is it a lorry?	Είναι φορτηγό;

### THIS IS NOT, THAT IS NOT, IT IS NOT

Για να κάνουμε άρνηση με τις φράσεις **This is, That is, It is**, χρησιμοποιούμε τη λέξη **not** αμέσως μετά το ρήμα **is**.

This is <b>not</b> an orange.	Αυτό δεν είναι πορτοκάλι.
That is <b>not</b> a ship.	Εκείνο δεν είναι καράβι.
It is <b>not</b> a car.	Δεν είναι αυτοκίνητο.

### IS NOT = ISN'T

Ο σύντομος τύπος της φράσης **is not** είναι **isn't**.

Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Άρνηση
This is	Is this?	This is not (This <b>isn't</b> )
That is (That's)	Is that?	That is not (That's not - That <b>isn't</b> )
It is (It's)	Is it?	It is not (It's not - It <b>isn't</b> )

### YES, IT IS. NO, IT ISN'T.

Όταν η απάντηση είναι ναι, χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **Yes, it is**. Όταν είναι όχι, χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **No, it isn't**. Μετά το **Yes** ή το **No** βάζουμε πάντα κόμμα ",,".

Is this an arm? - <b>Yes</b> , it is.	Είναι αυτό μπράτσο; -Ναι, είναι.
Is this a frog? - <b>No</b> , it isn't.	Είναι αυτό βάτραχος; -Όχι, δεν είναι.
Is number two a ship? - <b>Yes</b> , it is.	Είναι ο αριθμός 2 καράβι; -Ναι, είναι.

### NUMBERS 1-10.

#### Αριθμοί 1-10.

1	one
2	two
3	three
4	four
5	five
6	six
7	seven
8	eight
9	nine
10	ten

## unit 303

### Questions. Yes, it is / /No, it isn't. e-learning exercises

#### 303a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. Look \_\_\_\_\_ number one.



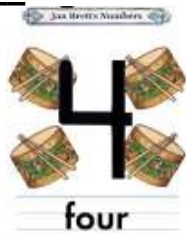
- an                     at  
 a                         is

2. What \_\_\_\_\_ number two?



- is                       this  
 are                     it

3. \_\_\_\_\_ number four?



- Is                       What's  
 It                       Those

4. A. Is number six a bicycle? B. No, it \_\_\_\_\_.



- not                     not is  
 isn't                  is

5. A. \_\_\_\_\_ an elephant?  
B. Yes, it is.



- What's               Is this  
 It's                   That is

6. A. Is that an apple?  
B. No, \_\_\_\_\_ not.



- it is                   is  
 it                       this

7. A. Is it an ear? B. No, it isn't. \_\_\_\_\_ an eye.



- This                   Is  
 It                       It's

8. Is this a cake or \_\_\_\_\_ apple?



- or a                   what  
 an                       or an

9. \_\_\_\_\_ a fork or an orange?



- Is                       Is that  
 This                   What

10. Is \_\_\_\_\_ frog or an elephant?



- it's                     it an  
 it a                     a

11. This \_\_\_\_\_ a foot. It is an arm.



- it isn't               is  
 not                     is not

12. This is \_\_\_\_\_ aeroplane. It's a helicopter.



- it                       not an  
 not a                  not

13. \_\_\_\_\_ not an ice cream. It is an orange.



- ( ) This      ( ) Is  
 ( ) That is    ( ) That

14. That is not an eye. \_\_\_\_\_ an ear.



- ( ) Is      ( ) It  
 ( ) It's    ( ) This

15. That's not a lorry. It's a \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) ship      ( ) helicopter  
 ( ) egg      ( ) parrot

16. It is not a school. It is a \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) farm      ( ) helicopter  
 ( ) bicycle    ( ) ship

17. It isn't a box. It's a \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) bicycle    ( ) bed  
 ( ) helicopter ( ) lorry

**303b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΟ ΣΩΣΤΟ ΑΡΘΡΟ.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ elephant



- ( ) a      ( ) an

2. \_\_\_\_\_ frog



- ( ) a      ( ) an

3. \_\_\_\_\_ bicycle



- ( ) a      ( ) an

4. \_\_\_\_\_ fork



- ( ) a      ( ) an

5. \_\_\_\_\_ aeroplane



- ( ) a      ( ) an

6. \_\_\_\_\_ lorry



- ( ) a      ( ) an

7. \_\_\_\_\_ helicopter



- ( ) a      ( ) an

8. \_\_\_\_\_ bed



- ( ) a      ( ) an

9. \_\_\_\_\_ ship



- ( ) a      ( ) an

10. \_\_\_\_\_ box



- ( ) a      ( ) an

11. \_\_\_\_\_ apple



( ) a ( ) an

12. \_\_\_\_\_ cake



( ) a ( ) an

13. \_\_\_\_\_ orange



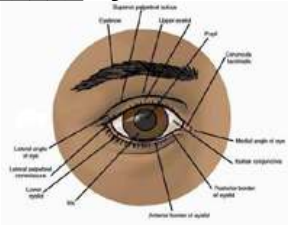
( ) a ( ) an

14. \_\_\_\_\_ ear



( ) a ( ) an

15. \_\_\_\_\_ eye



( ) a ( ) an

16. \_\_\_\_\_ arm



( ) a ( ) an

303c. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΛΕΞΗ.

1.



( ) fork ( ) elephant  
( ) bicycle ( ) frog

2.



( ) frog ( ) elephant  
( ) bicycle ( ) fork

3.



( ) elephant ( ) bicycle  
( ) frog ( ) fork

4.



( ) fork ( ) frog  
( ) elephant ( ) bicycle

5. Is this \_\_\_\_\_ aeroplane?



( ) not ( ) an  
( ) it ( ) a

6.



( ) box ( ) lorry  
( ) ship ( ) helicopter

7.



( ) box ( ) ship  
( ) lorry ( ) helicopter

8.



( ) box ( ) helicopter  
( ) lorry ( ) ship

9.



( ) helicopter ( ) lorry  
( ) box ( ) ship

10.



( ) orange ( ) cake  
( ) apple ( ) arm

11.



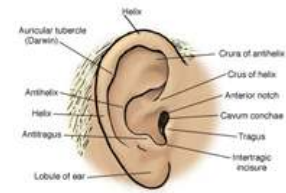
( ) arm      ( ) apple  
( ) cake      ( ) orange

13.



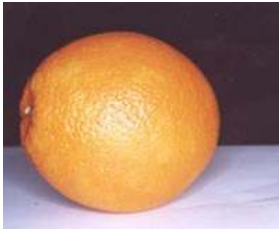
( ) orange      ( ) arm  
( ) apple      ( ) cake

14.



( ) orange      ( ) eye  
( ) apple      ( ) ear

12.



( ) arm      ( ) apple  
( ) orange      ( ) cake

15.



( ) orange      ( ) eye  
( ) apple      ( ) ear

303d. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΠΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ photo number five.		a
Is this _____ elephant or _____ frog?		at
MARY: _____ is an elephant.		It
		an

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ is number five?		No
MARY: _____ an elephant.		What
JOHN: Is _____ a frog?		It's
MARY: _____, it is not.		that

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ it an elephant?		Look
MARY: _____, it is.		Is
JOHN: _____ at photo number seven.		an
Is that _____ orange?		Yes

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: No, it is _____.		It's
JOHN: Is that _____ apple?		is
MARY: Yes, it _____.		or
JOHN: Is that an orange _____ an apple?		not
MARY: _____ an apple.		an

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ is number seven?		What's
MARY: It _____ an orange.		What
_____ an apple.		It
JOHN: _____ number seven?		isn't
MARY: _____ is an apple.		It's

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at photo number nine.		It's
_____ is it?		Is
_____ it an aeroplane or a helicopter?		What's
MARY: _____ isn't a helicopter. It's an aeroplane.		Look
JOHN: _____ number nine?		What
MARY: _____ a helicopter.		It

## 303e. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
2		four
5		one
3		two
1		three
4		five

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
10		seven
6		nine
9		eight
7		ten
8		six

3. ΚΑΤΑΦΑΣΗ ΜΕ ΕΡΩΤΗΣΗ

Choice	Correct Match	Match
it is		is that?
that is		is this?
this is		is it?

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
Is this a fork? -Yes, _____.		It's
What is it? - _____ an orange.		it isn't
Is that an apple? -No, _____.		it is

## 303f. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
one		ελέφαντας
apple		αριθμός
bicycle		ένα
number		ποδήλατο
elephant		μήλο

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
fork		δύο
two		κείκ
cake		αυτί
ear		μάτι
eye		πηρούνι

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
frog		ελικόπτερο
helicopter		πορτοκάλι
four		βάτραχος
orange		μπράτσο
arm		τέσσερα

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
school		αγρόκτημα
farm		έξη
five		κρεββάτι
six		πέντε
bed		σχολείο

## unit 304

Questions. Yes, they are / No, they aren't.

### vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
books	βιβλία
boots	μπότες
candle	κερί
candles	κεριά
cow	αγελάδα
cows	αγελάδες
ducks	πάπιες
eight	οχτώ
glass	ποτήρι
glasses	ποτήρια
goat	κατσίκα
goats	κατσίκες
kitten	γατάκι
kittens	γατάκια
knee	γόνατο
knees	γόνατα
lion	λιοντάρι
lions	λιοντάρια
mouth	στόμα
mouths	στόματα
nose	μύτη
noses	μύτες
pig	γουρούνι
pigs	γουρούνια
seal	φώκια
seals	φώκιες
shark	καρχαρίας
sharks	καρχαρίες
skirts	πουκάμισα
sock	κάλτσα
socks	κάλτσες
three	τρία

greek	english
αγελάδα	
αγελάδες	
βιβλία	
γατάκι	
γατάκια	
γόνατα	
γόνατο	
γουρούνι	
γουρούνια	
κάλτσα	
κάλτσες	
καρχαρίας	
καρχαρίες	
κατσίκα	
κατσίκες	
κερί	
κεριά	
λιοντάρι	
λιοντάρια	
μπότες	
μύτες	
μύτη	
οχτώ	
πάπιες	
ποτήρι	
ποτήρια	
πουκάμισα	
στόμα	
στόματα	
τρία	
φώκια	
φώκιες	

**ARE THESE? ARE THOSE? ARE THEY?**

Για να κάνουμε ερώτηση με τις φράσεις **these are, those are, they are**, που να έχει απάντηση ναι ή όχι, αντιστρέφουμε τις φράσεις και γίνονται **are these, are those, are they**.

<b>Are these ducks?</b>	Είναι αυτά πάπιες;
<b>Are those fingers?</b>	Είναι εκείνα δάχτυλα;
<b>Are they glasses?</b>	Είναι ποτήρια;

**ARE NOT = AREN'T**

Ο σύντομος τύπος της φράσης **are not** είναι **aren't**.

Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Αρνηση
These are	Are these?	These are not (These <b>aren't</b> )
Those are	Are those?	Those are not (Those <b>aren't</b> )
They are (They're)	Are they?	They are not (They're not - They <b>aren't</b> )

**THESE ARE NOT, THOSE ARE NOT, THEY ARE NOT.**

Για να κάνουμε άρνηση με τις φράσεις **these are, those are, they are**, χρησιμοποιούμε τη λέξη **not** αμέσως μετά το ρήμα **are**.

These are <b>not</b> goats.	Αυτές δεν είναι κατσίκες.
Those are <b>not</b> jugs.	Εκείνα δεν είναι κανάτες.
They are <b>not</b> knees.	Δεν είναι γόνατα.

**YES, THEY ARE. NO, THEY AREN'T.**

Όταν η απάντηση είναι ναι, χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **Yes, they are**.

Όταν είναι όχι, χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **No, they aren't**.

Μετά το **Yes** ή το **No** βάζουμε πάντα κόμμα **,**.

<b>Are these lions?</b> - <b>Yes</b> , they are.	Είναι αυτά λιοντάρια; -Ναι, είναι.
<b>Are those sharks?</b> - <b>Yes</b> , they are.	Είναι εκείνα καρχαρίες; -Ναι είναι.
<b>Are they pigs?</b> - <b>No</b> , they aren't.	Είναι γουρούνια; -Όχι, δεν είναι.

**NUMBERS 1-20****Αριθμοί 1-20**

1	one
2	two
3	three
4	four
5	five
6	six
7	seven
8	eight
9	nine
10	ten
11	eleven
12	twelve
13	thirteen
14	fourteen
15	fifteen
16	sixteen
17	seventeen
18	eighteen
19	nineteen
20	twenty

## unit 304

### Questions. Yes, they are / No, they aren't. e-learning exercises

#### 304a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΞΗΓΗΣΗ.

1. These \_\_\_\_\_ lions.  
They are pigs.



- )not             )are not  
 )isn't         )they are

2. These aren't jugs.  
\_\_\_\_\_ plates .



- )Are not         )They  
 )They're        )Are

3. Those are not cups .  
\_\_\_\_\_ are glasses.



- )It                 )This  
 )They             )It's

4. \_\_\_\_\_ aren't goats.  
They're cows .



- )It's               )That's  
 )It                 )Those

5. They are not boots . They  
\_\_\_\_\_ socks.



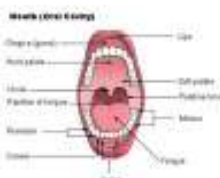
- )are               )is  
 )aren't          )isn't

6. They \_\_\_\_\_ seals .  
They're sharks .



- )not               )aren't  
 )isn't             )n't

7. \_\_\_\_\_ is a mouth  
and this is a nose.



- )Those             )It's  
 )They              )This

8. These \_\_\_\_\_ legs  
and these are knees.



- )is                 )not  
 )are               )isn't

9. These are \_\_\_\_\_  
and those are toes .



- )a finger         )fingers  
 )mouth          )noses

10. A. \_\_\_\_\_ books?  
B. Yes, they are.



- )Are               )Are these  
 )They             )These

11. A. Are these skirts?  
 B. No, \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) aren't.      ( ) isn't  
 ( ) they aren't      ( ) it isn't

12. A. Are \_\_\_\_\_ candles?  
 B. No, they are not.



( ) these      ( ) they're  
 ( ) it      ( ) that

13. A. Are those ducks?  
 B. \_\_\_\_\_, they are.



( ) Yes      ( ) Not  
 ( ) No      ( ) It's

14. A. Are those kittens?  
 B. \_\_\_\_\_, they aren't.



( ) And      ( ) Yes  
 ( ) It's      ( ) No

15. A. \_\_\_\_\_ pens?  
 B. No, they are not.



( ) Those      ( ) Is it  
 ( ) They're      ( ) Are they

**304b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.**

1. These are \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) a pig      ( ) lions  
 ( ) pigs      ( ) a lion

2. This is \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) a lion      ( ) lions  
 ( ) pigs      ( ) a pig

3. These are \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) goats      ( ) pigs  
 ( ) a goat      ( ) a pig

4. This is \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) a cow      ( ) a goat  
 ( ) goats      ( ) cows

5. These are \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) cows      ( ) a seal  
 ( ) a cow      ( ) seals

6. This is \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) sharks      ( ) a seal  
 ( ) a shark      ( ) seals

7. These are \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) sharks      ( ) a shark  
 ( ) a jug      ( ) jugs

8. This is \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) a plate      ( ) jugs  
 ( ) a jug      ( ) plates

9. These are \_\_\_\_\_ .



( ) a cup      ( ) cups  
 ( ) a glass      ( ) glasses

10. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) glasses      ( ) a cup
- ( ) cups        ( ) a glass

11. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) a glass      ( ) a boot
- ( ) boots       ( ) glasses

12. These are \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) a sock      ( ) a boot
- ( ) socks      ( ) boots

13. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) socks      ( ) a sock
- ( ) candles    ( ) a candle

14. These are \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) kittens     ( ) a candle
- ( ) a kitten    ( ) candles

15. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) kittens     ( ) a candle
- ( ) a kitten    ( ) candles

16. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) a pen        ( ) pens
- ( ) a kitten    ( ) kittens

17. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) pens        ( ) a pen
- ( ) mouths     ( ) a mouth

18. This is \_\_\_\_\_.



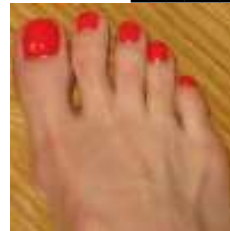
- ( ) noses      ( ) a nose
- ( ) a mouth    ( ) mouths

19. These are \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) a leg        ( ) legs
- ( ) noses      ( ) a nose

20. These are \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) a toe        ( ) toes
- ( ) a leg       ( ) legs

21. : These are \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) toes        ( ) fingers
- ( ) a finger    ( ) a toe

22. : These are \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) knees      ( ) fingers
- ( ) a knee     ( ) a finger

**304c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.**

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
11		twelve
10		one
2		eleven
1		two
12		ten

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
5		thirteen
3		fourteen
14		four
13		five
4		three

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
16		seventeen
17		fifteen
15		six
6		seven
7		sixteen

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
18		nine
9		eight
20		nineteen
8		twenty
19		eighteen

5. ΕΝΙΚΟ ΜΕ ΠΛΗΘΥΝΤΙΚΟ

Choice	Correct Match	Match
is		they
isn't		are
it		these
that		aren't
this		those

**304d. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.**

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at photo number one.		pigs
_____ are not lions.		Look
They _____ pigs.		These
Are these _____ ?		are
MARY: Yes, _____ are.		they

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ these lions?		are
MARY: _____ , they aren't.		Are
JOHN: _____ are they?		What
MARY: They _____ pigs.		No

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ photo number two.		aren't
These _____ jugs.		Yes,
_____ plates.		at
Are _____ plates?		They're
MARY: _____ , they are.		these

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are _____ jugs?		or
MARY: No, they _____ .		these
JOHN: Look at _____ number three.		aren't
Are those cups _____ glasses?		photo
MARY: Those are _____ cups.		are
They _____ glasses.		not

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at photo _____ four.		They're
Those aren't _____ .		Are
_____ cows .		goats
_____ they goats?		they
MARY: No, _____ aren't.		number

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ they cows?		aren't
MARY: _____ , they are .		They're
JOHN: _____ at number five.		Are
They _____ seals.		Yes
_____ sharks.		Look

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are they _____ ?		aren't
MARY: No, they _____ .		seals
JOHN: _____ they sharks?		Yes
MARY: _____ , they are.		What
JOHN: _____ are they?		They're
MARY: _____ sharks.		Are

8.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ photo number six.		is
This is a mouth _____ this is a nose.		a
Is _____ a mouth?		Yes
MARY: _____ , it is.		and
JOHN: Is this _____ nose?		at
MARY: Yes, it _____ .		this

9.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at _____ number seven.		they
These are _____ and these are knees.		are
_____ these legs?		photo
MARY: Yes, they _____ .		legs
JOHN: Are these _____ ?		Are
MARY: Yes, _____ are.		knees

## 304e. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
pigs		κατσίκες
cows		λιοντάρια
glasses		γουρούνια
lions		ποτήρια
goats		αγελάδες

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
mouth		κάλτσες
boots		καρχαρίες
sharks		φώκιες
socks		στόμα
seals		μπότες

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
books		κεριά
candles		γόνατα
nose		πουκάμισα
knees		μύτη
shirts		βιβλία

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
kittens		λιοντάρι
lion		πάπιες
goat		γουρούνι
ducks		κατσίκα
pig		γατάκια

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
glass		καρχαρίας
sock		αγελάδα
shark		φώκια
seal		ποτήρι
cow		κάλτσα

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
mouths		κερί
kitten		γόνατο
candle		γατάκι
knee		μύτες
noses		στόματα

## unit 305

# Colours (green, grey, brown, red, pink, yellow, black, white, orange, blue)

## vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
bear	αρκούδα
black	μαύρο
blue	μπλέ
button	κουμπί
camel	καμήλα
dress	φόρεμα
flower	λουλούδι
green	πράσινο
grey	γκρίζο
hill	λόφος
horse	άλογο
kangaroo	καγκουρώ
lipstick	κραγιόν
orange	πορτοκαλί
panther	πάνθηρας
pink	ροζ
police	αστυνομία
red	κόκκινο
shoe	παπούτσι
skirt	φούστα
starfish	αστερίας
stone	πέτρα
white	άσπρο
yellow	κίτρινο

greek	english
άλογο	
αρκούδα	
άσπρο	
αστερίας	
αστυνομία	
γκρίζο	
καγκουρώ	
καμήλα	
κίτρινο	
κόκκινο	
κουμπί	
κραγιόν	
λουλούδι	
λόφος	
μαύρο	
μπλέ	
πάνθηρας	
παπούτσι	
πέτρα	
πορτοκαλί	
πράσινο	
ροζ	
φόρεμα	
φούστα	

### WHAT COLOUR ...?

Για να ρωτήσουμε τι χρώμα είναι κάτι χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **What colour ... ?** και μια από τις φράσεις **is this, is that, is it.**

**What colour** is this?

Τι χρώμα είναι αυτό;

**What colour** is that?

Τι χρώμα είναι εκείνο;

**What colour** is it?

Τι χρώμα είναι;

**What colour** is this stone?

Τι χρώμα είναι αυτή η πέτρα;

**What colour** is that starfish?

Τι χρώμα είναι εκείνος ο αστερίας;

Τα χρώματα, όπως όλα τα επίθετα, προηγούνται του ουσιαστικού που προσδιορίζουν ή μπαίνουν στο τέλος της πρότασης μόνα τους.

This is a **yellow** skirt.

Αυτή είναι μια κίτρινη φούστα.

That panther is **pink**.

Εκείνος ο πάνθηρας είναι ροζ.

It is a **pink** panther.

Είναι ροζ πάνθηρας.

It's **red**.

Είναι κόκκινο.

Όταν το χρώμα είναι δίπλα στο ουσιαστικό που προσδιορίζει, τότε το άρθρο μπαίνει μπροστά από το χρώμα.

What's that? - It's a **green** jacket.

Τι είναι εκείνο; - Είναι ένα πράσινο σακκάκι.

That's a **grey** horse.

Εκείνο είναι ένα γκρίζο άλογο.

It's a **brown** camel.

Είναι μια καφέ καμήλα.

## unit 305

# Colours (green, grey, brown, red, pink, yellow, black, white, orange, blue)

## e-learning exercises

### 305a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ dress is yellow.



- It's                     This  
 They're                 It

2. This \_\_\_\_\_ a black shoe.



- are                     is  
 it's                     isn't

3. That lipstick \_\_\_\_\_ red.



- is                     not  
 are                     it's

4. That is a \_\_\_\_\_ police car.



- black                 red  
 white                 green

5. \_\_\_\_\_ colour is this?



- It                     What  
 Is                     They

6. What \_\_\_\_\_ is that?



- shoe                 colour  
 car                     police

7. What colour \_\_\_\_\_ this jacket?



- are                     it's  
 is                     it

8. What colour is that \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- lion                     pig  
 kangaroo             car

9. Is this flower orange \_\_\_\_\_ pink?



- it                     or  
 not                     it

10. \_\_\_\_\_ that photo grey or brown?



- What                 It  
 Is                     This

11. \_\_\_\_\_ blue or green?



- It's                     Is it  
 Is                     It is

12. It \_\_\_\_\_ green, it is red.



- is                     is not  
 not                     aren't

13. Is \_\_\_\_\_ a black stone or a white stone?



- ( ) it's            ( ) they  
( ) this            ( ) those

14. \_\_\_\_\_ a green camel or a brown camel?



- ( ) That's          ( ) Are they  
( ) Is                ( ) Is that

15. \_\_\_\_\_ a red or a white bowl?



- ( ) Are they        ( ) This  
( ) Is                ( ) Is this

16. \_\_\_\_\_ a grey or a brown horse?



- ( ) Is that          ( ) That  
( ) Is                ( ) That's

17. Is this hill \_\_\_\_\_ or brown?



- ( ) colour          ( ) green  
( ) that            ( ) car

18. Is that button blue \_\_\_\_\_ yellow?



- ( ) it                ( ) or  
( ) is                ( ) not

19. Is \_\_\_\_\_ bear white?



- ( ) those            ( ) they  
( ) what            ( ) this

20. A. Is that skirt \_\_\_\_\_?  
B. Yes, it is.



- ( ) black            ( ) green  
( ) red              ( ) yellow

21. Is this \_\_\_\_\_ orange starfish?



- ( ) a                 ( ) or  
( ) and             ( ) an

22. Is that \_ pink panther?



- ( ) an                ( ) and  
( ) a                 ( ) or

305b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1.



- ( ) flower          ( ) skirt  
( ) stone            ( ) jacket

2.



- ( ) jacket          ( ) skirt  
( ) stone            ( ) flower

3.



- ( ) skirt            ( ) stone  
( ) jacket          ( ) flower

4.



- ( ) flower          ( ) jacket  
( ) skirt            ( ) stone

5.



( ) police car ( ) button  
( ) bowl ( ) hill

6.



( ) police car ( ) button  
( ) bowl ( ) hill

7.



( ) police car ( ) bowl  
( ) button ( ) hill

8.



( ) police car ( ) hill  
( ) button ( ) bowl

9.



( ) shoe ( ) lipstick  
( ) panther ( ) dress

10.



( ) dress ( ) shoe  
( ) lipstick ( ) panther

11.



( ) panther ( ) lipstick  
( ) shoe ( ) dress

12.



( ) panther ( ) lipstick  
( ) dress ( ) shoe

13.



( ) horse ( ) camel  
( ) starfish ( ) bear

14.



( ) horse ( ) bear  
( ) camel ( ) starfish

15.



( ) horse ( ) bear  
( ) camel ( ) starfish

16.



( ) starfish ( ) bear  
( ) camel ( ) horse

17.



( ) camel ( ) kangaroo  
( ) horse ( ) bear

18.



( ) orange ( ) pink  
( ) grey ( ) brown

19.



( ) grey ( ) brown  
( ) orange ( ) pink

20.



- ( ) pink      ( ) orange  
( ) grey      ( ) brown

21.



- ( ) orange      ( ) brown  
( ) grey      ( ) pink

22.



- ( ) orange      ( ) blue  
( ) green      ( ) white

23.



- ( ) green      ( ) blue  
( ) orange      ( ) white

24.



- ( ) orange      ( ) white  
( ) blue      ( ) green

25.



- ( ) white      ( ) yellow  
( ) black      ( ) red

26.



- ( ) white      ( ) yellow  
( ) red      ( ) black

27.



- ( ) black      ( ) red  
( ) white      ( ) yellow

**305c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1.



Choice	Correct Order
yellow	
This	
dress	
is	
.	

2.



Choice	Correct Order
is	
shoe	
a	
.	
black	
This	

3.



Choice	Correct Order
red	
lipstick	
That	
.	
is	

4.



Choice	Correct Order
car	
white	
.	
a	
police	
is	
That	

5.



Choice	Correct Order
colour	
this	
?	
What	
is	

6.



Choice	Correct Order
that	
What	
colour	
kangaroo	
?	
is	

7.



Choice	Correct Order
this	
flower	
?	
Is	
orange or	
pink	

8.



Choice	Correct Order
?	
Is	
photo	
that	
grey	
or brown	

9.



Choice	Correct Order
it blue	
green	
or	
?	
Is	

10.



Choice	Correct Order
red	
isn't	
It	
it is	
green,	
.	

11.



Choice	Correct Order
one	
a	
this	
or	
a white	
black stone	
?	
Is	

12.



Choice	Correct Order
?	
green camel	
that	
a	
or	
one	
a brown	
Is	

13.



Choice	Correct Order
grey	
horse	
or	
that a	
a brown one	
is	
?	

15.



Choice	Correct Order
yellow	
button	
blue or	
?	
that	
is	

17.



Choice	Correct Order
starfish	
?	
this	
orange	
an	
is	

14.



Choice	Correct Order
green	
this	
is	
brown?	
or	
hill	

16.



Choice	Correct Order
white	
bear	
this	
?	
is	

18.



Choice	Correct Order
?	
pink	
panther	
a	
is	
that	

305d. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at this yellow dress.		This
_____ colour is this dress?		Look
MARY: _____ dress is yellow.		What

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is this dress yellow _____ red?		isn't
MARY: It _____ red. It is yellow.		yellow
JOHN: What _____ is it?		colour
MARY: It's _____ .		or

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at _____ green hill.		hill
What colour is that _____ ?		green
MARY: That hill is _____ .		a green
It is _____ hill.		that

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is that a green hill _____ brown hill?		is green
MARY: It _____ brown hill, it is a green hill.		or a
JOHN: What colour _____ ?		isn't a
MARY: It _____ .		is it

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at _____ orange button.		or
What colour is _____ ?		this
Is it orange _____ pink?		it
MARY: It isn't pink, _____ orange.		it's

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ is it?		It's
MARY: _____ orange.		What colour
JOHN: _____ it?		It's an
MARY: _____ orange button.		What is

## 305e. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
shoe		φούστα
button		φόρεμα
lipstick		παπούτσι
dress		κραγιόν
skirt		κουμπί

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
orange		μαύρο
yellow		άσπρο
white		κόκκινο
black		πορτοκαλί
red		κίτρινο

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
stone		αρκούδα
bear		αστυνομία
police		λουλούδι
flower		λόφος
hill		πέτρα

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
grey		μπλέ
blue		ροζ
orange		πράσινο
pink		πορτοκαλί
green		γκρίζο

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
camel		καγκουρώ
horse		αστερίας
kangaroo		πάνθηρας
panther		καμήλα
starfish		άλογο

## unit 306

### Colours with plural nouns. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
and	και
bags	τσάντες
black	μαύρο
blue	μπλε
brown	καφέ
coats	παλτά
figs	σύκα
grape	σταφύλι
grapes	σταφύλια
green	πράσινο
grey	γκρίζο
house	σπίτι
houses	σπίτια
letter	γράμμα
letters	γράμματα
orange	πορτοκαλί
packets	πακέτα
pink	ροζ
red	κόκκινο
roses	τριαντάφυλλα
sky	ουρανός
stamp	γραμματόσημο
stamps	γραμματόσημα
suitcases	βαλίτσες
taxi	ταξί
ticket	εισιτήριο
tickets	εισιτήρια
tiger	τίγρης
train	τραίνο
trains	τραίνα
what	τι
white	άσπρο
window	παράθυρο
windows	παράθυρα
yellow	κίτρινο

greek	english
άσπρο	
βαλίτσες	
γκρίζο	
γράμμα	
γράμματα	
γραμματόσημα	
γραμματόσημο	
εισιτήρια	
εισιτήριο	
και	
καφέ	
κίτρινο	
κόκκινο	
μαύρο	
μπλε	
ουρανός	
πακέτα	
παλτά	
παράθυρα	
παράθυρο	
πορτοκαλί	
πράσινο	
ροζ	
σπίτι	
σπίτια	
σταφύλι	
σταφύλια	
σύκα	
ταξί	
τι	
τίγρης	
τραίνα	
τραίνο	
τριαντάφυλλα	
τσάντες	

Για να ρωτήσουμε τι χρώμα είναι κάποια πράγματα χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **What colour...?** και μια από τις φράσεις **are these, are those, are they.**

What **colour are** these?

Τι χρώμα είναι αυτά;

What **colour are** those?

Τι χρώμα είναι εκείνα;

What **colour are** they?

Τι χρώμα είναι;

What **colour are** these figs?

Τι χρώμα είναι αυτά τα σύκα;

What **colour are** those tigers?

Τι χρώμα είναι εκείνες οι τίγρεις;

Και στον πληθυντικό αριθμό, τα χρώματα προηγούνται του ουσιαστικού που προσδιορίζουν ή μπαίνουν στο τέλος της πρότασης μόνα τους.

**Δεν παίρνουν καμιά κατάληξη στον πληθυντικό.**

These are **yellow** vans.

Αυτά είναι κίτρινα φορτηγάκια.

Those roses are **pink**.

Εκείνα τα τριαντάφυλλα είναι ροζ.

They are **brown** puppies.

Είναι καφέ σκυλάκια.

They are **red**.

Είναι κόκκινα.

Η λέξη **the** (ο-η-το-οι-τα) είναι το οριστικό άρθρο.

Είναι ίδιο σε όλα τα γένη (αρσενικό-θηλυκό-ουδέτερο) και στον ενικό και στον πληθυντικό.

**The** sky is blue.

Ο ουρανός είναι μπλε.

Look at **the** red aeroplanes.

Κοίτα τα κόκκινα αεροπλάνα.

**The** camel is not pink.

Η καμήλα δεν είναι ροζ.

## unit 306

# Colours with plural nouns. e-learning exercises

### 306a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. Look \_\_\_\_\_ these blue tickets.



- and             at  
 or              an

2. Look at \_\_\_\_\_ red trains.



- those         it  
 they          they're

3. What colour \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- it's             are  
 are they     they

4. These \_\_\_\_\_ are blue.



- tickets       cars  
 trains       windows

5. Those houses \_\_\_\_\_ white.



- is               are  
 it's             they're

6. \_\_\_\_\_ are green.



- And             It  
 What          They

7. \_\_\_\_\_ yellow.



- They           Are  
 They're       It

8. These are red \_\_\_\_\_.



- bags           cars  
 car             bag.

9. \_\_\_\_\_ are black coats.



- That             It  
 It's              Those

10. These bikes \_\_\_\_\_ grey. They are black.



- they not.     not  
 isn't          aren't

11. These grapes aren't white. \_\_\_\_\_ red.



- They             They're  
 Are              It's

12. Those stamps are not yellow. \_\_\_\_\_ are orange.



- It's              Colour  
 It                 They

13. \_\_\_\_\_ letters aren't blue. They're black.



- They       It
- Those      This

14. The \_\_\_\_\_ aren't brown. They're yellow.



- bags       roses
- cars       taxis

15. A. Are these sweets brown? B. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.



- they are     aren't
- it is         are

16. A. \_\_\_\_\_ those packets blue? B. No, they aren't.



- Is             It
- Are          Not

17. Are these suitcases red \_\_\_\_\_ green?



- colour      it
- is           or

18. That taxi is yellow and those vans \_\_\_\_\_ blue.



- colour      are
- not         is.

19. These figs \_\_\_\_\_ green.



- are             it's
- they're.       colour

20. That tiger \_\_\_\_\_ black and yellow.



- they          is
- are           it's

21. This is \_\_\_\_\_ white puppy and that's a brown pony.



- colour      a
- and         an

**306b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.**

1.



- black suitcases       a black suitcase
- a yellow packet      yellow packets

2.



- black suitcases       a yellow packet
- yellow packets       a black suitcase

3.



- )a yellow packet
- )brown sweets
- )yellow packets
- )a brown sweet

4.



- )brown sweets
- )red letters
- )a brown sweet
- )a red letter

5.



- )a blue stamp
- )blue stamps
- )red letters
- )a red letter

6.



- )a stamp
- )stamps
- )grapes
- )a grape

7.



- )a grape
- )grapes
- )a bike
- )bikes

8.



- )raincoats
- )a raincoat
- )a bike
- )bikes

9.



- )raincoats
- )handbags
- )a raincoat
- )a handbag

10.



- )handbags
- )houses
- )a handbag
- )a house

11.



- )houses
- )windows
- )a window
- )a house

12.



- )a train
- )a window
- )trains
- )windows

13.



- )a ticket
- )a train
- )tickets
- )trains

### 306c ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.

1.

Choice	Correct Order
tickets	
Look	
these	
.	
at	
blue	

2.

Choice	Correct Order
Look	
.	
trains	
at	
those	
red	

3.

Choice	Correct Order
are	
they	
?	
colour	
What	

4.

Choice	Correct Order
.	
These windows are blue	

5.

Choice	Correct Order
are Those houses white .	

6.

Choice	Correct Order
green are . They	

7.

Choice	Correct Order
. They're yellow	

8.

Choice	Correct Order
are These bags. orange	

9.

Choice	Correct Order
black coats. are Those	

10.

Choice	Correct Order
they are These not grey, black. bikes are	

11.

Choice	Correct Order
aren't white, they're grapes red. These	

12.

Choice	Correct Order
are they stamps orange. Those yellow, are not	

13.

Choice	Correct Order
they're black. blue, letters Those aren't	

14.

Choice	Correct Order
yellow They . brown, they're aren't	

15.

Choice	Correct Order
sweets brown? Are these	

16.

Choice	Correct Order
they are . , Yes	

17.

Choice	Correct Order
blue? Are those packets	

18.

Choice	Correct Order
they aren't , . No	

19.

Choice	Correct Order
suitcases red these Are green? or	

### 306d. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΠΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at these red trains.		Are
JOHN: _____ colour are these trains?		Look
JOHN: _____ these trains blue or red?		They
MARY: _____ trains are not blue.		What
MARY: _____ are red.		These

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are _____ blue?		red
MARY: No, they _____.		or blue
JOHN: Are they _____?		they
MARY: Yes, they _____.		not blue
JOHN: Are these red trains _____ trains?		aren't
MARY: They are _____ trains, they are red trains.		are

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What _____ are they?		at those
MARY: _____ are red.		Those
JOHN: Look _____ white houses.		are those
JOHN: What colour _____ houses?		colour
JOHN: Are those houses black _____?		are white
MARY: _____ houses aren't black.		They
MARY: Those houses _____.		or white

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are those _____ houses or brown houses?		Are
MARY: They are not brown houses, they _____ white houses.		white
JOHN: _____ they brown?		aren't
MARY: No, they _____.		are

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ white?		They
MARY: Yes, _____.		they
JOHN: What colour _____?		they are
MARY: _____ are white.		those
JOHN: Look at _____ yellow suitcases.		are they
JOHN: What colour are _____?		They're
MARY: _____ yellow.		Are they

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are they _____ yellow?		pink
MARY: They aren't pink. They're _____.		aren't
JOHN: Are they _____?		pink or
MARY: No, they _____.		are
JOHN: _____ they yellow?		yellow
MARY: Yes, they _____.		Are

## unit 307

### Personal pronouns (he, she, it) Is, isn't. Proper names. Who, what. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
and	και
boy	αγόρι
clown	κλόουν
dancer	χορευτής
doctor	γιατρός
girl	κορίτσι
he	αυτός
hill	λόφος
no	όχι
pirate	πειρατής
she	αυτή
singer	τραγουδιστής
teacher	δάσκαλος
woman	γυναίκα
yes	ναι

greek	english
αγόρι	
αυτή	
αυτός	
γιατρός	
γυναίκα	
δάσκαλος	
και	
κλόουν	
κορίτσι	
λόφος	
ναι	
όχι	
πειρατής	
τραγουδιστής	
χορευτής	

**Μπροστά στα κύρια ονόματα δεν βάζουμε άρθρο.**

\_ Tom is a boy.

Ο Τομ είναι αγόρι.

\_ Mary is a girl.

Η Μαίρη είναι κορίτσι.

\_ Miss Martin is a doctor.

Η δεσποινίς Μάρτιν είναι γιατρός.

#### **WHO**

Όταν ρωτάμε για ανθρώπους και θέλουμε να μάθουμε τα ονόματά τους ή ποιοι είναι, τότε χρησιμοποιούμε την ερωτηματική αντωνυμία **who**.

Ο σύντομος τύπος της φράσης **who is** είναι **who's**.

Η αντωνυμία **it** (ουδέτερο) χρησιμοποιείται και για ανθρώπους όταν εξακριβώνουμε περί τίνος πρόκειται.

**Who** is this man? -**It** is John.

Ποιός είναι αυτός ο άνδρας; -Είναι ο Τζων.

**Who** is she? -She is Helen.

Ποιά είναι αυτή; Είναι η Ελένη.

## WHAT

Όταν ρωτάμε για ανθρώπους και θέλουμε να μάθουμε το επάγγελμα τους, χρησιμοποιούμε την ερωτηματική αντωνυμία **what**.

**What** is John? -He is a doctor.

Τι είναι ο Τζων; -Είναι γιατρός.

**What** is Susan? -She is a dancer.

Τι είναι η Σούζαν; -Είναι χορεύτρια.

## HE, SHE, IT

Στο γ' ενικό πρόσωπο έχουμε χρησιμοποιήσει την προσωπική αντωνυμία **it** (ουδέτερου γένους) για πράγματα, ζώα και αφηρημένες έννοιες.

Για ανθρώπους θα χρησιμοποιούμε την **he** (αρσενικού γένους) και **she** (θηλυκού γένους).

**He** is a schoolboy.

Αυτός είναι μαθητής.

**She** is a schoolgirl.

Αυτή είναι μαθήτρια.

**It** is a dog.

Είναι σκύλος.

## Το ρήμα **to be** (είμαι) στο γ' ενικό πρόσωπο.

Κατάφαση

Ερώτηση

Αρνηση

He is (He's)

Is he?

He is not (He's not - He isn't)

She is (She's)

Is she?

She is not (She's not - She isn't)

It is (It's)

Is it?

It is not (It's not - It isn't)

Όταν απαντάμε με ναι ή όχι χρησιμοποιούμε - ανάλογα με το γένος - τις φράσεις **Yes, he is / Yes, she is / Yes, it is / No, he isn't / No, she isn't / No, it isn't**.

Is Philip a dancer? -**No**, he isn't.

Είναι ο Φίλιππος χορευτής; -Όχι, δεν είναι.

Is Caroline a singer? -**Yes**, she is.

Είναι η Καρολίνα τραγουδίστρια; -Ναι, είναι.

Is the elephant grey? -**Yes**, it is.

Είναι ο ελέφαντας γκριζός; -Ναι, είναι.

**Οι λέξεις Mr (κύριος), Mrs (κυρία), Miss (δασποινίς) συνοδεύονται από κύριο όνομα, συνήθως επώνυμο.**

He is **Mr** Brooks.

Είναι ο κύριος Μπρουκς.

She is **Miss** Cambell.

Είναι η Δασποινίς Κάμπελ.

Look at **Mrs** Jones.

Κοιτάξτε την Κυρία Τζόουνς.

## unit 307

# Personal pronouns (he, she, it) Is, isn't. Proper names. Who, what. e-learning exercises

### 307a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. Tony is not a girl,  
\_\_\_\_\_ is a boy.



- and  he  
 it's  she

2. Helen is not \_\_\_\_\_,  
she is a girl.



- boy  an boy  
 boys  a boy

3. A. Is Nick a boy?  
B. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ is.



- he  they  
 she  this

4. A. \_\_\_\_\_ a clown?  
B. No, he isn't.



- Paul is  Paul  
 Is Paul  Is

5. A. Is John a cowboy?  
B. \_\_\_\_\_, he is not.



- What.  Not  
 Yes  No

6. A. Is Mr Hill a student?  
B. No, he \_\_\_\_\_.



- aren't.  isn't  
 is  not

7. A. Is Tina a girl?  
B. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ is.



- she  that  
 he  they

8. A. \_\_\_\_\_ a boy?  
B. No, she is not.



- She is  Is he  
 Is she  She's

9. A. \_\_\_\_\_ she a man?  
B. No, she's not.



- It's  Are  
 It  Is

10. A. Is \_\_\_\_\_ doctor?  
B. No, she isn't.



- a  she a  
 she  it's a

11. What is Billy? What  
\_\_\_\_\_?



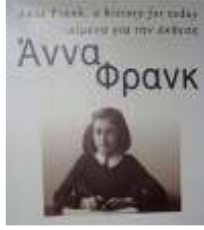
- he is  is  
 he  is he

12. What is Angela?  
she?



- What       It's
- What is    Is

17. Is Anna a boy  
a girl?



- or       who
- what    and

21. \_\_\_\_\_ not a  
singer, he's a film star.



- She's       He
- Is       He's

13. A. \_\_\_\_\_ he? B. He is  
Harry.



- Who is       Is
- What       Who

18. Mr Brown \_\_\_\_\_ man  
and Mrs Hill is a woman.



- he       is a
- a       is

22. She \_\_\_\_\_  
teacher, she is a dancer.



- not a       it's not
- is not a    is a not

14. A. Who is \_\_\_\_\_?  
B. She is Carol.



- what       she
- those       he

19. He is not a doctor,  
\_\_\_\_\_ a pirate.



- is he       he
- is       he is

23. She isn't a woman,  
\_\_\_\_\_ a girl.



- she's       is
- she       he's

15. A. \_\_\_\_\_ he?  
B. He's Martin.



- What       Who
- It's       Who's

16. A. Who's she?  
B. \_\_\_\_\_ Susan.



- She       Is
- She's       It

20. He \_\_\_\_\_ a  
teacher, he is a student.



- it's       not
- isn't       aren't

24. She's \_\_\_\_\_  
student, she's a teacher.



- no a       isn't a
- not       not a

**307b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.**

1. :



- ( )pirate ( )cowboy  
( )dancer ( )doctor

2. :



- ( )cowboy ( )pirate  
( )doctor ( )dancer

3. :



- ( )dancer ( )doctor  
( )cowboy ( )pirate

4. :



- ( )dancer ( )cowboy  
( )pirate ( )doctor

5. :



- ( )film star ( )cowboy  
( )doctor ( )boy

6. :



- ( )film star ( )cowboy  
( )girl ( )boy

7. :



- ( )cowboy ( )girl  
( )film star ( )boy

8. :



- ( )cowboy ( )pirate  
( )clown ( )doctor

9. :



- ( )clown ( )man  
( )singer ( )boy

10. :



- ( )student ( )cowboy  
( )doctor ( )clown

11. :



- ( )clown ( )teacher  
( )cowboy ( )pirate

12. :



- ( )boy ( )cowboy  
( )woman ( )pirate

13. :



- ( )woman ( )boy  
( )girl ( )man

**307c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
he is	
Tony	
a girl	
is not	
a boy.	
,	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
is not	
a girl.	
is	
a boy,	
she	
Helen	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
boy	
a	
Nick	
Is	
?	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
he	
.	
Yes	
,	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
clown	
Is	
?	
a	
Paul	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
he	
isn't	
,	
No	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
John	
cowboy	
?	
a	
Is	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
he	
not	
is	
.	
,	
No	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
student	
Is	
?	
Hill	
Mr	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
No	
.	
isn't	
he	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
girl	
?	
Tina	
Is	
a	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
Yes	
is	
,	
she	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
boy	
a	
?	
she	
Is	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
No	
.	
not	
is	
she	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
Is	
man	
she	
?	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
not	
No	
,	
she's	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
doctor	
Is	
?	
she	
a	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
she	
,	
No	
isn't	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
Bill	
is	
What	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
What	
is	
he	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
Angela	
?	
What	
is	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
she	
is	
What	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
he	
Who	
?	
is	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
He	
.	
Harry	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
she	
Who	
is	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
Carol	
is	
She	

27. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
.	
He	
Martin	

28. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
she	
?	
Who	

29. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
She	
.'s	
Susan	

30. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
girl?	
Anna	
a boy	
Is	
or	

31. :

Choice	Correct Order
is a	
is	
woman.	
and Mrs Hill	
Mr Brown	
a man	

32. :

Choice	Correct Order
he is	
not	
is	
a pirate.	
a doctor,	
He	

33. :

Choice	Correct Order
he's	
film star.	
He's	
singer,	
not a	
a	

34. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
a student.	
He	
a teacher,	
not	
he is	

35. :

Choice	Correct Order
is a	
She	
dancer.	
a teacher,	
she	
is not	

36. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
She	
girl.	
isn't	
she's	
a woman,	

37. :

Choice	Correct Order
teacher.	
a student,	
a	
she's	
not	
She's	

### 307d. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at this boy.		Who
JOHN: _____ is this boy?		What
MARY: _____ is Jim.		Look
JOHN: _____ is he?		He's
MARY: _____ a boy.		This

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ Jim a clown?		Is he
MARY: No, _____ not.		he a
JOHN: _____ a pirate?		he is
MARY: No, _____.		Is
JOHN: Is _____ boy or a girl?		he's a
MARY: He isn't a girl, _____ boy.		he isn't

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at that girl.		She's
JOHN: _____ is that girl?		What
MARY: _____ is Helen.		Who
JOHN: _____ is she?		Look
MARY: _____ a girl.		That

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is _____ a film star?		she isn't
MARY: No, _____ not.		she a
JOHN: _____ a singer?		she is
MARY: No, _____.		she's a
JOHN: Is _____ woman or a girl?		Helen
MARY: She isn't a woman, _____ girl.		Is she

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: This is Mr Green and _____ Mrs Green.		isn't a
JOHN: Mr Green is a man and Mrs Green _____ woman.		that's
JOHN: Is Mr Green a man _____ woman?		or a
MARY: He _____ woman, he's a man.		she's a
JOHN: Is Mrs Green a woman or _____ man?		is a
MARY: She isn't a man, _____ woman.		a

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ at Jim.		He
JOHN: _____ is he?		What
MARY: _____ Jim.		Look
JOHN: _____ is he?		He's
MARY: _____ is a boy.		Who

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at _____.		is Helen
JOHN: Who is _____?		is she
MARY: She _____.		girl
JOHN: What _____?		Helen
MARY: She's a _____.		she

## unit 308

### Personal pronouns (I, you) Am, am not. Are, aren't. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
and	και
baker	φούρναρης
boy	αγόρι
dancer	χορευτής
diver	δύτης
footballer	ποδοσφαιριστής
giant	γίγαντας
girl	κορίτσι
nurse	νοσοκόμα
pirate	πειρατής
policeman	αστυνομικός
policewoman	αστυνομική
postman	ταχυδρόμος
skier	σκιέρ
who	ποιός
woman	γυναίκα
You	εσύ

greek	english
αγόρι	
αστυνομική	
αστυνομικός	
γίγαντας	
γυναίκα	
δύτης	
εσύ	
και	
κορίτσι	
νοσοκόμα	
πειρατής	
ποδοσφαιριστής	
ποιός	
σκιέρ	
ταχυδρόμος	
φούρναρης	
χορευτής	

Στο α' ενικό πρόσωπο χρησιμοποιούμε την προσωπική αντωνυμία **I** (εγώ) - πάντα με κεφαλαίο **I** - και στο β' ενικό πρόσωπο την **you** (εσύ).

Οι αντίστοιχοι τύποι του ρήματος **to be** είναι **am** (είμαι) και **are** (είσαι).

**I am not a girl. I am a boy.**

Δεν είμαι κορίτσι. Είμαι αγόρι.

**You are not a girl. You are a boy.**

Δεν είσαι κορίτσι. Είσαι αγόρι.

**Who are you? -I am not Anna. I am Helen.**

Ποιά είσαι; -Δεν είμαι η Άννα. Είμαι η Ελένη.

**What am I? -You are a doctor.**

Τι είμαι; -Είσαι γιατρός.

**Are you a doctor? -No, I am not.**

Είσαι γιατρός; -Όχι, δεν είμαι.

**Το ρήμα to be (είμαι) στο α' και β' ενικό πρόσωπο.**

Κατάφαση

Ερώτηση

Αρνηση

I am (I'm)

Am I?

I am not (I'm not)

You are (You're)

Are you?

You are not (You're not - You aren't)

Η λέξη **hello** (γεια, γειά σας) χρησιμοποιείται όταν χαιρετάμε κάποιον ή όταν κάνουμε συστάσεις.

**Hello!** I'm John.

Γειά σας! Είμαι ο Τζων.

**Hello,** Jim. How are you?

Γειά σου, Τζιμ. Πως είσαι;

Οι λέξεις **me** (εμένα), **you** (εσένα), **him** (αυτόν), **her** (αυτήν), **it** (αυτό), **us** (εμάς), **you** (εσάς), **them** (αυτούς) είναι προσωπικές αντωνυμίες στην αιτιατική πτώση.

Look at **him**. He is Jim.

Κοίτα αυτόν. Είναι ο Τζιμ.

Look at **her**. She is Ann.

Κοίτα αυτήν. Είναι η Ανν.

Look at **me** and Nick.

Κοίτα εμένα και τον Νίκο.

Look at **us**.

Κοίτα εμάς.

**unit 308**

**Personal pronouns (I, you)**

**Am, am not. Are, aren't.**

**e-learning exercises**

**308a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.**

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ John.



- is                     are
- am                     isn't

2. \_\_\_\_\_ am a schoolboy.



- I                       You
- He                     She

3. I am \_\_\_\_\_.



- Nick                   Helen
- John                   Jim

4. \_\_\_\_\_ a nurse.



- She                     Am
- I                         I'm

5. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ Harrison.



- the                     he
- Mr                     Mrs

9. \_\_\_\_\_ Mrs Harrison.



- Aren't                 Isn't
- I'm not               I not

6. I \_\_\_\_\_ a policewoman.



- am not                 isn't
- am                     are not

10. You \_\_\_\_\_ Mrs Harrison.



- aren't                 am
- isn't                   am not

7. I'm a \_\_\_\_\_.



- schoolboy             policeman
- baker                  nurse

11. \_\_\_\_\_ are not a girl, Peter.



- I                         You
- She                     He

8. \_\_\_\_\_ not a footballer.



- Am                     Are
- I                         I'm

12. You \_\_\_\_\_ diver.



- am a                   are
- a                         are a

13. \_\_\_\_\_ Terry.



( ) You ( ) Are  
( ) You're ( ) I

18. \_\_\_\_\_ a giant?



( ) Are you ( ) I am  
( ) He is ( ) You

23. Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ Oliver.



( ) is ( ) am  
( ) are ( ) it's

14. You \_\_\_\_\_ a postman.



( ) are ( ) isn't  
( ) 'm ( ) 's

19. No, I \_\_\_\_\_ a baker.



( ) aren't ( ) am not  
( ) isn't ( ) not

24. Who \_\_\_\_\_ you?



( ) are ( ) it's  
( ) is ( ) am

15. You're \_\_\_\_\_ skier.



( ) not ( ) a  
( ) or ( ) and

20. Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ a schoolgirl.



( ) isn't ( ) is  
( ) are ( ) am

25. I'm Philip and \_\_\_\_\_ is Mark.



( ) I ( ) you  
( ) this ( ) he's

16. What \_\_\_\_\_, David?



( ) you are ( ) he is  
( ) I am ( ) are you

21. \_\_\_\_\_ you David?



( ) Is ( ) Am  
( ) Are ( ) What

26. \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher?



( ) You're ( ) I am  
( ) Are ( ) Am I

17. What \_\_\_\_\_, David?



( ) I am ( ) you are  
( ) am I ( ) he is

22. No, I \_\_\_\_\_ Sam,  
I am Simon.



( ) am not ( ) isn't  
( ) aren't ( ) not

27. No, you \_\_\_\_\_.



( ) not ( ) aren't  
( ) isn't ( ) am not

28. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ am.



- I                       she  
 you                     he

29. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.



- he                       she  
 you                     I

31. No, you \_\_\_\_\_.



- is                       are not  
 is not                 am not

30. No, I \_\_\_\_\_.



- is not                 are not  
 not                     am not

**308b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
John	
.	
I	
am	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
.	
boy	
I	
am	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
woman	
.	
I	
'm	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
Mr	
Harrison	
'm	
I	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
boy	
I	
a	
.	
am	
not	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
Mrs	
.	
'm	
Harrison	
I	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
girl,	
not	
a	
are	
Peter.	
You	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
a	
boy	
.	
You	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
You	
pirate	
a	
are	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
dancer	
You	
.	
're	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
Terry	
are	
What	
?	
you	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
Terry	
I	
,	
What	
?	
am	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
a	
friend	
?	
Are	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
a	
am	
I	
No	
not	
,	
man	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
,	
a	
I	
am	
Yes	
schoolgirl	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
David	
?	
you	
Are	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
I	
No,	
Sam,	
I am	
Simon.	
am not	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
you	
are	
Who	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
and	
Mark.	
is	
Philip	
I'm	
this	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
teacher	
a	
?	
Am	
I	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
aren't	
.	
,	
No	
you	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
I	
,	
Yes	
am	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
Yes	
,	
you	
are	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
am	
not	
,	
I	
No	
.	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
not	
,	
No	
are	
you	

### 308c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Hello! I _____ John.		you
JOHN: I _____ boy.		I
MARY: Who _____ you?		I'm
JOHN: _____ am John.		are
MARY: What are _____, John?		am a
JOHN: _____ a boy.		am

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Are you a _____, John?		I'm
JOHN: Yes, I _____.		girl
MARY: Are you a _____, John?		I
JOHN: No, I _____.		am not
MARY: Hello! _____ am Mary.		boy
MARY: _____ a girl.		am

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Who _____ you?		me
MARY: _____ am Mary .		am
JOHN: What are _____, Mary?		I'm
MARY: _____ a girl.		are
JOHN: Look at _____, Mary.		I
JOHN: I _____ John.		you

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Who _____, Mary?		You're
MARY: _____ are John.		Am I
JOHN: What am _____, Mary?		am I
MARY: _____ a boy.		You
JOHN: _____ a girl or a boy?		you're
MARY: You're not a girl, _____ a boy.		I

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ a girl?		you are
MARY: No, _____.		Are you
JOHN: Am _____ a boy?		Am I
MARY: Yes, _____.		I'm
JOHN: What _____, Mary?		I
JOHN: _____ a dancer or a schoolgirl?		are you
MARY: I'm not a dancer, _____ a schoolgirl.		you aren't

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ David?		Am I
JOHN: No, _____ not David, __ John.		you are
MARY: _____ Tina?		You are
JOHN: No, _____ not Tina.		Are you
JOHN: _____ Mary.		I am

## unit 309

### Personal pronouns (we, you, they) vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
boys	αγόρια
brother	αδερφός
brothers	αδερφοί
businessman	επιχειρηματίας
businessmen	επιχειρηματίες
florists	ανθοπώλες
girls	κορίτσια
greengrocers	μανάβηδες
grocers	μπακάληδες
housewife	νοικοκυρά
housewives	νοικοκυρές
men	άνδρες
nurse	νοσοκόμα
nurses	νοσοκόμες
painters	ζωγράφοι
pilots	πιλότοι
player	παίχτης
players	παίχτες
policemen	αστυνομοι
singers	τραγουδιστές
sister	αδερφή
sisters	αδερφές
teachers	δάσκαλοι
we	εμείς
women	γυναίκες

greek	english
αγόρια	
αδερφές	
αδερφή	
αδερφοί	
αδερφός	
άνδρες	
ανθοπώλες	
αστυνομοι	
γυναίκες	
δάσκαλοι	
εμείς	
επιχειρηματίας	
επιχειρηματίες	
ζωγράφοι	
κορίτσια	
μανάβηδες	
μπακάληδες	
νοικοκυρά	
νοικοκυρές	
νοσοκόμα	
νοσοκόμες	
παίχτες	
παίχτης	
πιλότοι	
τραγουδιστές	

Στο α' πληθυντικό πρόσωπο χρησιμοποιούμε την προσωπική αντωνυμία **we** (εμείς). Είναι ο πληθυντικός της **I**.

Στο β' πληθυντικό πρόσωπο χρησιμοποιούμε την προσωπική αντωνυμία **you** (εσείς). Είναι ίδια με την αντωνυμία του β' ενικού **you** (εσύ).

Στο γ' πληθυντικό πρόσωπο χρησιμοποιούμε την προσωπική αντωνυμία **they** (αυτοί-αυτές-αυτά). Είναι ο πληθυντικός της **he** (αυτός), της **she** (αυτή) και της **it** (αυτό).

Ο αντίστοιχος τύπος του ρήματος **to be** (είμαι) και για τα τρία πρόσωπα του πληθυντικού είναι **are** (είμαστε, είσαστε, είναι).

<b>We are not girls.</b>	Δεν είμαστε κορίτσια.
<b>We are boys.</b>	Είμαστε αγόρια.

<b>You are not girls.</b>	Δεν είσαστε κορίτσια.
<b>You are boys.</b>	Είσαστε αγόρια.

<b>Who are you?</b>	Ποιες είσαστε; -
<b>-We are Helen and Anna.</b>	Είμαστε η Ελένη και η Άννα.

<b>What are they?</b>	Τι είναι αυτοί; -Είναι
<b>-They're doctors.</b>	γιατροί.

<b>Are you doctors? -No, we aren't.</b>	Είσατε γιατροί; -Όχι, δεν είμαστε.
---	------------------------------------

<b>Are we nurses? -Yes, you are.</b>	Είμαστε νοσοκόμες; - Ναι, είσαστε.
--------------------------------------	------------------------------------

Μερικά ουσιαστικά δεν σχηματίζουν τον πληθυντικό τους με την κατάληξη **-s**.

a man	ένας άνδρας
-------	-------------

two men	δύο άνδρες
---------	------------

a woman	μία γυναίκα
---------	-------------

two women	δύο γυναίκες
-----------	--------------

a policeman	ένας αστυνομικός
-------------	------------------

two policemen	δύο αστυνομικοί
---------------	-----------------

a policewoman	μία αστυνομικά
---------------	----------------

two policewomen	δύο αστυνομικές
-----------------	-----------------

a postman	ένας ταχυδρόμος
-----------	-----------------

two postmen	δύο ταχυδρόμοι
-------------	----------------

a housewife	μία νοικοκυρά
-------------	---------------

two housewives	δύο νοικοκυρές
----------------	----------------

a knife	ένα μαχαίρι
---------	-------------

two knives	δύο μαχαίρια
------------	--------------

**Το βοηθητικό ρήμα to be (είμαι) ολοκληρωμένο.**

Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Αρνηση
I am (I'm)	Am I?	I am not (I'm not)
You are (You're)	Are you?	You are not (You're not - You aren't)
He is (He's)	Is he?	He is not (He's not - He isn't)
She is (She's)	Is she?	She is not (She's not - She isn't)
It is (It's)	Is it?	It is not (It's not - It isn't)
We are (We're)	Are we?	We are not (We're not - We aren't)
You are (You're)	Are you?	You are not (You're not - You aren't)
They are (They're)	Are they?	They are not (They're not - They aren't)

## unit 309

### Personal pronouns (we, you, they) e-learning exercises

#### 309a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. This \_\_\_\_\_ Anna  
and this is Mary.



- am             she  
 are            is

2. \_\_\_\_\_ are housewives.



- She            They  
 He             I

3. \_\_\_\_\_ men are pilots.



- These         I  
 They         It

4. Those men \_\_\_\_\_  
football players.



- not            am  
 are            is

5. These women are \_\_\_\_\_.



- sister         a cousin  
 pilot          cousins

6. They \_\_\_\_\_ brothers.



- is              are not  
 am not       is not

7. They aren't \_\_\_\_\_.



- sisters       cousin  
 boys         brothers

8. \_\_\_\_\_ you Tom and Jim?



- Who           What  
 Are           Is

9. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.



- I               he  
 you not      we

10. Are \_\_\_\_\_ brothers?



- he             you  
 what         she

11. No, we \_\_\_\_\_.



- aren't       what  
 isn't        is

12. Are they grocers  
\_\_\_\_\_ greengrocers?



- a              we  
 or             aren't

13. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.



- it's       what
- who       they

14. Are Anna \_\_\_\_\_ Mary florists?



- an       and
- a       they

15. No, \_\_\_\_\_ aren't.



- they       she
- it       I

16. \_\_\_\_\_ they pop singers or football players?



- Is       Am
- Are       What

17. \_\_\_\_\_ are they?



- You       Is
- We       Who

18. They \_\_\_\_\_ Mark and Tina.



- is       are
- am       not

19. \_\_\_\_\_ are they?



- What       You
- We       It

20. They are \_\_\_\_\_.



- greengrocers       policemen
- painters       nurses

21. Who \_\_\_\_\_ you?



- am       it's
- is       are

22. \_\_\_\_\_ are Mr Gold and Mr Silver.



- He       We
- I'm       It's

23. \_\_\_\_\_ are you?



- What       Is
- We       They

24. We are \_\_\_\_\_.



- man       policeman
- businessmen       businessman

### 309b. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1.



- football player       brother
- housewives       housewife

2.



- housewives       businessmen
- football player       brothers

3.



- housewife      businessmen
- businessman    sister

6.



- businessman    businessmen
- sisters          housewives

9.



- brothers        housewives
- housewife       sisters

4.



- sister            brother
- housewife       housewives

7.



- housewives      football players
- sisters          housewife

10.



- brother          football players
- sister            businessman

5.



- businessmen    businessman
- brother          football player

8.



- brothers        businessman
- sisters          businessmen

### 309c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
are	
They	
sisters	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
These	
policemen.	
men	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
nurses.	
These	
women	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
They	
.	
are	
brothers	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
aren't	
They	
sisters	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
Jim?	
and	
Are	
Tom	
you	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
we	
.	
Yes	
,	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
,	
Yes	
they	
.	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
you	
Who	
are	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
brothers	
?	
Are	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
aren't	
they	
.	
No	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
Mr Gold	
and	
Mr	
are	
Silver.	
We	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
,	
aren't	
we	
No	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
they	
Who	
?	
are	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
What	
?	
you	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
teachers	
?	
they	
Are	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
they	
are	
What	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
businessmen	
We	
are	

## 309d. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ am John and this is Nick.		You're
JOHN: _____ are brothers.		I
JOHN: _____ are we?		What
MARY: _____ are John and Nick.		We
JOHN: _____ are we?		You
MARY: _____ brothers .		Who

## 2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Who are _____ ?		These
MARY: I'm Mary and this _____ Anna.		They
JOHN: _____ are you?		you
MARY: We _____ sisters.		What
MARY: _____ boys are John and Nick.		is
MARY: _____ are brothers .		are

## 3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Who are _____ ?		sisters
ANNA: _____ are John and Nick.		Those
MARY: _____ are they?		brothers
ANNA: They are _____.		they
JOHN: _____ girls are Anna and Mary.		What
JOHN: They are _____.		They

## 4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Who are _____ ?		and
NICK: They're Anna _____ Mary.		we
JOHN: What _____ they?		you
NICK: They're _____.		they
MARY: Are _____ John and Nick?		sisters
JOHN AND NICK: Yes, _____ are.		are

## 5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Are _____ teachers?		we
JOHN AND NICK: No, we aren't teachers, _____ students.		nurses
MARY AND ANNA: Are _____ Anna and Mary?		Yes
JOHN: _____, you are.		you're
MARY AND ANNA: Are we _____ ?		you
JOHN: No, you aren't nurses, _____ schoolgirls.		we're

## 6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Are John _____ Nick brothers?		Are
ANNA: Yes, they _____.		aren't
MARY: _____ they nurses?		are
ANNA: No, they _____.		and

## unit 310

### Possessive adjectives (his, her, its). Genitive. 's. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
birthday	γενέθλια
boy	αγόρι
brother	αδελφός
daughter	κόρη
family	οικογένεια
father	πατέρας
five	πέντε
four	τέσσερα
girl	κορίτσι
grandfather	παππούς
grandmother	γιαγιά
green	πράσινο
hand	χέρι
he	αυτός
mother	μητέρα
name	όνομα
nose	μύτη
rubber	γόμα
she	αυτή
sister	αδελφή
son	γιός
ten	δέκα

greek	english
αγόρι	
αδελφή	
αδελφός	
αυτή	
αυτός	
γενέθλια	
γιαγιά	
γιός	
γόμα	
δέκα	
κόρη	
κορίτσι	
μητέρα	
μύτη	
οικογένεια	
όνομα	
παππούς	
πατέρας	
πέντε	
πράσινο	
τέσσερα	
χέρι	

### What's his name?

Η γενική κτητική (π.χ. του Τομ, του κοριτσιού) σχηματίζεται με την κατάληξη **-s** (π.χ. **Tom's** = του Τομ, **the girl's** = του κοριτσιού).

Όταν το ουσιαστικό τελειώνει σε **-s** (π.χ. **girls** = κορίτσια), τότε βάζουμε την απόστροφο μετά το **-s** που υπάρχει, χωρίς να προσθέσουμε κι άλλο (π.χ. **the girls' dolls** = οι κούκλες των κοριτσιών).

Μπροστά από κύριο όνομα δεν ξεχνάμε ότι δεν βάζουμε άρθρο (ούτε στη γενική πτώση)

This is Tom's car.	Αυτό είναι του Τομ το αυτοκίνητο.
That is Anna's house	Εκείνο είναι το σπίτι της Άννας.
This is the teacher's baby.	Αυτό είναι το μωρό του δάσκαλου.
This is the dog's ball.	Αυτή είναι η μπάλα του σκύλου.
Look at the girls' toys.	Κοίτα τα παιχνίδια των κοριτσιών.
John's bicycle is red.	Το ποδήλατο του Γιάννη είναι κόκκινο.
The dog's house is small.	Το σπίτι του σκύλου είναι μικρό.

Τα κτητικά επίθετα του γ' ενικού προσώπου (αρσενικό, θηλυκό, ουδέτερο):

**his** = του (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά του)

**her** = της (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά της)

**its** = του (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά του)

Το κτητικό επίθετο προηγείται πάντα ενός ουσιαστικού που προσδιορίζει.

Πριν από τα κτητικά επίθετα **ΔΕΝ** βάζουμε ούτε οριστικό (**the**) ούτε αόριστο άρθρο (**a, an**).

This is <b>his</b> car.	Αυτό είναι το αυτοκίνητο του.
That's <b>her</b> house.	Εκείνο είναι το σπίτι της.
That's <b>the dog's</b> house.	Εκείνο είναι του σκύλου το σπίτι.
It is <b>its</b> ball.	Είναι η μπάλα του.
What's <b>her</b> name?	Ποιό είναι το όνομά της.
<b>Her</b> name is Anna.	Το όνομά της είναι Άννα.

Η λέξη **its** (δικός -ή -ό του) μοιάζει με την **it's** (**it is** = αυτό είναι) και εύκολα δημιουργεί προβλήματα. Το μόνο που τις κάνει να ξεχωρίζουν εκτός από την ερμηνεία τους και τη θέση τους στην πρόταση, είναι η απόστροφος.

<b>It's</b> a dog.	Αυτό είναι ένα σκυλί.
<b>Its</b> name is Pluto.	Το όνομά του είναι Πλούτο.

## unit 310

### Possessive adjectives (his, her, its). Genitive. 's. e-learning exercises

#### 310a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is his name?



- Who       He  
 What       Gagarin

2. What is \_\_\_\_\_ name?



- singer's       she  
 his       her

3. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Larry.



- He       His  
 What       Man's

4. His name \_\_\_\_\_ not Jim.



- he's       is  
 am       are

5. \_\_\_\_\_ detective's  
name is Henry Smart .



- The       It  
 He       You

6. What is the \_\_\_\_\_ name?



- her       his  
 queen's       she

7. \_\_\_\_\_ is the  
robber's name?



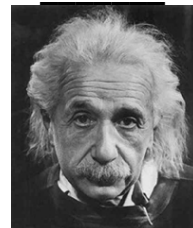
- He       John  
 It       What

8. \_\_\_\_\_ her name?



- What       What's  
 Who's       It's

9. What's \_\_\_\_\_ name?



- he       her  
 his       it

10. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Monica.



- It       She  
 What       Her

11. Her name \_\_\_\_\_ Peggy.



- she is       it is  
 not       is not

12. The \_\_\_\_\_ name is  
Tommy .



- her       baby's  
 his       babies

13. It is \_\_\_\_\_ birthday.



- he                     Pluto's
- the his             dog's

14. Number five is \_\_\_\_\_ hand.



- she                     they
- he                     his

15. Number ten is \_\_\_\_\_ neck.



- what                 who
- her                  she

16. \_\_\_\_\_ is this?



- We                     The
- He                     Who

17. \_\_\_\_\_ is Jenny.



- My                     This
- Her                    You

18. \_\_\_\_\_ it Jane?



- Is                     Who
- Are                  She

19. No, it \_\_\_\_\_ Jane, it's Diana.



- aren't             am not
- isn't               not her

20. Bob is \_\_\_\_\_ father.



- the his             he
- John                John's

21. Mary is the \_\_\_\_\_ daughter.



- his                  king's
- he                   she

22. This is \_\_\_\_\_ son.



- I                     you
- he                  his

23. Helen is \_\_\_\_\_ mother.



- the her             Anna's
- she                  Anna

24. Helen is \_\_\_\_\_ grandmother.



- her                  she
- he                   Anna

25. This is \_\_\_\_\_ rubber.



- Ben                  he
- Ben's               you're

26. His \_\_\_\_\_ Peter.



- father             name
- names             name's

27. \_\_\_\_\_ name's Rosa.



- You                 Her
- It                   She

**310b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
What	
name	
is	
?	
his	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
is	
What	
name	
her	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
is	
Larry	
His	
name	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
.	
Leo	
name	
His	
is	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
name	
boy's	
.	
The	
Johnny	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
name	
the	
?	
is	
What	
boy's	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
girl's	
?	
name	
What	
is	
the	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
name	
?	
her	
's	
What	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
his	
What	
?	
name	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
.	
Monica	
name	
Her	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
is	
Peggy	
Her	
name	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
Kate.	
's	
is	
girl	
The	
name	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
What	
four	
?	
number	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
It	
's	
nose	
John	
is	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
hand	
Number	
his	
.	
is	
five	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
the	
mother.	
is	
boy	
Mary	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
Anna's	
mother.	
Helen	
is	

### 310c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ boy, Mary.		name
JOHN: What is the _____ name?		the boy's
MARY: His _____ is Larry.		isn't
JOHN: Is _____ name Larry or Leo?		name's
MARY: His name _____ Leo.		boy's
MARY: His _____ Larry.		that boy

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is _____ name Leo?		Her
MARY: No, _____ isn't.		girl
JOHN: _____ it Larry?		is
MARY: Yes, it _____.		girl's
MARY: Look at that _____, John.		is
MARY: What is the _____ name?		his
JOHN: _____ name is Anna.		it

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Is _____ Helen or Anna?		girl's name
JOHN: _____ isn't Helen.		isn't
JOHN: _____ Anna.		her name
MARY: Is the _____ Helen?		Her name
JOHN: No, it _____.		Her name's

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ Anna?		it is
JOHN: Yes, _____.		Jim's
MARY: Look _____ this family, John.		Is it
MARY: Rosa is _____ sister.		Jim
MARY: _____ is Rosa's brother.		at

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Helen is Rosa's _____.		Is
MARY: Bob is Jim's _____.		Bob
MARY: _____ is Rosa's father?		is
JOHN: _____ is.		Who
MARY: _____ Helen Jim's mother?		father
JOHN: Yes, she _____.		mother

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ Green is Bob's father.		Mrs
MARY: _____ is Jim's grandfather.		She
MARY: _____ Green is Jim's grandmother.		He
MARY: _____ is Bob's mother.		Mr

## unit 311

### Possessive adjectives (your, my) vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
am	είμαι
are	είσαι
dancer	χορευτής
I	εγώ
is	είναι
my	δικό μου
my name	το όνομά μου
who	ποιός
you	εσύ
your	δικό σου
your name	το όνομά σου

greek	english
δικό μου	
δικό σου	
εγώ	
είμαι	
είναι	
είσαι	
εσύ	
ποιός	
το όνομά μου	
το όνομά σου	
χορευτής	

Τα κτητικά επίθετα του α' και β' ενικού προσώπου:

**my** = μου (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά μου)

**your** = σου (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά σου).

Το κτητικό επίθετο προηγείται πάντα ενός ουσιαστικού που προσδιορίζει.

Πριν από τα κτητικά επίθετα ΔΕΝ βάζουμε ούτε οριστικό (**the**) ούτε αόριστο άρθρο (**a, an**).

What's **\_your** name?

Ποιό είναι το όνομά σου;

**\_My** name is Anna.

Το όνομά μου είναι Άννα.

**\_Your** bicycle is red.

Το ποδήλατό σου είναι κόκκινο.

**\_My** dog's house is small.

Το σπίτι του σκύλου μου είναι μικρό.

## unit 311

### Possessive adjectives (your, my) e-learning exercises

#### 311a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is my name?



- Who       I  
 What     It

2. What \_\_\_\_\_ your name?



- is       you are  
 are     it's

3. My \_\_\_\_\_ is Miss James.



- hand     name  
 names    colour

4. My name is \_\_\_\_\_ James.



- it       the  
 he      Mr

5. My name \_\_\_\_\_ Mrs James.



- it's       are  
 is       am

9. I \_\_\_\_\_ Margaret.



- is       am  
 my      are

6. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Alan.



- My       I  
 It       You

10. \_\_\_\_\_ name is not William.



- It       I  
 I'm.    My

7. \_\_\_\_\_ Alan.



- My       I'm  
 Am      I

11. \_\_\_\_\_ am not William.



- It       He  
 I       My name

8. My \_\_\_\_\_ Margaret.



- name     name's  
 names    the name

12. \_\_\_\_\_ computer's  
name is Spectrum.



- You      Your  
 It       He

13. My \_\_\_\_\_ name is Tweety.



- )the                     )the
- )his                    )canary
- )his                    )canary's

18. \_\_\_\_\_ Betty.



- )Her                    )Your
- )name                 )name
- )You're               )It's name

23. \_\_\_\_\_ not Alec.  
I'm Charles.



- )Am not               )I'm
- )Is                      )Are not

14. \_\_\_\_\_ my name?



- )What's               )What
- )Who                  )Who's

19. \_\_\_\_\_ Sally.



- )I'm                    )Am
- )Who                  )You

24. Your name is not Mr Boggs. \_\_\_\_\_ Mr Biggs.



- )Is                      )You
- )Your                  )It's

15. \_\_\_\_\_ name is Carol.



- )She                    )Your
- )It                      )You

20. \_\_\_\_\_ your name?



- )Who                  )What
- )Who's                )What's

25. \_\_\_\_\_ aren't Mr Boggs. You are Mr Biggs.



- )Your                  )He
- )You                  )I

16. \_\_\_\_\_ are Carol.



- )She                    )Your
- )Her                    )You

21. My name \_\_\_\_\_  
Mickey. It's Donald.



- )it is                  )not
- )is not                )no

26. Your name \_\_\_\_\_  
Thorn. It's Caroline.



- )aren't                )am not
- )isn't                 )it's not

17. Your \_\_\_\_\_ Betty.



- )the name            )names
- )name                 )name's

22. My name \_\_\_\_\_  
Alec. I'm Charles.



- )isn't                 )am not
- )not                    )it isn't

27. \_\_\_\_\_ not Thorn.  
You're Caroline.



- ( )Your name  
( )Her name  
( )You  
( )You're name

A. Is your name Woody?  
B. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ is.



- ( )you  
( )I am  
( )it  
( )your

29. A. \_\_\_\_\_ name Woody?  
B. Yes, it is.



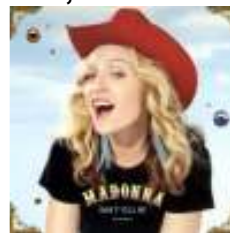
- ( )Is my  
( )My  
( )Is he  
( )Are you

30. A. \_\_\_\_\_ your name Lucy?  
B. No, it is not.



- ( )It  
( )It's  
( )Is  
( )Are

31. A. Is \_\_\_\_\_ name Lucy?  
B. No, it isn't.



- ( )she  
( )I am  
( )it  
( )my

**311b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
What name is my	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
your What is ? name	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
Miss . Briggs My name is	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
Green is name . Mr My	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
name is . James My Mrs	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
is My Jim . name	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
. Margaret am I	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
is not Sam name . My	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
not Sam . I am	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
name	
?	
my	
What	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
My	
name	
.	
is	
Betty	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
aren't	
Mr	
Boggs	
.	
You	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
name	
is	
Carol	
.	
Your	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
Carol	
.	
's	
It	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
are	
Biggs	
You	
Mr	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
Carol	
.	
You	
are	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
name	
isn't	
John	
My	
.	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
name	
Is	
Jim?	
your	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
Betty	
Your	
.	
name	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
.	
It	
Jim	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
it	
.	
,	
Yes	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
're	
Betty	
.	
You	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
I	
John	
'm	
.	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
my	
name	
Jim?	
Is	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
What	
name	
?	
your	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
'm	
Jim	
.	
I	

27. :

Choice	Correct Order
Is	
Anna?	
your	
name	

28. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
not	
,	
No	
.	
it	

29. :

Choice	Correct Order
name	
Is	
Anna?	
my	

30. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
it	
,	
No	
isn't	

311c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Hello. What _____ name?		my name
MARY: _____ is Mary.		Is your
JOHN: _____ name Anna?		name is
MARY: No, _____ isn't Anna.		My name
MARY: My _____ Mary.		is your

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: What _____ name?		my
JOHN: Your name _____ Mary.		it
MARY: _____ name Anna?		isn't
JOHN: No, your name _____ Anna, your name is Mary.		is my
MARY: Is _____ name Mary?		is
JOHN: No, _____ isn't.		Is my

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ your name Anna?		it
MARY: No, it _____.		Is
JOHN: Is _____ Mary?		am
MARY: Yes, it _____.		are
JOHN: Who _____ you?		isn't
MARY: I _____ Mary.		is

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ it Mary?		aren't
JOHN: Yes, it _____.		are
MARY: Who _____ I?		Am
JOHN: You _____ Mary.		am
MARY: _____ I Anna?		Is
JOHN: No, you _____.		is

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ you Anna?		am
MARY: No, _____ not.		are
JOHN: Are _____ Mary?		Are
MARY: Yes, I _____.		I'm
JOHN: What _____ you?		I
MARY: _____ am a dancer.		you

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Am _____ Mary?		You're
JOHN: _____, you are.		I
MARY: _____ am I?		Yes
JOHN: _____ a dancer.		What

## unit 312

### Possessive adjectives (our, your, their). Whose. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
address	διεύθυνση
Athens	Αθήνα
aunt	θεία
bicycle	ποδήλατο
boss	αφεντικό
clothes	ρούχα
family	οικογένεια
parents	γονείς
ruler	χάρακας
tail	ουρά
telephone	τηλέφωνο
uncle	θείος
watercolours	νερομπογιές

greek	english
Αθήνα	
αφεντικό	
γονείς	
διεύθυνση	
θεία	
θείος	
νερομπογιές	
οικογένεια	
ουρά	
ποδήλατο	
ρούχα	
τηλέφωνο	
χάρακας	

Τα κτητικά επίθετα του πληθυντικού αριθμού:

**our** = μας (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά μας)

**your** = σας (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά σας).

**their** = τους (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά τους)

Το κτητικό επίθετο προηγείται πάντα ενός ουσιαστικού που προσδιορίζει.

Πριν από τα κτητικά επίθετα ΔΕΝ βάζουμε ούτε οριστικό (**the**) ούτε αόριστο άρθρο(**a, an**).

**\_Our** father's name is Jim.

Του πατέρα μας το όνομα είναι Τζιμ.

What are **\_your** names?

Ποιά είναι τα ονόματά σας;

**\_Their** books are red.

Τα βιβλία τους είναι κόκκινα.

Τα κτητικά επίθετα συνολικά:  
**my** = μου (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά μου)  
**your** = σου (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά σου)  
**his** = του (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά του)  
**her** = της (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά της)  
**its** = του (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά του)  
**our** = μας (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά μας)  
**your** = σας (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά σας).  
**their** = τους (δικός/ή/ό/οί/ές/ά τους)

What's <b>my</b> name?	Ποιό είναι το όνομά μου;
<b>Your</b> name is Anna.	Το όνομά σου είναι Άννα.
<b>My</b> bicycle is red.	Το ποδήλατό μου είναι κόκκινο.
<b>Your</b> dog's house is small.	Το σπίτι του σκύλου σου είναι μικρό.
This is <b>her</b> car.	Αυτό είναι το αυτοκίνητο της.
That's <b>his</b> house.	Εκείνο είναι το σπίτι του.
That's the cat's house.	Εκείνο είναι το σπίτι της γάτας.
It is <b>its</b> basket.	Είναι το καλάθι της.
What's <b>his</b> name?	Ποιό είναι το όνομά του.
<b>His</b> name is Jim.	Το όνομά του είναι Τζιμ.
<b>Your</b> mother's name is Anna.	Το όνομα της μητέρας σας είναι Άννα.
What are <b>their</b> names?	Ποιά είναι τα ονόματά τους;
<b>Our</b> books are red.	Τα βιβλία μας είναι κόκκινα.

### Whose

Για να ρωτήσουμε σε ποιόν ανήκει κάτι χρησιμοποιούμε τη λέξη **whose** (ποιανού) είτε μόνη της, είτε ακολουθούμενη, χωρίς άρθρο, από το ουσιαστικό που ανήκει σε κάποιον.

<b>Whose</b> is this car?	Ποιανού είναι αυτό το αυτοκίνητο;
<b>Whose</b> car is this?	Ποιανού αυτοκίνητο είναι αυτό;
<b>Whose</b> is the black dog?	Ποιανού είναι το μαύρο σκυλί;
<b>Whose</b> houses are those?	Ποιανού σπίτια είναι εκείνα;
<b>Whose</b> brothers are these boys?	Ποιανού αδέρφια είναι αυτά τα αγόρια;

### Κτητικά Επίθετα - Κτητικές Αντωνυμίες

Τα κτητικά επίθετα **my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their** (δικός μου, -σου, -του,-της, -του, -μας, -σας, -τους) ακολουθούνται υποχρεωτικά από ένα ουσιαστικό. Αντίθετα, οι αντίστοιχες κτητικές αντωνυμίες **mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, yours, theirs** (δικός μου, -σου, -του, -της, -του, -μας, -σας, -τους) μπαίνουν πάντα μόνες τους (χωρίς ουσιαστικό).

That's <b>our</b> car.	Εκείνο είναι το αυτοκίνητό μας.
It's <b>ours</b> .	Είναι δικό μας.
They are <b>mine</b> .	Είναι δικά μας.
That's Ann's car.	Εκείνο είναι της Άννας το αυτοκίνητο.
It's <b>her</b> car.	Είναι το αυτοκίνητό της.
It's <b>hers</b> .	Είναι δικό της.

## unit 312

# Possessive adjectives (our, your, their). Whose. e-learning exercises

### 312a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. Is Doggy \_\_\_\_\_ pet?



- you             your  
 it                 he

2. \_\_\_\_\_ parents are not Dan and Lilly.



- Their             You  
 They             She

3. Bean is \_\_\_\_\_ uncle.



- he                 we  
 our                the my

4. Is \_\_\_\_\_ lady your boss?



- you               she  
 it                  this

5. These \_\_\_\_\_ not our clothes.



- they're         their  
 are               is

6. Lynn \_\_\_\_\_ our aunt.



- isn't             aren't  
 not               am not

7. Is this \_\_\_\_\_ ruler?



- Jill               Jill's  
 she               we

8. Is this \_\_\_\_\_ bathroom?



- you               they  
 we                their

9. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ Froggy's.



- its                 is  
 it is               his

10. No, it \_\_\_\_\_ Froggy's.



- isn't             am not  
 aren't            no

11. The red calculator is \_\_\_\_\_.



- our                mine  
 my                 I'm

12. \_\_\_\_\_ is this watch?



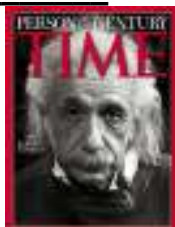
- Who               My  
 Your               Whose

13. \_\_\_\_\_ is this?



- She       It
- Whose     My

14. \_\_\_\_\_ is this?



- Who       He
- It       Our

15. \_\_\_\_\_ is this?



- My       What
- Your     Who

16. This is \_\_\_\_\_ giraffe's tail.



- she       whose
- it       the

17. \_\_\_\_\_ is this house?



- Who       Your
- Whose     My

18. Whose \_\_\_\_\_ is this?



- house     car
- train      helicopter

19. It's \_\_\_\_\_.



- my       mine
- your     whose

20. A. Whose is it?

B. It's \_\_\_\_\_.



- my       your
- Poppy     Poppy's

21. A. Who is it?

B. It's \_\_\_\_\_.



- Poppy's     my
- Poppy       your

22. This is not \_\_\_\_\_ telephone number.



- Luke's     whose
- Luke       mine

23. A. \_\_\_\_\_ is it?

B. It's Teddy's.



- Who       Whose
- My       He

24. \_\_\_\_\_ are these matches, Daisy's or Ken's?



- Ours       What
- Who       Whose

25. A. Whose are these watercolours?

B. They're \_\_\_\_\_.



- ours       our
- we       my

26. \_\_\_\_\_ address is 4, Etolon Street, 12135 Athens.



- Mine       Our
- Ours       We're

27. A. Whose mummy is Pat? B. She's \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) my            ( ) our  
( ) her           ( ) mine

28. My father's parents are my \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) uncle        ( ) aunt  
( ) parents     ( ) grandparents

29. It's not yours, it's \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) mine        ( ) parents  
( ) uncle      ( ) grandparents

30. \_\_\_\_\_ is it?



- ( ) Mine        ( ) My  
( ) Whose      ( ) The dog's

31. \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) car           ( ) telephone  
( ) whose       ( ) ship

32. \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) telephone   ( ) watch  
( ) car           ( ) uncle

33. This is his mother's sister. She's his \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) aunt        ( ) daughter  
( ) uncle      ( ) son

34. This is her mother's brother. He's her \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) aunt        ( ) father  
( ) uncle      ( ) son

35. My father and my mother are my \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) parents     ( ) aunts  
( ) uncles     ( ) sons

**312b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
your	
Is	
father?	
Bob	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
he	
,	
not	
No	
is	
brother.	
our	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
uncle	
is	
He	
my	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
mother	
your	
?	
Is	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
She	
aunt	
is	
my	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
Is	
this	
their	
bicycle	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
Yes	
is	
.	
it	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
house	
Is	
?	
this	
your	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
isn't	
.	
No	
it	
,	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
watch	
?	
Whose	
this	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
's	
It	
is	
Tom	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
?	
Who	
this	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
Tom	
.	
It	
is	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
this	
What	
?	
is	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
ball	
It	
.	
a	
is	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
ball.	
's	
boy	
This	
is	
the	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
toy	
Whose	
?	
is	
this	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
mine	
It	
's	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
house	
this?	
Whose	
is	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
's.	
It	
's	
Tom	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
Jane's	
This	
number.	
is	
not	
telephone	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
'm	
I	
.	
their	
brother	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
house	
our	
Is	
this	
house?	
or your	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
.	
ours	
It	

### 312c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Hello, I _____ John.		are
JOHN: This is _____ family.		is
JOHN: Bob is my _____.		sister
JOHN: Helen _____ my mother.		father
JOHN: Bob and Helen _____ my parents.		my
JOHN: Rosa is my _____.		am

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ is my grandfather.		he is
JOHN: Evelyn _____ grandmother.		are
JOHN: Jacob and Evelyn _____ grandparents.		he my
JOHN: They _____ Rosa's grandparents, too.		are my
JOHN: Look at Bob. Is _____ father?		Jacob
MARY: Yes, _____.		is my

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ my uncle?		your sister
MARY: No, _____ not.		she is
JOHN: Whose _____ Bob?		your father
MARY: He is _____.		Is he
MARY: Is Rosa _____ ?		he is
JOHN: Yes, _____.		father is

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Whose _____ is Rosa?		toys
JOHN: She's _____ sister.		Whose
JOHN: I'm _____ brother.		sister
MARY: Look at these _____.		my
MARY: _____ is this ball?		Ann's
JOHN: It is _____.		her

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Whose _____ watch?		It's
JOHN: That watch _____ Helen's.		is that
JOHN: _____ Helen's.		mine
MARY: This is _____ house.		is
JOHN: It isn't your house, it's _____.		my

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Whose _____ radio?		Is this
JOHN: _____ my father's radio.		it isn't
MARY: _____ Niki's bicycle?		It's
JOHN: No, _____.		is that

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ Jim's?		It's
JOHN: Yes, _____.		is it
MARY: Whose _____ ?		Is it
JOHN: _____ Jim's.		it is

## unit 313

### Adjectives. Irregular plural - hair vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
answer	απάντηση
big	μεγάλος
butterfly	πεταλούδα
chicken	κοτόπουλο
clever	έξυπνος
coffee	καφές
cold	κρύος
dangerous	επικίνδυνος
dragon	δράκος
empty	άδειος
face	πρόσωπο
fast	γρήγορος
fat	χοντρός
garden	κήπος
hair	μαλλιά
hippopotamus	ιπποπόταμος
hot	ζεστός
insect	έντομο
long	μακρύς
monster	τέρας
new	καινούργιος
roof	ταράτσα
short	κοντός
silly	χαζός
slow	αργός
small	μικρός
snail	σαλιγγάρι
thin	αδύνατος
ugly	άσχημος

greek	english
άδειος	
αδύνατος	
απάντηση	
αργός	
άσχημος	
γρήγορος	
δράκος	
έντομο	
έξυπνος	
επικίνδυνος	
ζεστός	
ιπποπόταμος	
καινούργιος	
καφές	
κήπος	
κοντός	
κοτόπουλο	
κρύος	
μακρύς	
μαλλιά	
μεγάλος	
μικρός	
πεταλούδα	
πρόσωπο	
σαλιγγάρι	
ταράτσα	
τέρας	
χαζός	
χοντρός	

## REVISION - ΕΠΑΝΑΛΗΨΗ

**this** (αυτός - αυτή - αυτό), **that** (εκείνος - εκείνη - εκείνο), **it** (αυτός - αυτή - αυτό), **what** (τι), **what is = what's**, **that is = that's**, **it is = it's**, **a / an** (ένας - μία - ένα) **this - these**, **that - those**, **it - they**, **is a/an ... - are ...s**, **book - books**, **bus - buses**, **fox - foxes**

**This is / Is this? / This is not (This isn't) / That is (That's) / Is that? / That is not (That isn't) / It is (It's) / Is it? / It is not (It's not - It isn't) / Yes, it is. / No, it isn't / These are / Are these? / These are not (These aren't) / Those are / Are those? / Those are not (Those aren't) / They are (They're) / Are they? / They are not (They're not - They aren't) / Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.**

**1= one, 2= two, 3= three, 4= four, 5= five, 6= six, 7= seven, 8= eight, 9= nine, 10= ten, 11= eleven, 12= twelve, 13= thirteen, 14= fourteen, 15= fifteen, 16= sixteen, 17= seventeen, 18= eighteen, 19= nineteen, 20= twenty**

**the** (ο-η-το-οι-τα), **who** (ποιός - ποιά - ποίο - ποιοί - ποιές - ποιά), **what** (τι), **whose** (ποιανού), **What colour** (Τι χρώμα)

**I am (I'm) / Am I? / I am not (I'm not) / You are (You're) / Are you? / You are not (You're not - You aren't) / He is (He's) / Is he? / He is not (He's not - He isn't) / She is (She's) / Is she? / She is not (She's not - She isn't) / It is (It's) / Is it? / It is not (It's not - It isn't) / We are (We're) / Are we? / We are not (We're not - We aren't) / You are (You're) / Are you? / You are not (You're not - You aren't) / They are (They're) / Are they? / They are not (They're not - They aren't)**

**me** (εμένα), **you** (εσένα), **him** (αυτόν), **her** (αυτήν), **it** (αυτό), **us** (εμάς), **you** (εσάς), **them** (αυτούς)

**a man - two men, a woman - two women, a policeman - two policemen, a policewoman - two policewomen, a postman - two postmen, a housewife - two housewives, a knife - two knives**

**my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their** (δικός μου, -σου, -του, -της, -του, -μας, -σας, -τους)  
**mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, yours, theirs** (δικός μου, -σου, -του, -της, -του, -μας, -σας, -τους)

<b>What colour</b> is this?	Τι χρώμα είναι αυτό;
<b>It's</b> red.	Είναι κόκκινο.
It's <b>a</b> red ball.	Είναι μια κόκκινη μπάλα.
What colour are <b>these</b> ?	Τι χρώμα είναι αυτά;
<b>They</b> are red.	Είναι κόκκινα.
They are <b>red</b> balls.	Είναι κόκκινες μπάλες.
This is <b>Tom's</b> car.	Αυτό είναι το αμάξι του Τομ.
That is <b>Anna's</b> house.	Εκείνο είναι το σπίτι της Άννας.
This is the <b>teacher's</b> baby.	Αυτό είναι το μωρό της δασκάλας.
This is the <b>dog's</b> ball.	Αυτή είναι η μπάλα του σκύλου.
Look at the <b>girls'</b> toys.	Κοίτα τα παιχνίδια των κοριτσιών.
<b>John's</b> bicycle is red.	Το ποδήλατο του Τζων είναι κόκκινο.
The <b>dog's</b> house is small.	Το σπίτι του σκόλου είναι μικρό.
That's <b>our</b> car.	Εκείνο είναι το αμάξι μας.
It's <b>ours</b> .	Είναι δικό μας.
Those are <b>my</b> books.	Εκείνοι είναι τα βιβλία μου.

### Η ΘΕΣΗ ΤΟΥ ΕΠΙΘΕΤΟΥ

Όταν ένα επίθετο είναι δίπλα στο ουσιαστικό που προσδιορίζει, τότε είναι πάντα μπροστά του.

This is a **fast** car.

Αυτό είναι (ένα) γρήγορο αυτοκίνητο.

The **fast** car is Tom's.

Το γρήγορο αυτοκίνητο είναι του Τομ.

His **fast** car is not old.

Το γρήγορο αυτοκίνητό του δεν είναι παλιό.

### ΕΠΙΘΕΤΑ ΚΑΙ ΑΡΘΡΑ

Όταν τα επίθετα είναι μόνα τους, συνήθως στο τέλος της πρότασης, τότε δεν παίρνουν μπροστά τους κανένα άρθρο.

This car is **fast**.

Αυτό το αυτοκίνητο είναι γρήγορο.

My car is **fast**.

Το αυτοκίνητο μου είναι γρήγορο.

### ΕΠΙΘΕΤΑ ΙΔΙΑ ΣΤΟ ΑΡΣΕΝΙΚΟ, ΘΗΛΥΚΟ, ΟΥΔΕΤΕΡΟ

Τα επίθετα είναι ίδια και στα τρία γένη (αρσενικό - θηλυκό - ουδέτερο).

John is a **tall** man.

Ο Γιάννης είναι (ένας) ψηλός άνδρας.

Mary is not a **tall** woman.

Η Μαίρη δεν είναι ψηλή γυναίκα.

Look at that **tall** tree.

Κοίτα εκείνο το ψηλό δέντρο.

### HAIR ΕΝΙΚΟΥ ΑΡΙΘΜΟΥ

Η λέξη **hair** σημαίνει μαλλιά αλλά στα Αγγλικά είναι ενικού αριθμού.

My **hair** is short.

Τα μαλλιά μου είναι κοντά.

What colour **is** her **hair**?

Τι χρώμα είναι τα μαλλιά της;

## unit 313

### Adjectives. Irregular plural - hair e-learning exercises

#### 313a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. Look at this \_\_\_\_\_ flat.



- fast       fat  
 slow       old

2. That roof is \_\_\_\_\_.



- fat       new  
 clever       black

3. That monster is \_\_\_\_\_.



- roof       garden  
 a       dangerous  
dangerous

4. Look at that \_\_\_\_\_  
dragon.



- nasty       my  
 red       whose

5. That snail \_\_\_\_\_ fast.



- is       is not  
 are not       it's

6. This is \_\_\_\_\_  
hippopotamus.



- thin       new  
 fat       a fat

7. That is \_\_\_\_\_ chick.



- thin       fat  
 a thin       a green

8. It's a nice \_\_\_\_\_  
garden.



- colourful       a new  
 black       an old

9. A. What's this?

B. It's \_\_\_\_\_ butterfly.



- a red       a  
beautiful  
 clever       beautiful

10. A. Is this chicken  
\_\_\_\_\_? B. Yes, it is.



- a small       red  
 small       green

11. A. Is this insect \_\_\_\_\_?  
B. No, it isn't.



- a black       a big  
 a small       big

12. Is that motor-cycle fast  
or \_\_\_\_\_?



- slow       cold  
 hot       clever

13. Is that \_\_\_\_\_ or a silly rat?



- ( ) a clever ( ) short  
( ) clever ( ) long

14. His hair \_\_\_\_\_ long.



- ( ) is not ( ) is  
( ) am ( ) are

15. \_\_\_\_\_ hair is short.



- ( ) Her ( ) She's  
( ) She ( ) It

16. My coffee is hot.  
\_\_\_\_\_ is cold.



- ( ) Her ( ) You  
( ) Yours ( ) Your

17. The jelly jar is \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) an empty ( ) a empty  
( ) not ( ) empty  
empty

18. Is your answer right or ?



- ( ) tall ( ) wrong  
( ) pretty ( ) cold

19. Her face \_\_\_\_\_  
ugly. It is pretty.



- ( ) is not ( ) is an  
( ) it's ( ) is

20. not small = \_\_\_\_\_



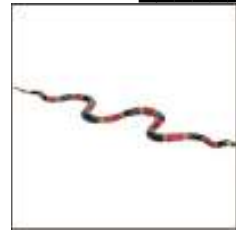
- ( ) fat ( ) big  
( ) nice ( ) thin

21. not long = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) short ( ) thin  
( ) fat ( ) big

22. not short = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) short ( ) long  
( ) fat ( ) big

23. not big = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) big ( ) long  
( ) small ( ) short

24. not fat = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) nice ( ) thin  
( ) small ( ) long

25. not thin = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) clever ( ) small  
( ) nice ( ) fat

26. not fast = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) slow ( ) thin  
( ) fat ( ) nice

27. not slow = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) short      ( ) fast  
( ) fat        ( ) thin

28. not old = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) new        ( ) fat  
( ) fast       ( ) slow

29. not new = \_\_\_\_\_



- ( ) slow       ( ) old  
( ) fast       ( ) tall

**313b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
bicycle	
.	
Look	
this	
at	
old	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
.	
This	
bus	
new	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
old	
That	
train	
is	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
helicopter	
Look	
new	
that	
.	
at	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
fast	
It	
's	
.	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
fat	
elephant	
is	
This	
a	
.	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
.	
boy	
a	
That	
thin	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
's	
?	
What	
that	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
toy	
colourful	
's	
It	
a	
.	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
this	
?	
's	
What	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
plane	
.	
fast	
a	
's	
It	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
small	
house	
?	
this	
Is	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
it	
Yes	
is	
,	
.	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
an	
new	
Is that	
TV?	
old	
radio or a	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
thin	
Your	
brother	
.	
is	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
big	
Is	
this	
house	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
long	
.	
His	
is	
hair	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
Is	
old?	
or	
computer	
your	
new	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
it	
.	
No	
isn't	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
Her	
hair	
.	
short	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
ugly	
face	
Her	
.	
not	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
motorcycle	
?	
slow	
Is	
fast or	
that	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
big	
My	
house	
.	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
pretty	
.	
It	
is	

### 313c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ old bicycle.		isn't
JOHN: _____ mine.		this old
JOHN: It _____ new.		it
JOHN: It's _____.		my
JOHN: Is _____ bicycle new?		It's
MARY: No, _____ isn't.		old

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ bicycle old?		old
MARY: Yes, it _____.		an old
JOHN: What _____ bicycle?		Is my
MARY: It's _____.		is
MARY: It's _____ bicycle.		mine
MARY: Whose is _____ bicycle?		is my
JOHN: It's _____.		the old

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ bicycle is old?		slow
JOHN: _____ bicycle is.		train's
MARY: Look at these _____.		a slow
MARY: This _____ Jim's.		Whose
MARY: It is _____.		toys
MARY: It is _____ train.		My

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ helicopter is fast.		It's
MARY: It's _____ helicopter.		not fast
MARY: _____ isn't Jim's.		fast
MARY: _____ Mark's.		a fast
MARY: Is the train _____ or slow?		That
JOHN: It is _____, it is slow.		It

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ is fast?		is slow
JOHN: _____ helicopter is.		It's
MARY: _____ is it?		train is
JOHN: _____ Mark's.		Whose
MARY: What _____ ?		The
JOHN: The _____.		What

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Whose is _____ train?		It's
JOHN: It is _____.		the slow
MARY: Whose is _____ helicopter?		Jim's
JOHN: _____ Mark's.		the fast

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Whose _____ slow?		Mark's
JOHN: Jim's _____.		is fast
MARY: Whose helicopter _____ ?		train's
JOHN: _____ is.		is

## unit 314

### Adjectives. Very. Irregular plural – news - trousers. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
animals	ζώα
answers	απαντήσεις
cherries	κεράσια
different	διαφορετικός
dirty	βρώμικος
dresses	φορέματα
driver	οδηγός
ears	αυτιά
expensive	ακριβός
eyes	μάτια
famous	διάσημος
farmers	γεωργοί
friends	φίλοι
funny	αστείος
hats	καπέλα
heavy	βαρύς
lazy	τεμπέλης
lollipops	γλυφιτζούρια
lucky	τυχερός
modern	μοντέρνος
pencils	μολύβια
presents	δώρα
sad	λυπημένος
stories	ιστορίες
today	σήμερα

greek	english
ακριβός	
απαντήσεις	
αστείος	
αυτιά	
βαρύς	
βρώμικος	
γεωργοί	
γλυφιτζούρια	
διάσημος	
διαφορετικός	
δώρα	
ζώα	
ιστορίες	
καπέλα	
κεράσια	
λυπημένος	
μάτια	
μολύβια	
μοντέρνος	
οδηγός	
σήμερα	
τεμπέλης	
τυχερός	
φίλοι	
φορέματα	

**ΕΠΙΘΕΤΑ ΙΔΙΑ ΣΤΟΝ ΕΝΙΚΟ ΚΑΙ ΤΟΝ ΠΛΗΘΥΝΤΙΚΟ ΑΡΙΘΜΟ**

Τα επίθετα δεν αλλάζουν στον πληθυντικό αριθμό.

The **red** book **is** Tom's.

Το κόκκινο βιβλίο είναι του Τομ.

The **red** books **are** Tom's.

Τα κόκκινα βιβλία είναι του Τομ.

**VERY**

Η λέξη **very** (πολύ) μπαίνει μπροστά από το επίθετο που προσδιορίζει.  
Δεν αλλάζει στον πληθυντικό αριθμό.

He **is very** clever.

Αυτός είναι πολύ έξυπνος.

They **are not very** clever.

Δεν είναι πολύ έξυπνοι.

**NEWS ΕΝΙΚΟΥ ΑΡΙΘΜΟΥ - TROUSERS ΠΛΗΘΥΝΤΙΚΟΥ ΑΡΙΘΜΟΥ**

Όπως είπαμε, τα επίθετα δεν αλλάζουν στον πληθυντικό, άρα η λέξη **news** ΔΕΝ είναι ο πληθυντικός της λέξης **new** (καινούργιος).

Η λέξη **news** είναι ενικού αριθμού και σημαίνει ειδήσεις-νέα.

Η λέξη **trousers** είναι πληθυντικού αριθμού αλλά σημαίνει παντελόνι.

The **news is** bad today.

Οι ειδήσεις είναι άσχημες σήμερα.

What's the **news** today?

Τι νέα σήμερα;

Your **new black trousers are** very nice.

Το καινούργιο σου μαύρο παντελόνι είναι πολύ ωραίο.



13. Those \_\_\_\_\_ stamps are famous.



- ( ) round ( ) squares  
( ) lazy ( ) square

14. Our \_\_\_\_\_ TV is very heavy.



- ( ) an old ( ) the old  
( ) a old ( ) old

15. Those \_\_\_\_\_ aren't sweet.



- ( ) cherry ( ) cherries  
( ) cherrys ( ) cherres

16. They're \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) long ( ) cherries.  
( ) short ( ) news

17. Basketball \_\_\_\_\_ are not short.



- ( ) player ( ) a player  
( ) players ( ) the players

18. \_\_\_\_\_ badges are modern.



- ( ) We ( ) It  
( ) Ours ( ) Our

19. Are your trousers long \_\_\_\_\_ short?



- ( ) not ( ) or  
( ) an ( ) isn't

20. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.



- ( ) they ( ) my  
( ) her ( ) their

21. No, they \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) isn't ( ) not  
( ) aren't ( ) it's not

22. \_\_\_\_\_ they happy people?



- ( ) Who ( ) Is  
( ) What ( ) Are

23. \_\_\_\_\_, they aren't.



- ( ) Whose ( ) No  
( ) Who ( ) Not

24. Are these \_\_\_\_\_ sad?



- ( ) stories ( ) story  
( ) the ( ) my story  
stories

25. Her interesting \_\_\_\_\_ are not true.



- ( ) the ( ) stories  
stories  
( ) a story ( ) story

26. Look! That driver is \_\_\_\_\_ lucky.



- ( ) very ( ) he  
( ) a ( ) his

27. Our \_\_\_\_\_ presents are fantastic!



- ( ) grandpa ( ) grandpas  
 ( ) grandpa's ( ) the grandpa's

28. \_\_\_\_\_ hair is fair?



- ( ) Mine ( ) Her  
 ( ) Who ( ) Whose

29. I'm sorry. The correct \_\_\_\_\_ are different.



- ( ) an answer ( ) answer  
 ( ) the answers ( ) answers

**314b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
these	
cars	
at	
.	
Look	
nice	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
those	
old	
trains	
.	
at	
Look	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
blue.	
eyes	
These	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
big	
feet	
are	
Those	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
They	
are	
fat	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
books.	
red	
These	
are	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
hats.	
Those	
are	
black	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
are	
cars	
big.	
These	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
small	
.	
They	
are	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
square.	
aren't	
These	
grapes	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
round	
They	
're	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
are	
round.	
stamps	
Those	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
square	
They	
are	
stamps	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
pencils	
short,	
aren't	
Those	
long.	
they're	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
They	
they're	
new	
aren't	
old,	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
these	
Are	
brown?	
eyes	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
are	
they	
Yes	
.	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
those	
nice?	
Are	
dresses	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
aren't	
No	
,	
.	
they	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
fast or	
cars	
slow?	
Are	
these	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
big	
My	
ears	
.	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
.	
not	
books	
Your	
red	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
eyes	
blue	
his	
Are	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
ears	
small	
her	
Are	
?	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
No	
aren't	
.	
,	
they	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
long or	
dresses	
?	
her	
Are	
short	

### 314c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: Look at _____ nice dresses.		Her
MARY: _____ are Anna's.		long
MARY: _____ dresses are short.		They're
MARY: Are Anna's dresses short or _____ ?		These
JOHN: _____ dresses are not long.		They
JOHN: _____ short.		these

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ long?		They are
JOHN: No, _____.		they are
MARY: _____ dresses short?		are these
JOHN: Yes, _____.		Are these
MARY: What _____ ?		Are they
JOHN: _____ short dresses.		they aren't

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: They are _____ long dresses.		short
JOHN: They _____ short.		Anna's
MARY: What _____ are these short dresses?		and
JOHN: They are yellow _____ pink.		not
MARY: Whose are these _____ dresses?		are
JOHN: They are _____.		colour

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
MARY: _____ short dresses nice?		Are
JOHN: Yes, _____.		Are the
MARY: _____ the short dresses blue?		They're
JOHN: No, they _____.		they are
JOHN: _____ pink and yellow.		aren't

## unit 315

Place prepositions (in, on, under, near, behind, in front of).  
Where. There is.

### vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
bag	τσάντα
book	βιβλίο
bridge	γέφυρα
carnival	καρναβάλι
head	κεφάλι
jungle	ζούγκλα
kitchen	κουζίνα
lesson	μάθημα
monkey	πίθηκος
office	γραφείο
pocket	τσέπη
question	ερώτηση
rabbit	κουνέλι
room	δωμάτιο
shoulder	ώμος
snake	φίδι
station	σταθμός
supermarket	σουπερμάρκετ

greek	english
βιβλίο	
γέφυρα	
γραφείο	
δωμάτιο	
ερώτηση	
ζούγκλα	
καρναβάλι	
κεφάλι	
κουζίνα	
κουνέλι	
μάθημα	
πίθηκος	
σουπερμάρκετ	
σταθμός	
τσάντα	
τσέπη	
φίδι	
ώμος	

#### ΠΡΟΘΕΣΕΙΣ

Οι λέξεις **in, on, under, in front of, behind** είναι τοπικές προθέσεις.  
Προηγούνται πάντα του χώρου που προσδιορίζουν.

<b>in</b> the house	μέσα στο σπίτι
<b>on</b> my head	πάνω στο κεφάλι μου
<b>under</b> the bed	κάτω από το κρεβάτι
<b>in front of</b> the bus stop	μπροστά από τη στάση του λεωφορείου
<b>behind</b> the door	πίσω από την πόρτα

## WHERE

Όταν θέλουμε να ρωτήσουμε που είναι κάτι ή κάποιος, χρησιμοποιούμε την αντωνυμία **where** ακολουθούμενη από το ρήμα **is**.

Ο σύντομος τύπος της φράσης **where is** είναι **where's**.

**Where** is John? - He's **on** the roof.

Που είναι ο Γιάννης; Είναι πάνω στην ταράτσα.

**Where's** the bank? -It's **near** the post office.

Που είναι η τράπεζα; Είναι κοντά στο ταχυδρομείο.

## THERE IS

Η φράση **there is** σημαίνει υπάρχει και ο σύντομος τύπος είναι **there's**. Κατάφαση: **There is (There's)**. Ερώτηση: **Is there?** Αρνηση: **There is not (There's not -There isn't)**

**There** is a tall man in front of the door.

Υπάρχει ένας ψηλός άντρας μπροστά στην πόρτα.

Is **there** a monkey in the cage? -Yes, **there** is.

Υπάρχει μια μαϊμού μέσα στο κλουβί; -Ναι, υπάρχει.

## Μερικές συνηθισμένες φράσεις.

How are you?	Πως είσαι; (Πως είσαστε;)
Fine, thanks!	Πολύ καλά, ευχαριστώ.
I'm fine, thanks!	Είμαι πολύ καλά, ευχαριστώ!
Not bad.	Οχι άσχημα.
Of course.	Βεβαίως.
Well done!	Συγχαρητήρια.
That's good.	Αυτό είναι καλό.
Happy birthday!	Χρόνια πολλά!
Thank you.	Ευχαριστώ.
OK.	Εντάξει.
May be.	Ίσως.
I'm sorry.	Λυπάμαι (συγνώμη).

## unit 315

**Place prepositions (in, on, under, near, behind, in front of).  
Where. There is.  
e-learning exercises**

### 315a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. The boat is \_\_\_\_\_ the bridge.



- in                       under  
 on                       in front

2. The apple is \_\_\_\_\_ the tree.



- on                       over  
 under                   in front

3. The snake is \_\_\_\_\_ the jungle.



- in front               under  
 in                       it

4. The boy is \_\_\_\_\_ the car.



- over                     in  
 on                       behind

5. The girl is \_\_\_\_\_ the bus.



- front of               in front of  
 in front               front

6. The rabbit \_\_\_\_\_ in the hat .



- is not                   it's  
 is                       it isn't

7. It is in the \_\_\_\_\_.



- car                       table  
 box                       jungle

8. \_\_\_\_\_ the bird under the table?



- Are                       It's  
 Is it                       Is

9. Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_.



- are                       is  
 am                       aren't

10. No, it \_\_\_\_\_.



- isn't                     not  
 aren't                   not is

11. \_\_\_\_\_ is the record, Jim?



- Who                       Your  
 Where                     My

12. It's in front \_\_\_\_\_ the radio.



- behind                   on  
 under                       of

13. Where is \_\_\_\_\_ pencil?



- I'm             my
- ours             mine

14. Is it in \_\_\_\_\_ pocket?



- your             mine
- yours             ours

15. No, it is not in \_\_\_\_\_ bag.



- yours             ours
- mine             my

16. Where \_\_\_\_\_ sick man?



- the             is the
- is             the is

17. He is in the \_\_\_\_\_.



- boat             train
- car             helicopter

18. The camera is \_\_\_\_\_ your glasses.



- front of         in of
- in front         in front of

19. \_\_\_\_\_ is mum?



- In kitchen      Where
- She             In front

20. She is \_\_\_\_\_ the kitchen.



- in             on
- in front         front of

21. \_\_\_\_\_ in the house.



- She             Is she
- She's             She

22. Where \_\_\_\_\_ Jim?



- you             are
- am             is

23. Where \_\_\_\_\_, Jim?



- you             are you
- is             are

24. \_\_\_\_\_ in the bus station .



- Am             Is
- Are             I'm

25. You \_\_\_\_\_ in the supermarket.



- not             are
- am             is

26. Where \_\_\_\_\_ I?



- am             it's
- is             are

27. What am \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- you             he
- I             we

28. Who \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- ( ) you are      ( ) I am  
( ) he is        ( ) am I

29. \_\_\_\_\_ in the office.



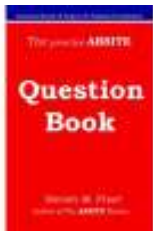
- ( ) Your        ( ) You're  
( ) You        ( ) Yours

30. Hurrah! \_\_\_\_\_ a carnival today.



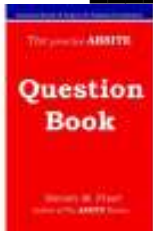
- ( ) There's      ( ) I'm  
( ) He's        ( ) You're

31. Is \_\_\_\_\_ a question in lesson five?



- ( ) he            ( ) the  
( ) there        ( ) I

32. Yes, there \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) am            ( ) aren't  
( ) it            ( ) is

33. No, there \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) are            ( ) isn't  
( ) it's not      ( ) am

34. \_\_\_\_\_ isn't a bird on my head .



- ( ) There        ( ) I  
( ) The         ( ) You

35. \_\_\_\_\_ a monkey on my shoulder.



- ( ) There        ( ) Is  
( ) There's      ( ) Where

**315b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
under	
bridge.	
The	
boat	
is	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
apple	
on	
the	
tree.	
The	
is	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
in	
jungle.	
the	
The	
is	
snake	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
behind	
is	
car.	
boy	
The	
the	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
the	
front	
in	
bus.	
of	
The girl	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
rabbit	
the	
not	
hat.	
The	
is	
on	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
under	
table?	
Is	
the bird	
the	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
is	
Yes	
,	
it	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
,	
Jim?	
is	
record	
Where	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
of	
in	
It's	
radio.	
front	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
my	
pencil	
?	
Where	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
your	
.	
in	
It	
pocket	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
man	
the	
Where	
is	
?	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
in	
He	
.	
is	
the	
boat	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
John	
Where	
?	
is	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
window.	
of	
He's	
the	
front	
in	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
sister	
?	
is	
your	
Where	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
in	
.	
kitchen	
the	
She	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
Helen	
is	
?	
Where	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
house	
in	
She's	
.	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
?	
Jim	
you	
are	
Where	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
station	
bus	
I'm	
.	
in	
the	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
am	
?	
Where	
I	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
You	
.	
supermarket	
the	
in	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
I	
am	
Where	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
office	
the	
in	
You	
.	

27. :

Choice	Correct Order
the hat?	
rabbit	
in	
there	
Is	
a	

28. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
Yes	
.	
,	
there	

29. :

Choice	Correct Order
there	
bird	
on	
my head?	
a	
Is	

30. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
.	
isn't	
there	
No	

315c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΠΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Hello, Mary. How are _____ ?		Thank you
MARY: I _____ fine, thanks.		Happy
JOHN: Is it _____ birthday today, Mary?		am
MARY: Yes, it _____.		is
JOHN: _____ birthday!		your
MARY: _____ you, John.		

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at _____ photo and listen.		is
JOHN: I am _____ my room.		under
JOHN: I am _____ the table.		this
JOHN: There _____ a ball under the table.		in

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: There is _____ on the table		I
JOHN: There a pencil on _____.		you
JOHN: Is _____ under the book?		the book
MARY: Yes, _____ is.		a book
JOHN: Am _____ on the floor?		it
MARY: Yes, _____ are.		the table

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Am I _____ the table?		on the
MARY: No, you are _____.		in
JOHN: Where _____ I?		under the
MARY: You are _____ the room.		am
MARY: You are _____ floor		not
MARY: You are _____ table.		on

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ a book under the ball?		there is
MARY: No, _____ not.		it is
JOHN: _____ ball behind the room?		Is there
MARY: No, _____ not.		Is the
JOHN: Where _____ ball?		It is
MARY: _____ on the floor.		is the

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Where _____ ?		That
MARY: _____ on the floor.		Is it
JOHN: Where _____ book?		It is
JOHN: _____ on the pencil or under the pencil?		is the
MARY: _____ not on the pencil, it is under the pencil.		is it
JOHN: _____ is good, Mary. Well done! Goodbye !		It's

## unit 316

### There are. How many. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
basket	καλάθι
beds	κρεβάτια
cage	κλουβί
chairs	καρέκλες
crocodiles	κροκόδειλοι
cupboard	ντουλάπι
donkeys	γαϊδούρια
mirrors	καθρέπτες
monkeys	πίθηκοι
museums	μουσεία
near	κοντά
on	πάνω
sea	θάλασσα
sky	ουράνος
stars	αστέρια
wall	τοίχος
water	νερό

greek	english
αστέρια	
γαϊδούρια	
θάλασσα	
καθρέπτες	
καλάθι	
καρέκλες	
κλουβί	
κοντά	
κρεβάτια	
κροκόδειλοι	
μουσεία	
νερό	
ντουλάπι	
ουράνος	
πάνω	
πίθηκοι	
τοίχος	

### WHERE ARE

Όταν θέλουμε να ρωτήσουμε που είναι κάποια πράγματα ή κάποιοι άνθρωποι, χρησιμοποιούμε την λέξη **where** ακολουθούμενη από το ρήμα **are**.

**Where** are the elephants?

Που είναι οι ελέφαντες;

They're in the jungle.

Είναι μέσα στην ζούγκλα.

**Where** are the stars?

Που είναι τα αστέρια;

They're in the sky.

Είναι στον ουρανό.

**Where** are Jim and Ann?

Που είναι ο Τζιμ και η Ανν;

They **are** in their car.

Είναι στο αυτοκίνητό τους.

### HOW MANY

Όταν θέλουμε να ρωτήσουμε πόσα είναι κάποια πράγματα ή πόσοι είναι κάποιοι άνθρωποι, χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **how many** (πόσοι, -ες, -α).

**How many** are those birds?

Πόσα είναι εκείνα τα πουλιά;

They're six.

Είναι έξη.

**How many** are the boys in this class?

Πόσα είναι τα αγόρια σ'αυτήν την τάξη;

They are fifteen

Είναι δεκαπέντε.

**How many** women are there here?

Πόσες γυναίκες υπάρχουν εδώ;

There are four.

Υπάρχουν τέσσερις.

### THERE ARE

Ο πληθυντικός της φράσης **there is** είναι **there are** (υπάρχουν). Κατάφαση: **There are**  
Ερώτηση: **Are there?** Αρνηση: **There are not (There aren't)**

There **are** seven doors in this flat.

Υπάρχουν επτά πόρτες σ'αυτό το διαμέρισμα.

**Are** there fifteen children in the playground?

Υπάρχουν δεκαπέντε παιδιά στο προαύλιο;

How many stars **are** there in the sky?

Πόσα αστέρια υπάρχουν στον ουρανό;

## unit 316

### There are. How many. e-learning exercises

#### 316a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. The cups are \_\_\_\_\_ the cupboard.



- on             in  
 in front of    behind

2. The monkeys are not in front \_\_\_\_\_ cage.



- of the         the  
 of             on the

3. Are the \_\_\_\_\_ on the bed?



- man         dress  
 dresses     shoe

4. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.



- the         it  
 she         they

5. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.



- the         there  
 their       he

6. No, they \_\_\_\_\_.



- isn't       aren't  
 am not     're

7. No, \_\_\_\_\_ are not.



- there       this  
 it         that

8. \_\_\_\_\_ the donkeys under the tree?



- Are they     Are there  
 Are         Is it

9. Are the crocodiles in \_\_\_\_\_ sea?



- it         they  
 there     the

10. Are the pencils in or \_\_\_\_\_ the table?



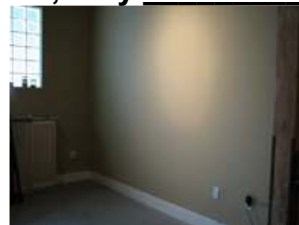
- in front     under  
 front       front of

11. The pictures are \_\_\_\_\_ the wall.



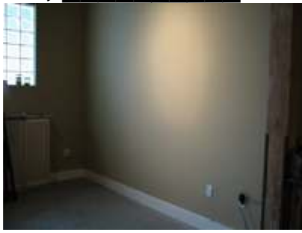
- in         on  
 under     near

12. No, they \_\_\_\_\_.



- aren't     am not  
 isn't      not

13. No, \_\_\_\_\_ aren't.



- )it                     )I
- )there                 )it's

14. A. \_\_\_\_\_ are the stars, Helen? B. In the sky.



- )Whose                 )What
- )Who                     )Where

15. There are two beds \_\_\_\_\_ this room.



- )in front of           )in
- )under                  )on

16. \_\_\_\_\_ four chairs near the table?



- )Is there                 )Is
- )Are there               )We are

17. Are \_\_\_\_\_ four chairs near the table?



- )she                      )it
- )he                         )the

18. Are \_\_\_\_\_ two mirrors or two pictures on the wall?



- )the                      )there
- )it                         )that

19. Are those two mirrors or two pictures on the \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )wall                     )table
- )tree                     )car

20. \_\_\_\_\_ many bags are there behind the door?



- )What                     )Whose
- )How                      )Who

21. How many \_\_\_\_\_ those bags behind the door?



- )are there               )is
- )are they                 )are

22. \_\_\_\_\_ are not four museums in this town.



- )He                       )There
- )It                         )The

23. \_\_\_\_\_ are three.



- )There                   )He
- )It                         )The

24. \_\_\_\_\_ are three.



- )It                         )He
- )They                     )The

25. There aren't five eggs in the basket. There \_\_\_\_\_ one.



- )he's                     )is
- )are                       )they're

**316b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
cupboard	
cups	
.	
The	
in	
the	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
not	
The	
are	
the cage.	
of	
in	
monkeys	
front	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
bed	
the	
on the	
dresses	
Are	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
they	
Yes	
are	
.	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
there	
are	
Yes	
.	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
,	
No	
are	
not	
they	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
,	
.	
there	
No	
not	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
under the	
Are	
the	
donkeys	
tree	
?	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
in	
?	
Are the	
the	
crocodiles	
sea	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
in	
the box	
table?	
pens	
Are the	
under the	
or	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
.	
They	
the	
on	
wall	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
aren't	
.	
,	
No	
they	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
there	
aren't	
,	
No	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
,	
Helen	
?	
stars	
Where	
are	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
sky	
in	
They're	
the	
.	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
near	
four	
there	
chairs	
table	
?	
Are	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
four	
chairs	
the	
near	
Are the	
?	
table	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
on	
Are there	
pictures	
wall	
?	
or two	
the	
two mirrors	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
mirrors	
the wall?	
or	
Are	
two pictures	
on	
those two	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
behind	
bags	
the door?	
many	
How	
there	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
door?	
bags behind	
those	
How	
are	
many	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
this	
not	
town.	
There	
are	
four	
museums	
in	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
There	
three	
this	
in	
museums	
town.	
are	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
they	
three.	
They	
four,	
aren't	
are	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
aren't	
eggs	
only one.	
There	
in the	
basket,	
is	
five	
there	

### 316c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ photo.		the
JOHN: There are three monkeys _____ cage.		under
JOHN: There are two crocodiles _____ the water.		of the
JOHN: There are four donkeys _____ the tree.		in
JOHN: There are five boys in front _____ cage.		at this
JOHN: There are three girls in _____ photo.		in the

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: They are _____ the boys.		four
JOHN: _____ are the crocodiles?		there aren't
MARY: _____ in the water.		Are there
JOHN: _____ five donkeys on the tree?		there are
MARY: No, _____.		They are
JOHN: Are there _____ donkeys under the tree?		Where
MARY: Yes, _____.		behind

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are the monkeys _____ the tree?		or in
MARY: No, _____.		are they
JOHN: Where _____?		they aren't
MARY: They're _____ cage.		of the
JOHN: Are the boys in the cage _____ front of it?		in the
MARY: They're in front _____ cage.		on

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: How _____ girls are there in the photo?		the
MARY: There are _____.		Are
JOHN: How many donkeys _____ there under the tree?		Four
MARY: _____.		of the
JOHN: _____ the boys in front of the girls or behind the girls?		are
MARY: They're in front _____ girls.		many
MARY: The girls are behind _____ boys.		three

## unit 317

### How old ...? ... years old. Comparative. ...-er than. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
eight	οκτώ
eleven	έντεκα
fifteen	δεκαπέντε
fourteen	δεκατέσσερα
name	όνομα
nine	εννέα
seven	επτά
six	έξι
ten	δέκα
thirteen	δεκατρία
twelve	δώδεκα
years	χρόνια

greek	english
δέκα	
δεκαπέντε	
δεκατέσσερα	
δεκατρία	
δώδεκα	
εννέα	
έντεκα	
έξι	
επτά	
οκτώ	
όνομα	
χρόνια	

**HOW OLD.** Για να ρωτήσουμε πόσων χρόνων είναι κάποιος ή κάτι χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **how old** μαζί με τον κατάλληλο ερωτηματικό τύπο του ρήματος **to be** (είμαι).

**How old** are you? Πόσων χρόνων είσαι(είσαστε);

**How old** are they? Πόσων χρόνων είναι αυτοί;

**How old** is she? Πόσων χρόνων είναι αυτή;

**... YEARS OLD.** Όταν λέμε πόσων χρόνων είναι κάποιος χρησιμοποιούμε (προαιρετικά) τη φράση **years old** μετά την ηλικία του.

**How old** is he? Πόσων χρόνων είναι αυτός;

He is ten **years old**. Είναι 10 χρόνων.

**How old** is Mrs Green? Πόσων χρόνων είναι η κυρία Γκρήν;

She is twenty-nine\_. Είναι 29.

**ΣΥΓΚΡΙΤΙΚΟΣ ΒΑΘΜΟΣ (...-ER THAN ...).** Για να συγκρίνουμε δύο ουσιαστικά χρησιμοποιούμε ένα επίθετο με την κατάληξη **-er** και τη λέξη **than** (από) ανάμεσα στα δύο ουσιαστικά.

John is **younger than** Mary. Ο Γιάννης είναι νεότερος από την Μαίρη.

A horse is **taller than** a donkey. Ένα άλογο είναι ψηλότερο από ένα γαϊδούρι.

I am **older than** my sister. Είμαι μεγαλύτερος σε ηλικία από την αδελφή μου.

## unit 317

# How old ...? ... years old. Comparative. ...-er than. e-learning exercises

### 317a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ old are you?



- What       How  
 Who       Where

2. A. \_\_\_\_\_ am I?  
B. You are a pirate.



- What       How many  
 How old    Where

3. A. \_\_\_\_\_ is  
Jim? B. He is in the  
garden.



- Who       How old  
 Where     What

4. A. \_\_\_\_\_ is he?  
B. He is Jim.



- How many    Where  
 How old     Who

5. \_\_\_\_\_ old is she?



- How many    How  
 Where       What

6. How old \_\_\_\_\_?



- are they     are the  
 are there    they are

7. How old \_\_\_\_\_ your  
brother?



- it's       he  
 is       the

8. How old is \_\_\_\_\_  
sister?



- she       the Anna  
 Anna     Anna's

9. I am nine years



- \_\_\_\_\_.  
 new       old  
 young     many

10. You are \_\_\_\_\_  
years old.



- ten       eight  
 nine      eleven

11. \_\_\_\_\_ eleven  
years old.



- She       It  
 He's      Is

12. \_\_\_\_\_ twelve.



- He's       You  
 She       She's

13. \_\_\_\_\_ thirteen and Anna's fourteen.



- ( ) Tony      ( ) Tony's  
( ) He      ( ) Is

14. Tony's younger \_\_\_\_\_ Anna.



- ( ) than      ( ) of  
( ) from      ( ) on

15. Anna's \_\_\_\_\_ than Tony.



- ( ) old      ( ) very old  
( ) older      ( ) sister.

16. A. \_\_\_\_\_ is younger, Tony or Anna? B. Tony is.



- ( ) Whose      ( ) What  
( ) How old      ( ) Who

17. They are eight \_\_\_\_\_ old.



- ( ) boy      ( ) years  
( ) very      ( ) year

18. My \_\_\_\_\_ 7 years old.



- ( ) brother's      ( ) brothers  
( ) brother      ( ) the brother

19. Anna's sister \_\_\_\_\_ six years old.



- ( ) I'm      ( ) it's  
( ) is      ( ) she's

20. My brother is \_\_\_\_\_ Anna's sister.



- ( ) he older than      ( ) older  
( ) younger of      ( ) older than

21. Anna's sister is younger than \_\_\_\_\_ brother.



- ( ) Anna      ( ) my  
( ) he      ( ) she

22. I'm younger than \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) you      ( ) I  
( ) your      ( ) my

23. You're younger than \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) my      ( ) your  
( ) me      ( ) you

24. He's older than \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) his      ( ) your  
( ) her      ( ) my

25. She's older than \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) my      ( ) his  
( ) is      ( ) him

26. We're younger than \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) your      ( ) them  
( ) my      ( ) their

27. They're older than \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) us      ( ) your  
( ) their      ( ) our

317b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
are	
How	
old	
?	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
What	
am	
I	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
Jim	
Where	
?	
is	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
he	
is	
Who	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
is	
?	
old	
How	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
they	
How	
?	
old	
are	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	<b>How</b>
brother	<b>old</b>
your	<b>is</b>
old	<b>your</b>
is	<b>brother</b>
How	<b>?</b>

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
Anna's	
sister	
?	
How	
old	
is	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
I	
old	
nine	
years	
am	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
.	
You	
old	
years	
ten	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
eleven	
years	
He's	
.	
old	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
twelve	
.	
old	
years	
She's	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
Anna	
.	
old	
years	
Tony's	
is fourteen	
thirteen and	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
than	
Tony's	
.	
younger	
Anna	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
Tony	
than	
older	
.	
Anna's	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
Tony or	
younger	
?	
Anna	
,	
Who	
is	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
than	
,	
Tony	
younger	
her.	
is	
he's	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
eight	
old	
years	
They	
.	
are	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
sister	
older	
Anna's	
.	
brother is	
than	
My	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
than	
Anna's	
is	
my	
brother.	
younger	
sister	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
older	
.	
He	
her	
than	
is	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
than	
We	
.	
younger	
are	
them	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
younger	
I'm	
you	
than	
.	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
older	
She	
.	
him	
than	
is	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
older	
They	
us	
are	
than	
.	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
me	
younger	
than	
are	
.	
You	

### 317c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Hello. _____ name is John.		me
JOHN: _____ am twelve years old.		am
JOHN: How old are _____ ?		I'm
MARY: _____ thirteen years old.		My
JOHN: Are you older than _____ ?		I
MARY: Yes, I _____ .		you

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Am I younger than _____ ?		me
MARY: Yes, _____ .		than
JOHN: _____ fourteen.		you
JOHN: He is older than _____ and he is older than you.		you are
JOHN: Is he older _____ us?		he
MARY: Yes, _____ is.		Jim's

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Are we younger than _____ ?		than
MARY: Yes, _____ are.		him
JOHN: Anna is older _____ him.		he
JOHN: _____ is fifteen.		than her
JOHN: Is he younger _____ ?		we
MARY: Yes, _____ is.		She

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ am younger than Jim and Anna.		us
JOHN: _____ are younger than Jim and Anna.		we
JOHN: Are we younger than _____?		they
MARY: Yes, _____ are.		them
JOHN: Are they older than _____?		You
MARY: Yes, _____ are.		I

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Who are _____ than us?		is not
MARY: Jim and _____ are.		Jim
JOHN: Is _____ older than Anna?		than
MARY: No, he _____.		Anna
MARY: He is younger _____ her.		older

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: How _____ is Anna?		How
MARY: _____ is fifteen.		He
JOHN: _____ old is Jim?		She
MARY: _____ is fourteen.		old

## unit 318

### Where ... from? Imperative. Don't. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
African	Αφρικανικός
Austria	Αυστρία
Austrian	Αυστριακός
China	Κίνα
Chinese	Κινέζικος
Cyprus	Κύπρος
Denmark	Δανία
Egypt	Αίγυπτος
Egyptian	Αιγυπτιακός
eighteen	δεκαοκτώ
France	Γαλλία
French	Γαλλικός
German	Γερμανικός
Germany	Γερμανία
Greece	Ελλάδα
Greek	Ελληνικός
India	Ινδία
Israel	Ισραήλ
Italian	Ιταλικός
Italy	Ιταλία
Japan	Ιαπωνία
Japanese	Ιαπωνικός
Mexican	Μεξικάνικος
Mexico	Μεξικό
nineteen	δεκαεννιά
Portugal	Πορτογαλία
Portuguese	Πορτογαλικός
Scotland	Σκωτία
Spain	Ισπανία
Spanish	Ισπανικός
Sweden	Σουηδία
Swedish	Σουηδικός
Venezuela	Βενεζουέλα

greek	english
Αιγυπτιακός	
Αίγυπτος	
Αυστρία	
Αυστριακός	
Αφρικανικός	
Βενεζουέλα	
Γαλλία	
Γαλλικός	
Γερμανία	
Γερμανικός	
Δανία	
δεκαεννιά	
δεκαοκτώ	
Ελλάδα	
Ελληνικός	
Ιαπωνία	
Ιαπωνικός	
Ινδία	
Ισπανία	
Ισπανικός	
Ισραήλ	
Ιταλία	
Ιταλικός	
Κίνα	
Κινέζικος	
Κύπρος	
Μεξικάνικος	
Μεξικό	
Πορτογαλία	
Πορτογαλικός	
Σκωτία	
Σουηδία	
Σουηδικός	

## WHERE ... FROM?

Όταν θέλουμε να ρωτήσουμε από που είναι (κατάγεται) κάποιος, χρησιμοποιούμε τη φράση **where ... from** με τον κατάλληλο ερωτηματικό τύπο του ρήματος **to be** (είμαι). Η πρόθεση **from** πάει πάντα στο τέλος της ερώτησης.

**Where** is Minnie Mouse **from**?

Από που κατάγεται η Μίνι Μάους;

She's **from** America.

Είναι από την Αμερική.

**Where** are you **from**?

Από που είσαι;

I'm **from** England.

Είμαι από την Αγγλία.

I'm English.

Είμαι Αγγλος.

## ΠΡΟΣΤΑΚΤΙΚΗ

Για να ζητήσουμε από κάποιον να κάνει κάτι, χρησιμοποιούμε ένα ρήμα στην προστακτική χωρίς υποκείμενο.

\_ Sit down!

Κάτσε κάτω!

\_ Be quiet!

Να είσαι ήσυχος!

\_ Stand up!

Σήκω πάνω!

\_ Come on, quick!

Ελα, γρήγορα!

\_ Come here!

Ελα εδώ!

\_ Stop!

Σταμάτα!

\_ Wait!

Περίμενε!

\_ Walk back!

Περπάτα πίσω!

\_ Put your hand up!

Σήκωσε το χέρι σου!

\_ Open the door!

Ανοιξε την πόρτα!

\_ Point to the window!

Δείξε προς το παράθυρο!

\_ Spell this word!

Συλλάβισε αυτή τη λέξη!

\_ Change that sentence!

Αλλαξε αυτή την πρόταση!

\_ Add 3 plus 4!

Πρόσθεσε 3 και 4!

\_ Complete the dialogue!

Συμπλήρωσε τον διάλογο!

\_ Show the picture to him!

Δείξε την εικόνα σ'αυτόν!

Then, \_give me your book!

Μετά, δώσε μου το βιβλίο σου!

## ΑΡΝΗΤΙΚΗ ΠΡΟΣΤΑΚΤΙΚΗ

Για να διατάξουμε κάποιον να μην κάνει κάτι, χρησιμοποιούμε τη λέξη **don't** μπροστά από το ρήμα.

**Don't** go to school today! It's Sunday.

Μην πάτε σχολείο σήμερα! Είναι Κυριακή.

**Don't** shout!

Μην φωνάζετε!

**Don't** play now!

Μην παίζεις τώρα!

## unit 318

### Where ... from? Imperative. Don't. e-learning exercises

#### 318a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. Anna's \_\_\_\_\_ Italy.



- old                     of  
 front of               from

2. John's from \_\_\_\_\_.  
He is Greek.



- Italy                     Greece  
 Egypt                   old

3. This \_\_\_\_\_ from  
Egypt. It is Egyptian.



- cat's                     cat  
 cats                      is cat

4. \_\_\_\_\_ Helen from?



- Who's                   What's  
 Where's                 Where

5. Where \_\_\_\_\_ you  
from?



- it's                       's  
 am                         are

6. Where \_\_\_\_\_ from?



- I'm                       am I  
 am                         I am

7. \_\_\_\_\_ is he from?



- Where                   What  
 Who                      How old

8. Where is \_\_\_\_\_  
from?



- you                       him  
 her                         she

9. Where is \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- from                     it from  
 from it                 front of

10. Where \_\_\_\_\_ we  
from?



- is                         it's  
 are                       there

11. \_\_\_\_\_ are you  
from?



- Who's                   There  
 They                     Where

12. Where are \_\_\_\_\_  
from?



- that                     they  
 the                       there

13. \_\_\_\_\_ from China.



- )I'm             )Am
- )I                 )You

18. \_\_\_\_\_ Brazilian.



- )We             )The are
- )We're         )Their are

23. Is he \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )Africa         )Japan
- )African        )Venezuelan

14. \_\_\_\_\_ Mexican.



- )Are             )The are
- )You're         )You're from

19. You're from \_\_\_\_\_.



- )Greek         )Spanish
- )French         )Spain

24. Is \_\_\_\_\_ from India?



- )him             )it's
- )her             )she

15. He's from \_\_\_\_\_.



- )English        )Scottish
- )Greek         )Scotland

20. \_\_\_\_\_ from Portugal.



- )Theirs         )They
- )Their          )They're

25. Is it \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )from         )Swedish
- Swedish
- )from         )front
- Sweden

16. She's \_\_\_\_\_.



- )England       )French
- )France        )from
- French

21. Am I \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )England       )Japanese
- )Japan         )from
- Japanese

26. Is Karl from \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )Germany      )English
- )German        )Venezuelan

17. It's \_\_\_\_\_ the USA.



- )from         )in front
- )where        )in front of

22. Are you from \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )Venezuela    )Spanish
- )Venezuelan  )Grench

27. Are we \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- )from         )Austria
- German
- )from         )Austrian
- Austrian

28. Are you from \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- ( ) Austrian    ( ) Denmark  
 ( ) German    ( ) English

29. Are they \_\_\_\_\_ Israel?



- ( ) -                    ( ) from the  
 ( ) from                ( ) front

**318b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
she is	
.	
is from	
Anna	
Italian	
,	
Italy	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
Greece	
he is	
John	
.	
Greek	
is from	
,	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
it is	
Egypt	
This	
cat's from	
Egyptian	
,	
.	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
Helen	
China.	
-She's	
Where's	
from?	
from	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
-I'm	
Mexico.	
from?	
are	
from	
Where	
you	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
I	
am	
from	
Scotland.	
Where	
from?	
-You're	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
from	
-He's	
France.	
Where	
from?	
he	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
-She's	
USA.	
Where	
is	
from	
from the	
she	
?	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
from	
-It's	
it	
from?	
Egypt.	
Where	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
-You	
Brasil.	
Where	
are from	
are	
we	
?	
from	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
you	
from	
Spain.	
-We're from	
Where	
are	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
Portugal.	
from?	
they	
-They	
Where	
are	
are from	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
China	
I	
,	
Chinese.	
am from	
I'm	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
Mexican	
You're	
Mexico.	
from	
you're	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
France	
.	
,	
she's from	
She	
French	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
Brazil.	
are	
from	
we're	
,	
We	
Brazilian	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
Spanish.	
You're	
Spain	
you're	
from	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
they're	
They're from	
Portugal	
Portuguese	
,	
.	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
-Yes, you're from	
Japan	
I	
Japanese	
.	
Am	
?	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
Sweden	
Is	
it	
.	
-Yes, it's from	
Swedish	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
German	
?	
he's	
-Yes,	
Germany	
.	
Is	
Karl from	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
Austria	
Austrian	
Are	
you're from	
?	
we	
.	
-Yes,	

### 318c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Mario is _____ Italy.		Is
JOHN: _____ is eighteen years old.		old
JOHN: Rosa _____ from Germany.		he
JOHN: She is nineteen years _____.		is
JOHN: _____ Mario from Germany?		He
MARY: No, _____ isn't.		from

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is he from _____ ?		she is
MARY: Yes, _____.		Italian
JOHN: Is Rosa _____ ?		Is she
MARY: No, _____.		he is
JOHN: _____ German?		Italy
MARY MARY: Yes, _____.		she isn't

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ from Italy?		Where
MARY: _____ is.		is
JOHN: _____ is from Germany?		Italy
MARY: Rosa _____.		Who
JOHN: _____ is Mario from?		Mario
MARY: He is from _____.		Who's

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Where is Rosa _____ ?		is
MARY: She _____ Germany.		is German
JOHN: Who's _____ ?		Italian
MARY: Mario _____.		is from
JOHN: Who _____ ?		Rosa is
MARY: _____.		from

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is Mario Italian _____ ?		eighteen
MARY: He is _____, he is Italian.		not Italian
JOHN: Is Rosa German _____ ?		old
MARY: She is _____, she is German.		or Italian
JOHN: How _____ is Mario?		or German
MARY: He is _____.		not German

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: How _____ is Rosa?		older
MARY: _____ nineteen.		Rosa
JOHN: Who is _____ than Mario?		She's
MARY: _____ is.		old

7.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Where are _____, Mary?		I'm from
MARY: I _____ Cyprus.		are you
MARY: Where _____ from, John?		am
JOHN: _____ Greece.		am from
JOHN: I _____ Greek.		you from

## unit 319

### Time – o' clock, half past, quarter past, quarter to, ... minutes past/to.

### vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
afternoon	απόγευμα
breakfast	πρόγευμα
dinner	δείπνο
evening	βράδυ
lunch	γεύμα
morning	πρωί
night	νύχτα
noon	μεσημέρι
twenty	είκοσι

greek	english
απόγευμα	
βράδυ	
γεύμα	
δείπνο	
είκοσι	
μεσημέρι	
νύχτα	
πρόγευμα	
πρωί	

#### TIME PHRASES

Για να λέμε την ώρα (time) χρησιμοποιούμε τις φράσεις (phrases):

... o'clock = ... ακριβώς, half past ... = ... και μισή, (a) quarter past ... = ... και τέταρτο, (a) quarter to ... = ... παρά τέταρτο, ... (minutes) past ... = ... και ... (λεπτά), ... (minutes) to ... = ... παρά ... (λεπτά)

Μόνο η φράση o'clock χρησιμοποιείται μετά τον αριθμό της ώρας.

Ολες οι άλλες χρησιμοποιούνται πριν τον αριθμό της ώρας.

a quarter <b>past</b> nine	9 και τέταρτο
twenty minutes <b>past</b> nine	9 και είκοσι λεπτά
half <b>past</b> nine	9 και μισή
a quarter <b>to</b> ten	10 παρά τέταρτο
five minutes <b>to</b> ten	10 παρά 5
ten o'clock	10 ακριβώς

#### IT IS + ΩΡΑ

Όταν ρωτάμε ή λέμε την ώρα χρησιμοποιούμε την ουδέτερη αντωνυμία **it** με τον κατάλληλο τύπο του ρήματος **to be** (it is - is it? - it isn't).

What time <b>is it</b> ?	Τι ώρα είναι;
<b>It's</b> seven o'clock.	Είναι 7 ακριβώς.
<b>Is it</b> half past nine?	Είναι 9 και μισή;
<b>Yes, it is.</b>	Ναι, είναι.
<b>Is it</b> a quarter past eleven?	Είναι 11 και τέταρτο;
<b>No, it isn't.</b>	Όχι, δεν είναι.
<b>It's</b> a quarter to eleven.	Είναι 11 παρά τέταρτο.

**NUMBERS 1-1000****Αριθμοί 1-1000**

1	one
2	two
3	three
4	four
5	five
6	six
7	seven
8	eight
9	nine
10	ten
11	eleven
12	twelve
13	thirteen
14	fourteen
15	fifteen
16	sixteen
17	seventeen
18	eighteen
19	nineteen
20	twenty
21	twenty-one
22	twenty-two
30	thirty
40	forty
50	fifty
60	sixty
70	seventy
80	eighty
90	ninety
100	a hundred
1000	a thousand
101	a hundred and one
397	three hundred and ninety seven
4568	four thousand five hundred and sixty eight

# unit 319

## Time – o' clock, half past, quarter past, quarter to, ... minutes past/to.

### e-learning exercises

#### 319a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ the time?



- Who's
- How many
- What's
- How old

2. It is \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock.



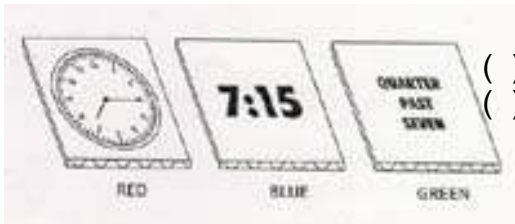
- twenty
- twelve
- ten
- two

3. It's quarter \_\_\_\_\_ seven.



- from
- to
- front
- old

4. It's quarter \_\_\_\_\_ seven.



- past
- from
- front
- to

5. It's a \_\_\_\_\_ to nine.



- half
- nine
- quarter
- fifteen

6. It's a quarter past \_\_\_\_\_.



- time
- hour
- three
- nine

7. It's eight \_\_\_\_\_.



- quarter
- o'clock
- half
- time

8. It's \_\_\_\_\_ past six.



- half
- two quarter
- quarter to
- o'clock

9. \_\_\_\_\_ is the time?



- Who
- How old
- What
- Where

10. \_\_\_\_\_ at the clock.  
Is it five o'clock?



- Whose
- What
- Where
- Look

11. It isn't three o'clock, it's \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock.



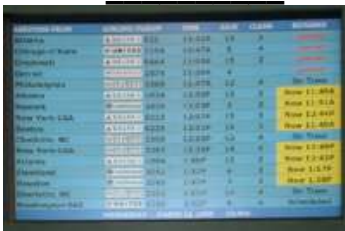
- twelve
- four
- time
- half

12. It's time \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast.



- from
- front
- for
- o'clock

13. What \_\_\_\_\_ it?



( )'s the time ( )time  
( )'s time ( )time is

14. It's \_\_\_\_\_ for lunch.



( )time's ( )times  
( )time ( )a time

15. \_\_\_\_\_ time for dinner.



( )It's ( )Him  
( )It ( )Is

16. It's time \_\_\_\_\_ a walk.



( )front ( )for  
( )of ( )from

17. It's \_\_\_\_\_ bed.



( )time for ( )time  
( )time the ( )o'clock

18. It's time \_\_\_\_\_ school.



( )from ( )for  
( )past ( )the

19. It's \_\_\_\_\_ minutes past five.



( )half ( )two  
( )quarter ( )ten

20. It's ten \_\_\_\_\_ to five.



( )times ( )quarters  
( )minutes ( )clocks

21. It's \_\_\_\_\_ past six.



( )twenty ( )quarter  
( )four ( )half

22. It's twenty to \_\_\_\_\_.



( )half ( )eight  
( )six ( )quarter

**319b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
?	
What's	
time	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
two	
It	
o'	
is	
.	
clock	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
to	
.	
seven	
quarter	
It's	
a	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
quarter	
seven	
It's	
.	
past	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
nine	
It's	
to	
.	
a	
quarter	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
.	
nine	
quarter	
past	
It's	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
o'clock	
.	
It's	
eight	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
half	
.	
six	
It's	
past	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
time	
?	
is	
What	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
clock	
Look	
.	
at	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
five	
-Yes,	
Is	
it is.	
o'clock?	
it	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
it is	
three o'clock,	
isn't	
It	
o'clock.	
four	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
time	
.	
breakfast	
for	
It's	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
time	
is	
What	
?	
it	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
lunch	
for	
.	
time	
It's	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
for	
dinner	
It's	
.	
time	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
for	
time	
.	
It's	
walk	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
time	
It's	
bed	
.	
for	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
time	
school	
It's	
.	
for	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
five.	
past	
It's	
minutes	
ten	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
to	
It's	
five.	
ten	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
twenty	
six.	
It's	
past	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
to	
six.	
It's	
twenty	

### 319c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What's _____ ?		in the
MARY: It's eight o'clock in _____		time is
MARY: It's _____ breakfast.		It's time
JOHN: What _____ it?		time for
MARY: It's half past eight _____ morning.		the morning
MARY: _____ for school.		the time

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What is _____ time?		it
MARY: It's quarter to two o'clock _____ noon.		four
MARY: It's time _____ lunch.		in
JOHN: Is it half past _____ ?		for
MARY: No, _____ isn't.		at
MARY: It's quarter past five _____ the afternoon.		the

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is it time for _____ ?		quarter to
MARY: Yes, it _____.		isn't
JOHN: Is it _____ to seven?		is
MARY: No, it _____.		a walk
MARY: It's _____ eight in the evening.		a quarter

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is _____ time for breakfast?		at
MARY: No, it _____, it's time for dinner..		not
JOHN: Is it time _____ walk?		for
MARY: No, it is _____.		for a
MARY: It is quarter past eleven _____ night.		isn't
MARY: It is time _____ bed.		it

## unit 320

### The verb TO HAVE GOT. vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
bicycle	ποδήλατο
bicycles	ποδήλατα
blue	μπλε
buttons	κουμπιά
car	αυτοκίνητο
cat	γάτα
children	παιδιά
daughter	κόρη
dolls	κούκλες
eleven	έντεκα
eyes	μάτια
five	πέντε
four	τέσσερα
friend	φίλος
guitar	κιθάρα
hand	χέρι
hat	καπέλο
head	κεφάλι
house	σπίτι
legs	πόδια
name	όνομα
pen	στυλό
pencil	μολύβι
pink	ροζ
red	κόκκινο
six	έξι
small	μικρός
son	γιός
ten	δέκα
three	τρία
ticket	εισιτήριο
two	δύο
young	νέος σε ηλικία

greek	english
αυτοκίνητο	
γάτα	
γιός	
δέκα	
δύο	
εισιτήριο	
έντεκα	
έξι	
καπέλο	
κεφάλι	
κιθάρα	
κόκκινο	
κόρη	
κούκλες	
κουμπιά	
μάτια	
μικρός	
μολύβι	
μπλε	
νέος σε ηλικία	
όνομα	
παιδιά	
πέντε	
ποδήλατα	
ποδήλατο	
πόδια	
ροζ	
σπίτι	
στυλό	
τέσσερα	
τρία	
φίλος	
χέρι	

## HAVE, HAVE GOT

Για να δηλώσουμε κατοχή χρησιμοποιούμε το βοηθητικό ρήμα **have** (έχω) ή **have got** (έχω). Σε όλα τα πρόσωπα είναι ίδιο εκτός από το γ' ενικό (**he-she-it**) όπου το **have** μετατρέπεται σε **has** (έχει).

I <b>have</b> a brother.	Εχω έναν αδελφό.
He <b>has</b> a daughter.	Αυτός έχει μια κόρη.
Mary <b>has</b> only two friends.	Η Μαίρη έχει μόνο δύο φίλες.
You <b>have got</b> a camera.	Εσύ έχεις μια φωτογραφική μηχανή.
The dog <b>has got</b> a bowl.	Ο σκύλος έχει ένα μπωλ.
We <b>have got</b> a big house.	Εχουμε ένα μεγάλο σπίτι.
They <b>have got</b> a new laptop.	Εχουν ενα καινούργιο φορητό Η/Υ.

## I'VE GOT / HAVE I GOT? / I HAVEN'T GOT

Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Αρνηση
I have (I've) got	Have I got?	I have not (I haven't) got
You have (You've) got	Have you got?	You have not (You haven't) got
He has (He's) got	Has he got?	He has not (He hasn't) got
She has (She's) got	Has she got?	She has not (She hasn't) got
It has (It's) got	Has it got?	It has not (It hasn't) got
We have (We've) got	Have we got?	We have not (We haven't) got
You have (You've) got	Have you got?	You have not (You haven't) got
They have (They've) got	Have they got?	They have not (They haven't) got

## YES, I HAVE / NO, I HAVEN'T.

Στις σύντομες απαντήσεις με ναι ή όχι, χρησιμοποιούμε το βοηθητικό ρήμα **to have** στον κατάλληλο τύπο.

Have you got a ticket?	Εχεις εισιτήριο;
Yes, I <b>have</b> .	Ναι, έχω.
Has she got a car?	Εχει αυτή αυτοκίνητο;
No, she <b>hasn't</b> .	Όχι, δεν έχει.

# unit 320

## The verb TO HAVE GOT. e-learning exercises

### 320a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ you got a ticket?



- Is                     Are
- Has                    Have

2. \_\_\_\_\_ he got a sports car?



- Are                     Has
- Is                       Have

3. Has \_\_\_\_\_ a guitar?



- she got             you
- got she             got

4. Has it got four \_\_\_\_\_?



- leg                     foot
- legs                   tooth

5. \_\_\_\_\_ they got a TV?



- Am                     Are
- It's                    Have

9. No, he \_\_\_\_\_.



- aren't               haven't
- am not               hasn't

6. Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.



- has                    have
- is                      are

10. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ has.



- they                  she
- you                   I

7. No, \_\_\_\_\_ haven't.



- I                       she
- he                     it

11. No, \_\_\_\_\_ hasn't.



- she                   we
- I                       they

8. Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.



- are                    am
- has                   have

12. Yes, they \_\_\_\_\_.



- is                     has
- have                 am

13. No, they \_\_\_\_\_.



- hasn't.       isn't
- am not       haven't

14. How many buttons \_\_\_\_\_ got?



- you have       have you
- she has       it is

15. How many dolls \_\_\_\_\_ got?



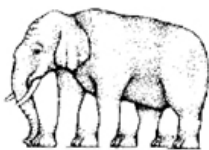
- you have       she has
- has she       they have

16. \_\_\_\_\_ many fingers has he got?



- Where       What
- Who       How

17. How \_\_\_\_\_ legs has it got?



How many legs does this elephant have?

- there       many
- time       old

18. How many children have \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- they got       got there
- got they       she got

19. \_\_\_\_\_ got two.



- Have       I've
- Has       Is

20. \_\_\_\_\_ got three.



- He is       He's
- Is       We're

21. \_\_\_\_\_ got four.



- She's       She have
- She is       Her

22. \_\_\_\_\_ got five.



- Helen       Helen is
- Helen's       Has

23. \_\_\_\_\_ got six.



- Have       They are
- There       They've are

24. I have a hat on my \_\_\_\_\_.



- hand       head
- leg       arm

25. He \_\_\_\_\_ a pen and a pencil in his hand.



- has       is got
- is       have

26. She \_\_\_\_\_ blue eyes.



- have       is got
- has       are

27. They \_\_\_\_\_ a nice house.



- is       has got
- are       have

**320b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
got	
Have	
?	
ticket	
you	
a	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
car	
he	
a	
got	
?	
sports	
Has	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
got	
?	
she	
Has	
guitar	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
it	
?	
four	
legs	
Has	
got	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
TV	
Have	
they	
a	
got	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
many	
buttons	
How	
got	
?	
have	
you	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
got	
two	
.	
I've	
buttons	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
has	
How	
got	
many	
?	
dolls	
she	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
fingers	
has	
many	
How	
got	
?	
he	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
has	
got	
many	
legs	
How	
?	
it	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
got	
?	
they	
children	
have	
many	
How	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
How	
you	
many	
got	
?	
have	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
have	
.	
two	
got	
I	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
many	
?	
How	
got	
he	
has	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
three	
has	
got	
He	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
got	
has	
?	
many	
How	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
four	
She	
has	
got	
.	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
dolls	
Helen's	
got	
.	
five	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
How	
got	
has	
it	
many	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
six	
got	
.	
It	
has	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
have	
How	
they	
many	
got	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
got	
six	
They	
have	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
hat	
.	
I	
a	
head	
have	
on my	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
in	
He	
hand.	
has	
his	
and a	
pencil	
a pen	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
blue	
got	
eyes	
She	
.	
has	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
eyes	
are	
blue	
Her	
.	

27. :

Choice	Correct Order
old	
got	
house	
They	
an	
have	
.	

28. :

Choice	Correct Order
old	
Their	
house	
.	
is	

### 320c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ got a daughter.		have
JOHN: _____ name is Vera.		It's
JOHN: She's _____ a cat.		I've
JOHN: _____ name is Hroop.		got
JOHN: _____ got nice blue eyes.		Its
JOHN: We _____ got a small house.		Her

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ a friend.		They've
JOHN: _____ Haris.		They
JOHN: _____ a red bicycle.		Vera's bicycle
JOHN: _____ is pink.		He's got
JOHN: _____ got nice bicycles.		His name's
JOHN: _____ haven't got a car.		Vera's got

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: They _____ young.		Have
JOHN: Vera _____ ten and Haris is eleven.		are
JOHN: _____ they got two bicycles?		hasn't
MARY: Yes, they _____.		is
JOHN: _____ Haris got a car?		have
MARY: No, he _____.		Has

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Has _____ got a cat?		Whose
MARY: Yes, _____ has.		has
JOHN: _____ has got a red bicycle?		Vera's
MARY: Haris _____.		Who
JOHN: _____ bicycle is pink?		she
MARY: _____ is.		Vera

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ is younger?		Who's
MARY: Vera _____.		has
JOHN: _____ got a cat?		is
MARY: Vera _____.		Who

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ Haris got a cat?		Have
MARY: No, he _____ got a cat.		haven't
JOHN: _____ I got a daughter or a son?		hasn't
MARY: You _____ got a son, you've got a daughter.		Has

## unit 321

### The auxiliary verb CAN vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
ball	μπάλα
bear	αρκούδα
bees	μέλισσες
cat	γάτα
climb	σκαρφαλώνω
count	μετρώ
crocodile	κροκόδειλος
dog	σκύλος
elephant	ελέφαντας
fast	γρήγορος
fly	πετώ
guitar	κιθάρα
hills	λόφοι
jump	πηδώνω
kick	κλωτσώ
mouse	ποντίκι
play	παίζω
river	ποτάμι
run	τρέχω
sing	τραγουδώνω
six	έξι
swim	κολυμπώ
tennis	τένις
watch	ρολόι
zoo	ζωολογικός κήπος

greek	english
αρκούδα	
γάτα	
γρήγορος	
ελέφαντας	
έξι	
ζωολογικός κήπος	
κιθάρα	
κλωτσώ	
κολυμπώ	
κροκόδειλος	
λόφοι	
μέλισσες	
μετρώ	
μπάλα	
παίζω	
πετώ	
πηδώνω	
ποντίκι	
ποτάμι	
ρολόι	
σκαρφαλώνω	
σκύλος	
τένις	
τραγουδώνω	
τρέχω	

**CAN.** Το βοηθητικό ρήμα **can** (μπορώ) χρησιμοποιείται για να δείξει δυνατότητα και είναι ίδιο σε όλα τα πρόσωπα (δεν αλλάζει στο γ' ενικό πρόσωπο), π.χ. μπορώ = I can, αυτή μπορεί = she can, αυτοί μπορούν = they can.

I **can** play football.

Μπορώ να παίζω ποδόσφαιρο.

She **can** swim.

Αυτή μπορεί να κολυμπάει.

They **can** run fast.

Αυτοί μπορούν να τρέχουν γρήγορα.

### CAN I?

Για να κάνουμε ερώτηση με το ρήμα **can** αντιστρέφουμε την πρόταση και βάζουμε τη λέξη **can** μπροστά από το υποκείμενο, π.χ. μπορώ...? = **Can I...?**, μπορούμε...? = **Can we...?** .

**Can** you climb up this wall?

Μπορείς να σκαφαλώσεις πάνω σ'αυτόν τον τοίχο;

**Can** John and Mary sing?

Μπορούν ο Γιάννης και η Μαίρη να τραγουδήσουν;

### CANNOT, CAN'T

Στην άρνηση βάζουμε τη λέξη **not** κολλητά στην **can** και γίνεται **cannot**. Υπάρχει και ο σύντομος τύπος **can't**.

Flies **cannot** swim.

Οι μύγες δεν μπορούν να κολυμπήσουν.

She **can't** fly.

Αυτή δεν μπορεί να πετάξει.

### Το βοηθητικό ρήμα to can.

Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Άρνηση
I can	Can I?	I cannot (I can't)
You can	Can you?	You cannot (You can't)
He can	Can he?	He cannot (He can't)
She can	Can she?	She cannot (She can't)
It can	Can it?	It cannot (It can't)
We can	Can we?	We cannot (We can't)
You can	Can you?	You cannot (You can't)
They can	Can they?	They cannot (They can't)

### CAN+ΡΗΜΑ (ΑΠΑΡΕΜΦΑΤΟ)

Ακολουθείται από ένα άλλο ρήμα στην απλή του μορφή (απαρέμφατο) χωρίς την πρόθεση **to** ανάμεσά τους.

Και το δεύτερο ρήμα παραμένει αναλλοίωτο σε όλα τα πρόσωπα.

I **can** swim.

Μπορώ να κολυμπήσω.

She **can** swim\_.

Αυτή μπορεί να κολυμπήσει.

### YES, I CAN / NO, I CAN'T.

Στις σύντομες απαντήσεις με ναι ή όχι χρησιμοποιούμε μόνο τον κατάλληλο τύπο του βοηθητικού ρήματος **to can**.

**Can** you jump?

Μπορείς να πηδήξεις;

Yes, I **can**.

Ναι, μπορώ.

**Can** he sing?

Μπορεί αυτός να τραγουδήσει;

No, he **can't**.

Όχι, δεν μπορεί.

**Can** they swim?

Μπορούν αυτοί να κολυμπήσουν;

No, they **can't**.

Όχι, δεν μπορούν.

## unit 321

### The auxiliary verb CAN

### e-learning exercises

#### 321a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. What \_\_\_\_\_ you see?



- ( ) are            ( ) has  
( ) have        ( ) can

2. I \_\_\_\_\_ see a bear and an elephant.



- ( ) are            ( ) am  
( ) can            ( ) have

3. I can \_\_\_\_\_ the zoo.



- ( ) see            ( ) is  
( ) has            ( ) am

4. Who \_\_\_\_\_ see?



- ( ) are you      ( ) can you  
( ) you have    ( ) you can

5. \_\_\_\_\_ can see Tania and Tom .



- ( ) I've            ( ) I'm  
( ) Have          ( ) I

6. \_\_\_\_\_ see a mouse?



- ( ) You can      ( ) Have you  
( ) Can you      ( ) Are you

7. \_\_\_\_\_ many bees can you see?



- ( ) How            ( ) What  
( ) Who            ( ) Where

8. I can see \_\_\_\_\_ cars.



- ( ) a red          ( ) six  
( ) seven        ( ) four

9. \_\_\_\_\_ at Tom. He can swim.



- ( ) See            ( ) Have  
( ) Is              ( ) Look

10. Look at Anna. She \_\_\_\_\_ jump.



- ( ) is              ( ) are  
( ) can            ( ) has

11. Look at \_\_\_\_\_. I can dive.



- ( ) me            ( ) my  
( ) I              ( ) our

12. Look at the cat and the dog . \_\_\_\_\_ can run very fast .



- ( ) She            ( ) They  
( ) We            ( ) It

13. Look at Andrew and me. \_\_\_\_\_ can play football.



- ( ) Our ( ) They  
( ) Us ( ) We

14. A. Can you sing?  
B. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) can ( ) you can  
( ) I can ( ) can you

15. A. Can I count?  
B. No, \_\_\_\_\_ can't.



- ( ) they ( ) she  
( ) he ( ) you

16. A. Can \_\_\_\_\_?  
B. Yes, he can.



- ( ) walk she ( ) he walk.  
( ) walk ( ) walk he

17. A. Can she talk?  
B. No, she \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) can't ( ) hasn't  
( ) isn't ( ) 's not

18. A. Can \_\_\_\_\_ hills?  
B. Yes, they can.



- ( ) climb ( ) climb  
they  
( ) they ( ) they  
climb

19. \_\_\_\_\_ Bob play tennis?



- ( ) Are ( ) Has  
( ) Is ( ) Can

20. I \_\_\_\_\_ play basketball but I can play tennis.



- ( ) am not ( ) can't  
( ) isn't ( ) can

21. You can't run fast but you \_\_\_\_\_ jump well.



- ( ) can ( ) aren't  
( ) are ( ) haven't

22. He \_\_\_\_\_ dive in the river but he can swim.



- ( ) hasn't ( ) isn't  
( ) can't ( ) not

23. She can't kick the ball but \_\_\_\_\_ watch the game.



- ( ) she is ( ) she can  
( ) she has ( ) she

24. We can't play \_\_\_\_\_ guitar but we can sing .



- ( ) they ( ) the  
( ) it ( ) and

25. \_\_\_\_\_ can't see us but they can hear us.



- ( )The ( )They  
( )There ( )Their

26. A. What can you \_\_\_?  
B. I can sing.



- ( )is ( )are  
( )do ( )got

27. A. What can I do?  
B. \_\_\_\_\_ can sing.



- ( )It ( )He  
( )I ( )You

28. A. What \_\_\_\_\_ do?  
B. He can sing.



- ( )can ( )can he  
( )he ( )he can

29. A. What can she do?  
B. \_\_\_\_\_ can sing.



- ( )She ( )Her  
( )He ( )Hers

30. A. \_\_\_\_\_ can it do?  
B. It can sing.



- ( )Who ( )Where  
( )What ( )How old

31. A. What can \_\_\_\_\_ do?  
B. You can sing.



- ( )we're ( )he  
( )they ( )we

32. A. What can \_\_\_\_\_?  
B. We can sing.



- ( )do ( )you do  
( )do you ( )are you

33. A. What \_\_\_\_\_ do?  
B. They can sing.



- ( )they can ( )can they  
( )they ( )can

34. A. What \_\_\_\_\_ do?  
B. She can sing.



- ( )Margaret ( )Margaret  
can  
( )is ( )can  
Margaret Margaret

### 321b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
see?	
can	
What	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
see	
zoo	
I	
.	
the	
can	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
an	
a	
I	
bear and	
can	
elephant.	
see	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
can	
see?	
Who	
you	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
and	
Tania	
Tom.	
see	
can	
I	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
mouse?	
see	
you	
Can	
a	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
I	
can	
,	
Yes	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
bees	
can	
many	
see?	
How	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
six	
see	
.	
I	
can	
bees	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
Tom	
Look	
he	
,	
can	
swim.	
at	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
Anna	
,	
at	
jump.	
Look	
can	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
dive	
can	
.	
me,	
I	
Look	
at	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
they	
the dog	
the cat and	
,	
run very fast.	
can	
Look at	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
we	
,	
me	
Andrew and	
play football.	
Look at	
can	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
I can.	
sing	
Can	
-Yes,	
you	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
I	
Can	
-No,	
count?	
.	
you can't	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
-Yes,	
?	
can	
Can	
.	
he walk	
he	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
talk	
.	
-No, she	
can't	
Can	
she	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
hills?	
they	
climb	
-Yes,	
Can they	
.	
can	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
can't	
tennis?	
.	
-No, he	
Bob	
play	
Can	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
basketball but	
I can play tennis	
can't play	
I	
.	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
run	
jump well.	
can	
You can't	
you	
fast but	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
can't	
He	
in the river	
dive	
can swim.	
but he	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
the game.	
but	
She	
the ball	
watch	
can't kick	
she can	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
can	
the guitar	
play	
but we	
sing.	
We can't	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
they can	
hear	
see us	
us.	
They	
but	
can't	

27. :

Choice	Correct Order
do	
What	
?	
you	
can	

28. :

Choice	Correct Order
can	
I	
.	
sing	

29. :

Choice	Correct Order
can	
?	
do	
What	
I	

30. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
sing	
can	
You	

31. :

Choice	Correct Order
-He can	
can	
?	
he	
sing.	
What	
do	

32. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
can sing	
can	
What	
.	
do?	
-She	

33. :

Choice	Correct Order
do?	
it	
sing	
What	
-It can	
.	
can	

34. :

Choice	Correct Order
can	
do	
What can	
-You	
?	
sing	
.	
we	

35. :

Choice	Correct Order
What	
?	
can	
sing	
do	
can they	
.	
-They	

36. :

Choice	Correct Order
Margaret	
What	
-She can	
sing	
do?	
can	
.	

### 321c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ the zoo.		you see
JOHN: What _____ see?		I can
MARY: I _____ a bear and an elephant.		can you
JOHN: Can _____ a crocodile?		can see
JOHN MARY: Yes, _____.		at

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Can you _____ mouse?		Tania and
MARY: No, I can _____ mouse.		Tania but
JOHN: Can you see _____ Tom?		not see a
MARY: I can't see _____ I can see Tom.		see a

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look at _____ photo.		We
JOHN: I can _____.		can
JOHN: You _____ swim .		can dive
JOHN: _____ can swim.		swim
JOHN: Look _____ Tom.		this
JOHN: He _____.		at

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Anna can _____, too.		can't
JOHN: They _____ dive.		I can
JOHN: _____ I dive?		dive
MARY: No, you _____.		can
JOHN: _____ swim?		Can
MARY: Yes, _____.		Can you

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Can _____ fly?		she
MARY: No, he _____ fly but he can dive.		can
JOHN: _____ Anna dive?		Tom
MARY: Yes, _____ can.		can't
JOHN: _____ can swim?		Can
MARY: We _____.		Who

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What can Tom _____ Anna do?		can't
MARY: _____ can dive.		I
JOHN: Can you _____ ?		do
MARY: No, I _____.		They
JOHN: What can you _____ ?		and
MARY: _____ can swim.		fly

## unit 322

### The simple present of TO WANT vocabulary

english	greek
bread	ψωμί
corn	καλαμπόκι
juice	χυμός
milk	γάλα
omelette	ομελέττα
orange	πορτοκάλι
pizza	πίτσα
salad	σαλάτα
want	θέλω

greek	english
γάλα	
θέλω	
καλαμπόκι	
ομελέττα	
πίτσα	
πορτοκάλι	
σαλάτα	
χυμός	
ψωμί	

#### -S ΣΤΟ Γ' ΕΝΙΚΟ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΟ

Όλα τα ρήματα (π.χ. **to want**) στον Απλό Ενεστώτα Χρόνο παίρνουν την κατάληξη **-s** στο γ' ενικό πρόσωπο, π.χ. εγώ θέλω = **I want**, αυτή θέλει = **she wants**.

I **want** a new camera.

Θέλω μια καινούργια φωτογραφική μηχανή.

He **wants** a new cellphone.

Αυτός θέλει ένα καινούργιο κινητό τηλέφωνο.

They **want** a pizza.

Αυτοί θέλουν μια πίτσα.

#### ΕΡΩΤΗΣΗ ΜΕ DO, DOES / ΑΡΝΗΣΗ ΜΕ DO NOT, DOES NOT.

Για να κάνουμε ερώτηση ή άρνηση στον Απλό Ενεστώτα Χρόνο, θα χρησιμοποιήσουμε μπροστά από το ρήμα (π.χ. **want**) το βοηθητικό ρήμα **to do** που παίρνει την κατάληξη **-es** στο γ' ενικό πρόσωπο και γίνεται **does**. Τότε χάνεται η κατάληξη **-s** του γ' ενικού από το (κύριο ρήμα), π.χ. θέλεις εσύ...; = **Do you want ...?**, θέλω εγώ; = **Do I want ...?**, θέλει αυτή...; = **Does she want ...?**, Εγώ δεν θέλω = **I do not want**, Αυτός δεν θέλει = **He does not want**

**Do** you want an apple?

Θέλεις ένα μήλο;

**Does** she want\_ an apple?

Θέλει αυτή ένα μήλο;

The dog **does not** want\_ an apple.

Ο σκύλος δεν θέλει ένα μήλο.

The simple Present Tense (Ο Απλός Ενεστώτας Χρόνος)		
Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Αρνηση
I want	Do I want?	I do not want (I don't want)
You want	Do you want?	You do not want (You don't want)
He wants	Does he want_?	He does not want_ (He doesn't want_)
She wants	Does she want_?	She does not want_ (She doesn't want_)
It wants	Does it want_?	It does not want_ (It doesn't want_)
We want	Do we want?	We do not want (We don't want)
You want	Do you want?	You do not want (You don't want)
They want	Do they want?	They do not want (They don't want)

### YES, I DO / NO, I DON'T / YES, HE DOES / NO, HE DOESN'T

Σε σύντομες απαντήσεις με ναι ή όχι χρησιμοποιούμε μόνο τον κατάλληλο τύπο του βοηθητικού ρήματος **to do**.

Do you want an apple?	Θέλεις ένα μήλο;
<b>Yes, I do.</b>	Ναι, θέλω.
Does she want a pizza?	Θέλει αυτή μια πίτσα;
<b>No, she doesn't.</b>	Όχι, δεν θέλει.
Do they want some milk?	Θέλουν αυτοί λίγο γάλα;
<b>Yes, they do.</b>	Ναι, θέλουν.

## unit 322

# The simple present of TO WANT

## e-learning exercises

### 322a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. What \_\_\_\_\_ you want, Philip?



- have             are  
 does             do

2. What does \_\_\_\_\_ want, Jim?



- they             she  
 you             I

3. What do \_\_\_\_\_ want, Ann?



- they             she  
 he             it

4. A. Do you want a hamburger? B. Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.



- am             have  
 do             can

5. A. Does he \_\_\_\_\_ a pizza? B. Yes, he does.



- has             wants  
 eats             want

6. A. Do they want an omelette? B. Yes, they \_\_\_\_\_.



- have             do  
 are             does

7. A. Do \_\_\_\_\_ want some milk? B. Yes, I do.



- you             I  
 she             they

8. I \_\_\_\_\_ some milk.



- am             want  
 has             does

9. A. Does he want some salad? B. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ does.



- he             his  
 he's             she

10. \_\_\_\_\_ wants some salad.



- They             Her  
 Tom             You

11. A. Does she want some salad? B. No, she \_\_\_\_\_.



- can't             isn't  
 hasn't             doesn't

12. Vera \_\_\_\_\_ some orange juice.



- does             wants  
 want             have  
 want             have

13. \_\_\_\_\_ wants some Coke.



- ( ) She                      ( ) Does  
 ( ) We                      ( ) Has

14. \_\_\_\_\_ wants some pop corn.



- ( ) What                    ( ) Where  
 does he  
 ( ) Does he                ( ) He

15. A. \_\_\_\_\_ want some bread? B. Yes, they do.



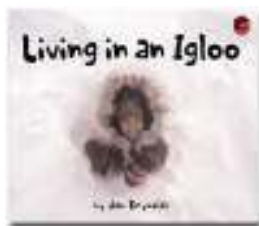
- ( ) Are they                ( ) Do they  
 ( ) Have                    ( ) They do  
 they

16. They \_\_\_\_\_ some bread.



- ( ) wants                    ( ) are  
 ( ) want                    ( ) not want

17. He \_\_\_\_\_ want an ice cream .



- ( ) hasn't.                ( ) not  
 ( ) isn't                    ( ) doesn't

18. They \_\_\_\_\_ want a pizza.



- ( ) haven't                ( ) don't  
 ( ) aren't                ( ) doesn't

19. A. Who wants an ice cream? B. I \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) do                      ( ) am  
 ( ) can                    ( ) wants

20. A. Who wants some salad? B. Tom \_\_\_\_\_.



- ( ) he wants                ( ) does  
 ( ) is                        ( ) want

**322b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.**

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
Philip	
you	
,	
?	
want	
What	
do	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
?	
want	
What	
Jim	
does	
,	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
Ann	
they	
do	
?	
want	
,	
What	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
a	
hamburger	
Do	
want	
you	
?	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
I	
do	
Yes	
,	
,	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
want	
?	
he	
pizza	
Does	
a	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
does	
Yes	
.	
he	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
they	
Do	
want	
an	
omelette	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
they	
do	
.	
,	
Yes	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
want	
some	
milk?	
-Yes,	
Do	
I do.	
you	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
want	
milk	
some	
.	
I	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
he	
want	
.	
does	
Does	
some salad?	
-Yes, he	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
some	
salad	
.	
wants	
Tom	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
.	
doesn't	
-No, she	
Does	
some salad?	
want	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
juice	
some	
.	
wants	
Vera	
orange	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
wants	
some	
Pepsi	
.	
She	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
pop	
.	
want	
corn	
We	
some	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
want	
some bread?	
they	
do	
.	
-Yes, they	
Do	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
bread	
want	
They	
some	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
an	
ice cream	
.	
does	
want	
He	
not	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
want	
They	
pizza	
a	
not	
do	
.	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
-I	
Who	
do	
.	
an	
wants	
ice cream?	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
does	
-Tom	
Who	
wants	
salad?	
.	
some	

322c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: I want _____ milk.		and an
JOHN: You _____ some milk, too.		wants
JOHN: Jim _____ a hamburger.		an
JOHN: Helen wants _____ omelette.		some
JOHN: They want a hamburger _____ omelette.		want

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Do you want _____ omelette?		wants
MARY: No, I _____ not want an omelette,		want
MARY: I want _____ milk.		does
JOHN: Does Jim _____ some milk?		some
MARY: No, he _____ not want some milk,		an
MARY: He _____ a hamburger.		do

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ I want some milk?		What
MARY: Yes, you _____.		does
JOHN: _____ Helen want an omelette?		want
MARY: Yes, she _____.		Does
JOHN: _____ do we want?		do
MARY: We _____ some milk.		Do

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What _____ Jim want?		She
MARY: He _____ a hamburger.		want
JOHN: What does Helen _____?		They
MARY: _____ wants an omelette		wants
JOHN: What _____ they want?		does
MARY: _____ want a hamburger and an omelette.		do

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ wants some milk?		Helen
MARY: We _____.		wants an
JOHN: Who _____ a hamburger?		does
MARY: Jim _____.		Who
JOHN: Who _____ an omelette?		wants
MARY: _____ does.		do

## unit 323

### The present continuous vocabulary – theory - examples

english	greek
bananas	μπανάνες
behind	πίσω από
boxes	κουτιά
carrying (I'm)	μεταφέρω
climbing (I'm)	σκαρφαλώνω
coming (I'm)	έρχομαι
counting (I'm)	μετρώ
doing (I'm)	κάνω
down	κάτω
drawing (I'm)	σχεδιάζω
drinking (I'm)	πίνω
eating (I'm)	τρώω
falling (I'm)	πέφτω
fishing (I'm)	ψαρεύω
flying (I'm)	πετώ
going (I'm)	πηγαίνω
milk	γάλα
newspaper	εφημερίδα
now	τώρα
reading (I'm)	διαβάζω
running (I'm)	τρέχω
sitting (I'm)	κάθομαι
teeth	δόντια
touching (I'm)	ακουμπώ
walking (I'm)	περπατώ
working (I'm)	εργάζομαι
writing (I'm)	γράφω

greek	english
ακουμπώ	
γάλα	
γράφω	
διαβάζω	
δόντια	
εργάζομαι	
έρχομαι	
εφημερίδα	
κάθομαι	
κάνω	
κάτω	
κουτιά	
μεταφέρω	
μετρώ	
μπανάνες	
περπατώ	
πετώ	
πέφτω	
πηγαίνω	
πίνω	
πίσω από	
σκαρφαλώνω	
σχεδιάζω	
τρέχω	
τρώω	
τώρα	
ψαρεύω	

### ΕΝΕΣΤΩΤΑΣ ΔΙΑΡΚΕΙΑΣ

Ο Ενεστώτας Διαρκείας χρησιμοποιείται για να περιγράψει μια πράξη που γίνεται την ώρα που μιλάμε. Σχηματίζεται με το γνωστό μας βοηθητικό ρήμα **to be** και ένα ρήμα με κατάληξη **-ing**. Η κατάληξη αυτή παραμένει ίδια σε όλα τα πρόσωπα (α', β', γ') και στον ενικό και στον πληθυντικό.

I'm writing a book now.

Γράφω ένα βιβλίο τώρα.

You're reading your newspaper.

Εσύ διαβάζεις την εφημερίδα σου.

He is playing football.

Αυτός παίζει ποδόσφαιρο.

The dog is eating.

Ο σκύλος τρώει.

The children are singing.

Τα παιδιά τραγουδάνε.

### The Present Continuous Tense (Ο Ενεστώτας Διαρκείας)

Κατάφαση

Ερώτηση

Αρνηση

I am (I'm) drinking

Am I drinking?

I am not (I'm not) drinking

You are (You're) drinking

Are you drinking?

You are not (You're not - You aren't) drinking

He is (He's) drinking

Is he drinking?

He is not (He's not - He isn't) drinking

She is (She's) drinking

Is she drinking?

She is not (She's not - She isn't) drinking

It is (It's) drinking

Is it drinking?

It is not (It's not - It isn't) drinking

We are (We're) drinking

Are we drinking?

We are not (We're not - We aren't) drinking

You are (You're) drinking

Are you drinking?

You are not (You're not - You aren't) drinking

They are (They're) drinking

Are they drinking?

They are not (They're not - They aren't) drinking

### YES, I AM / NO, I AM NOT.

Στις σύντομες απαντήσεις με ναι ή όχι χρησιμοποιούμε μόνο τον κατάλληλο τύπο του βοηθητικού ρήματος **to be**.

Is she watching TV now?

Παρακολουθεί αυτή τηλεόραση τώρα;

No, she **isn't**.

Όχι, δεν (παρακολουθεί).

Are they playing football now?

Παίζουν αυτοί ποδόσφαιρο τώρα;

Yes, they **are**.

Ναι, (παίζουν).

## unit 323

### The present continuous e-learning exercises

#### 323a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. What \_\_\_\_ I doing now?



- is                     are  
 am                    have

2. What \_\_\_\_ you doing now?



- have                 is  
 do                     are

3. What \_\_\_\_ he doing now?



- has                    is  
 does                 are

4. What \_\_\_\_\_ she  
doing now?



- is                     are  
 has                    have

5. What \_\_\_\_\_ it doing  
now?



- does                 are  
 is                     has

6. What \_\_\_\_\_ we  
doing now?



- do                     is  
 are                    have

7. What \_\_\_\_\_ you  
doing now?



- have                 is  
 do                     are

8. What are they \_\_\_\_\_  
now?



- have                 do  
 does                 doing

9. I am \_\_\_\_\_.



- running             eating  
 reading             writing

10. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ a  
newspaper.



- reading             eating  
 walking             writing

11. You are \_\_\_\_\_ a  
letter.



- eating               walking  
 writing               drinking

12. You're \_\_\_\_\_ fast.



- drinking             reading  
 eating               running

13. He is \_\_\_\_\_ some milk.



- reading       drinking
- flying         sitting

14. He's \_\_\_\_\_ on a chair.



- fishing         drawing
- sitting         drinking

15. She is \_\_\_\_\_.



- walking         eating
- fishing         drawing

16. She's \_\_\_\_\_.



- writing         walking
- flying         fishing

17. It is \_\_\_\_\_.



- flying         drawing
- running.     walking

18. It's \_\_\_\_\_ water.



- writing         walking
- drinking       sitting

19. We are \_\_\_\_\_.



- eating         drinking
- reading       fishing

20. \_\_\_\_\_ counting the buttons.



- We             We're
- We've         We do

21. You are \_\_\_\_\_ TV.



- climbing       watching
- walking        writing

22. You're \_\_\_\_\_ to school.



- going         riding
- watching     drinking

23. They are \_\_\_\_\_ from school.



- climbing       sitting
- coming        fishing

24. They're \_\_\_\_\_ the boxes.



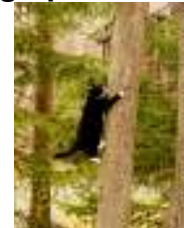
- painting       eating
- running       lifting

25. Julia is \_\_\_\_\_ her toes.



- eating         touching
- sitting         going

26. The cat \_\_\_\_\_ climbing up the tree.



- does           has
- it's            is

27. A. \_\_\_ riding a bicycle? B. Yes, you are.



( ) You are ( ) Am I  
( ) Do I ( ) Have I

28. A. Are you painting the wall? B. No, \_\_\_ not.



( ) I am ( ) he's  
( ) am I. ( ) you're

29. A. Is he drawing a picture? B. Yes, \_\_\_.



( ) he has ( ) he does  
( ) he is ( ) he can

30. A. \_\_\_ cleaning her teeth? B. No, she isn't.



( ) Does she ( ) She is  
( ) Can she ( ) Is she

31. A. \_\_\_ monkey eating bananas? B. Yes, it is.



( ) Does the ( ) Is the  
( ) Is it ( ) It's

32. A. Are we \_\_\_ cards? B. Yes, you are.



( ) playing ( ) going  
( ) eating ( ) coming

33. A. Are you carrying boxes? B. No, we \_\_\_.



( ) haven't ( ) don't  
( ) aren't ( ) can't

34. Are they \_\_\_ or playing?



( ) have ( ) work  
work  
( ) do work ( ) working

35. A. Is Christine running behind Helen? B. Yes, she \_\_\_.



( ) does ( ) has  
( ) is ( ) running

36. A. \_\_\_ the apple falling down?



B. No, it isn't.  
( ) Can ( ) Does  
( ) Has ( ) Is

### 323b. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
What	
doing	
now	
are	
?	
you	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
doing	
?	
am	
I	
What	
now	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
now	
doing	
What	
?	
she	
is	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
now	
?	
is	
it	
What	
doing	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
now	
What	
is	
doing	
he	
?	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
we	
What	
now	
?	
doing	
are	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
What	
now	
are	
doing	
you	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
now	
they	
?	
What	
doing	
are	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
eating	
am	
I	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
a	
newspaper	
reading	
I'm	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
letter	
a	
are	
.	
writing	
You	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
fast	
You're	
running	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
milk	
.	
is	
He	
drinking	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
on	
a	
He's	
sitting	
.	
chair	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
drawing	
is	
She	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
walking	
She	
's	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
flying	
is	
It	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
drinking	
It	
's	
.	
water	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
We	
fishing	
.	
are	

20. :

Choice	Correct Order
buttons	
We're	
.	
counting	
the	

21. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
are	
TV	
watching	
You	

22. :

Choice	Correct Order
to	
.	
school	
going	
You're	

23. :

Choice	Correct Order
coming	
They	
school	
from	
are	
.	

24. :

Choice	Correct Order
boxes	
.	
lifting	
They're	
the	

25. :

Choice	Correct Order
toes	
touching	
.	
is	
her	
Julia	

26. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
tree.	
up	
the	
The	
climbing	
cat	

27. :

Choice	Correct Order
riding	
?	
a	
I	
Am	
bicycle	

28. :

Choice	Correct Order
.	
-Yes	
,	
you	
are	

29. :

Choice	Correct Order
the	
painting	
wall	
?	
Are	
you	

30. :

Choice	Correct Order
am	
.	
,	
I	
No	
not	

31. :

Choice	Correct Order
he	
picture	
a	
Is	
?	
drawing	

32. :

Choice	Correct Order
is	
.	
Yes	
he	
,	

33. :

Choice	Correct Order
her	
?	
teeth	
cleaning	
she	
Is	

34. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
No	
isn't	
.	
,	

35. :

Choice	Correct Order
eating	
bananas	
?	
Is	
the	
monkey	

36. :

Choice	Correct Order
,	
Yes	
is	
.	
it	

37. :

Choice	Correct Order
are	
cards?	
Are	
playing	
.	
we	
-Yes, you	

38. :

Choice	Correct Order
not.	
Are	
you	
are	
boxes?	
-No, we	
carrying	

39. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
Are	
playing	
working or	
they	

40. :

Choice	Correct Order
Helen?	
-Yes,	
is.	
behind	
Christine	
running	
Is	
she	

41. :

Choice	Correct Order
the apple	
down?	
-No,	
it	
isn't.	
falling	
Is	

### 323c. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΕΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Look _____ this film.		is
JOHN: I _____ playing football.		are
JOHN: Jim _____ playing football, too.		watching
JOHN: You _____ watching the game.		at
JOHN: Helen's _____ the game, too.		not watching
JOHN: Anna's _____ the game.		am

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: She is _____ a newspaper.		I
JOHN: A helicopter is _____ in the sky.		watching
JOHN: Am I _____ the game?		you
MARY: No, you _____ watching the game, you are playing.		flying
JOHN: Are _____ playing?		reading
MARY: No, _____ am not.		are not

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is Jim _____ ?		She
MARY: Yes, _____ is.		Is
JOHN: _____ Helen playing?		she
MARY: No, _____ is not playing.		playing
MARY: _____ is watching the game.		he

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Is _____ reading a newspaper?		What
MARY: Yes, _____.		is
JOHN: _____ is reading a newspaper?		reading
MARY: Anna _____.		Who
JOHN: _____ is Anna doing?		she is
MARY: She is _____ a newspaper.		Anna

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What are you _____ ?		is
MARY: I _____ watching the game.		aren't
JOHN: _____ Helen and Anna playing football?		Is
MARY: No, they _____.		Are
JOHN: _____ the helicopter flying in the sky?		doing
MARY: Yes, it _____.		am

**unit 324**  
**The simple present**  
**vocabulary – theory - examples**

english	greek
beach	παραλία
brush	βούρτσα
cats	γάτες
day	ημέρα
Friday	Παρασκευή
horses	άλογα
Monday	Δευτέρα
music	μουσική
Saturday	Σάββατο
Sunday	Κυριακή
visit	επισκέπτομαι
wake	ξυπνώ
weekend	Σαββατοκύριακο

greek	english
άλογα	
βούρτσα	
γάτες	
Δευτέρα	
επισκέπτομαι	
ημέρα	
Κυριακή	
μουσική	
ξυπνώ	
παραλία	
Παρασκευή	
Σάββατο	
Σαββατοκύριακο	

**The simple Present Tense (Ο Απλός Ενεστώτας Χρόνος)**

Ο Απλός Ενεστώτας Χρόνος ενός ρήματος χρησιμοποιείται όταν θέλουμε να περιγράψουμε μια πράξη που επαναλαμβάνεται τακτικά ή μια γενική αλήθεια.

I **play** football every Sunday.

Παίζω ποδόσφαιρο κάθε Κυριακή

They **go** to school every day.

Πάνε σχολείο κάθε μέρα.

I **like** tennis very much.

Μου αρέσει το τένις πάρα πολύ.

**ΚΑΤΑΛΗΞΗ -S ΣΤΟ Γ' ΕΝΙΚΟ ΠΡΟΣΩΠΟ.**

Ο Απλός Ενεστώτας Χρόνος ενός ρήματος δεν παίρνει καμιά κατάληξη εκτός από το γ' ενικό (**he - she - it**) πρόσωπο στην κατάφαση όπου παίρνει την κατάληξη **-s**, π.χ. εγώ παίζω = I **play**\_ , αυτή παίζει = **she plays**\_.

He **gets** up early.

Αυτός σηκώνεται νωρίς.

She **has** dinner at eight.

Αυτή τρώει δείπνο στις 8.

A tiger **runs** very fast.

Μια τίγρης τρέχει πολύ γρήγορα.

## DO, DOES

Για να κάνουμε ερώτηση και άρνηση θα χρησιμοποιήσουμε μπροστά από το κύριο ρήμα (π.χ. **play**) το βοηθητικό ρήμα **to do** που παίρνει την κατάληξη **-es** στο γ' ενικό (**he - she - it**) πρόσωπο και γίνεται **does**. Τότε χάνεται η κατάληξη **-s** του γ' ενικού από το κύριο ρήμα, π.χ. παίζω εγώ ...; = **Do I play\_ ...?**, παίζει αυτή ...; = **Does she play\_ ...?** Αυτός δεν παίζει = **He does not play\_**

Do you like music?

Σου αρέσει η μουσική;

**Does** Ann like\_ music?

Αρέσει στην Ανν η μουσική;

**Does** the baby go\_ to school?

Το μωρό πάει σχολείο;

## Ο Απλός Ενεστώτας Χρόνος του ρήματος to drink.

Κατάφαση	Ερώτηση	Άρνηση
I drink	Do I drink?	I do not drink (I don't drink)
You drink	Do you drink?	You do not drink (You don't drink)
He drinks	Does he drink_?	He does not drink_ (He doesn't drink_)
She drinks	Does she drink_?	She does not drink_ (She doesn't drink_)
It drinks	Does it drink_?	It does not drink_ (It doesn't drink_)
We drink	Do we drink?	We do not drink (We don't drink)
You drink	Do you drink?	You do not drink (You don't drink)
They drink	Do they drink?	They do not drink (They don't drink)

## YES, I DO / NO, I DON'T / YES, HE DOES / NO, HE DOESN'T

Σε σύντομες απαντήσεις με ναι ή όχι χρησιμοποιούμε μόνο τον κατάλληλο τύπο του βοηθητικού ρήματος **to do**.

Do you go to school every day?

Πηγαίνεις σχολείο κάθε μέρα;

**Yes, I do.**

Ναι, (πηγαίνω).

Does she like music?

Της αρέσει η μουσική;

**No, she doesn't.**

Όχι, δεν (της αρέσει).

Do they work every Sunday?

Δουλεύουν αυτοί κάθε Κυριακή;

**No, they don't.**

Όχι, δεν (δουλεύουν).

## unit 324

### The simple present e-learning exercises

#### 324a. ΚΑΝΤΕ ΚΛΙΚ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΕΠΙΛΟΓΗ.

1. What time \_\_\_\_\_  
you get up?



- are             have  
 do             does

2. What time does he  
\_\_\_\_\_ breakfast?



- has             eating  
 having         have

3. What time does she  
\_\_\_\_\_ to school?



- going         go  
 does         has

4. What time \_\_\_\_\_ we  
go to bed?



- do             have  
 are             does

5. What time \_\_\_\_\_ go  
to work?



- they do       do  
 do they       they

6. I \_\_\_\_\_ up at seven  
o'clock.



- getting       have  
 do             get

7. Mr Green \_\_\_\_\_ his  
mother every Sunday.



- visit         visits  
 visiting      is visit

8. The girls \_\_\_\_\_  
tennis every Saturday.



- playing      plays  
 play         has

9. A. \_\_\_\_\_ like pop  
music? B. Yes, I do.



- Have you     Are you  
 Do you       Do

10. A. Does he like cats?  
B. No, he \_\_\_\_\_.



- isn't         likes not  
 not likes     doesn't

11. A. Do \_\_\_\_\_ horses?  
B. Yes, they do.



- like they     they like.  
 the like      like the

12. \_\_\_\_\_ a monkey  
like bananas?



- Does         Is  
 Do            Has

13. What \_\_\_\_\_ you do at the weekend, Mark?



- ( )is ( )are  
( )does ( )do

14. \_\_\_\_\_ Carol do at work, Simon?



- ( )Who is ( )What does  
( )What ( )Does what

15. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach at the weekend?



- ( )go ( )goes  
( )are ( )going

16. Does \_\_\_\_\_ her teeth every morning?



- ( )she does ( )she brushes  
( )brushing ( )she brush

17. I like football but I \_\_\_\_\_ like baseball.



- ( )isn't ( )don't  
( )haven't ( )am not

18. He \_\_\_\_\_ from Monday to Friday.



- ( )works ( )have work  
( )working ( )having work

19. She doesn't \_\_\_\_\_ at the weekend.



- ( )has work ( )works  
( )working ( )work

324b. ΣΥΠΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΒΑΛΤΕ ΣΤΗ ΣΩΣΤΗ ΣΕΙΡΑ.

1. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
What	
?	
time	
do	
get	
up	

2. :

Choice	Correct Order
he	
does	
What	
have	
breakfast	
?	
time	

3. :

Choice	Correct Order
does	
go	
she	
What	
to	
school?	
time	

4. :

Choice	Correct Order
to	
do	
we	
go	
time	
bed?	
What	

5. :

Choice	Correct Order
work?	
they	
to	
do	
time	
go	
What	

6. :

Choice	Correct Order
seven	
up	
o'clock	
.	
at	
get	
l	

7. :

Choice	Correct Order
Sunday	
mother	
every	
visits	
.	
Mr Green	
his	

8. :

Choice	Correct Order
tennis	
play	
girls	
Saturday	
.	
The	
every	

9. :

Choice	Correct Order
-Yes,	
pop music?	
Do	
I do.	
like	
you	

10. :

Choice	Correct Order
like	
Does	
-No, he	
doesn't.	
he	
cats?	

11. :

Choice	Correct Order
do.	
Do	
-Yes, they	
like	
horses?	
they	

12. :

Choice	Correct Order
?	
Does	
like	
monkey	
a	
bananas	

13. :

Choice	Correct Order
weekend,	
at	
do	
Mark?	
What	
the	
you do	

14. :

Choice	Correct Order
do	
at	
does	
Carol	
work,	
Simon?	
What	

15. :

Choice	Correct Order
you	
to the beach	
Do	
weekend	
?	
go	
at the	

16. :

Choice	Correct Order
she	
Does	
?	
every morning	
her	
teeth	
brush	

17. :

Choice	Correct Order
baseball.	
I like	
football	
but I	
do	
not	
like	

18. :

Choice	Correct Order
works	
from	
Monday	
He	
.	
to Friday	

19. :

Choice	Correct Order
weekend.	
the	
doesn't	
She	
at	
work	

### 324c. ΣΥΡΤΕ ΚΑΙ ΤΑΙΡΙΑΞΤΕ.

1.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Every day, my brother Jim, my sister Anna and I _____ up at 8 o'clock.		does
JOHN: Then I _____ to school.		stays
JOHN: Anna _____ to work.		do
JOHN: Jim _____ at home.		goes
JOHN: At the weekend, I _____ not go to school.		get
JOHN: At the weekend, Anna _____ not go to work.		go

2.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: We stay at home _____ visit our aunt in the country.		don't go
JOHN: _____ stay at home every day?		you don't
MARY: No, _____.		I go
JOHN: Do _____ to work?		or we
MARY: No, you _____ to work.		Do I

3.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: Do _____ to school?		Does she
MARY: Yes, _____.		she doesn't
JOHN: _____ Anna get up at six o'clock?		she does
MARY: No, _____.		Does
JOHN: _____ get up at eight o'clock?		you do
MARY: Yes, _____.		I go

4.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ and Jim go to school?		Who stays
MARY: No, they _____.		Jim does
JOHN: What _____ do every day?		He stays
MARY: _____ at home.		Do Anna
JOHN: _____ at home every day?		don't
MARY: _____.		does Jim

5.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: What does Anna _____ every day?		goes to
MARY: She _____ to work.		does
JOHN: Who _____ work every day?		goes
MARY: Anna _____.		do

6.

Choice	Correct Match	Match
JOHN: _____ to school every day?		you do
MARY: _____.		I stay
JOHN: What do _____ at the weekend?		You do
MARY: _____ at home.		Who goes